

**My
Friend**
Journey



Journey Connect Plus

**2nd
Primary**



First Term

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Parent's guide



Introduction to the Guide

This Parent's Guide: is carefully designed to develop the child's language skills (listening, speaking, reading and writing) through fun activities, songs and simple mini-dialogues. It aims to provide first primary students with the tools they need to develop their knowledge and practise of the English language through understanding of themselves and the environment around them.

هذا الدليل صمم بعناية ودقة لتنمية مهارات الطفل اللغوية (الاستماع، التحدث، القراءة والكتابة) من خلال أنشطة مرحة وأغاني وحوارات صغيرة مبسطة. يهدف إلى إمداد تلاميذ الصف الأول الابتدائي بالأدوات التي يحتاجونها لتطوير معرفتهم وممارسة اللغة الإنجليزية من خلال فهمهم لأنفسهم والبيئة المحيطة بهم، ليس بديلاً عن الكتاب المدرسي ولكنه مصاحب له.

The aim of the guide

This Parent's Guide: includes values such as: honesty, cooperation, politeness, respect and independence within different activities, photos and songs.

هذا الدليل يحتوى على بعض القيم مثل: الصدق، التعاون، الأدب، الاحترام والاستقلال عن طريق أنشطة وأغاني وصور مختلفة.

This Parent's Guide: developed life skills, such as participation , communication, creativity, critical thinking, problem solving and pair work through different activities and projects.

يهدف إلى تطوير المهارات الحياتية مثل: المشاركة، التواصل، الإبداع، التفكير النقدي، حل المشكلات والعمل الثنائي والجماعي من خلال أنشطة ومشروعات مختلفة.

Philosophy Guide

- Activities on vocabulary, language functions and phonics, including listening, speaking, reading, tracing, matching, coloring and writing tasks.
 - أنشطة تشمل على المفردات اللغوية، الوظائف اللغوية، الصوتيات والتى تشمل على: الاستماع، التحدث، القراءة، التتبع، التوصيل، التلوين ومهام الكتابة.
- Activities on different life skills, values and issues, including listening, speaking, reading, acting as instructed and drawing tasks.
 - أنشطة فى المهارات الحياتية المختلفة، والقيم والقضايا والتى تشمل: الاستماع، التحدث، القراءة، القيام بمهام فنية وتمثيلية موجهة.
- Activities on other curriculum parts, with a focus on Math, Science Art, and Social Studies, including counting, matching, drawing and collecting pictures tasks.
 - أنشطة على أجزاء المناهج الدراسية الأخرى، مع التركيز على الرياضيات، العلوم، الرسم والدراسات الاجتماعية، متضمنة منها العد والتوصيل والرسم وتجميع الصور.

Topics

م الموضوعات الدليل	الموضوع
• أفراد الأسرة	Family members
• تمارين صحية	Healthy exercises
• وظائف مختلفة	Different jobs
• الليل والنهار	Night and day
• حيوانات	Animals
• آثار	Monuments



Letters Time



Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee

Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj

Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo

Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt

Uu Vv Ww

Xx Yy Zz



Numbers Time



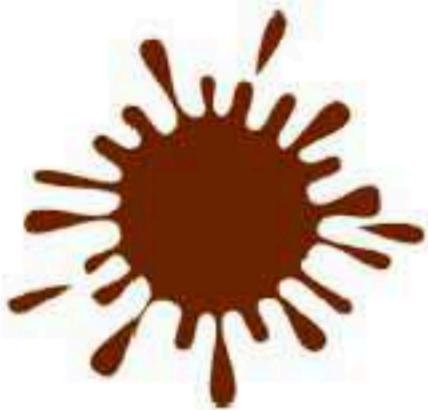
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

10 11 12 13 14 15

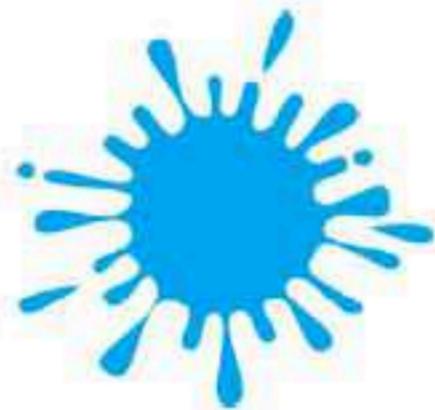
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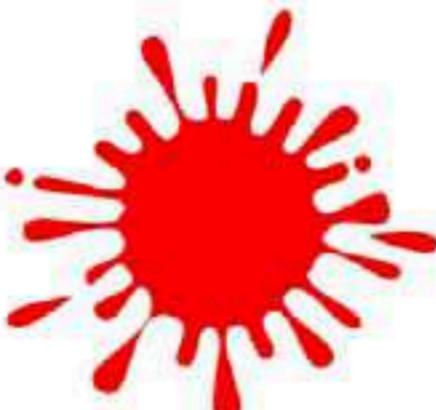
Colors Time



brown
بني



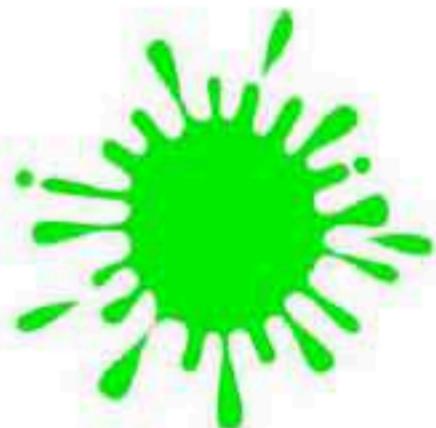
blue
أزرق



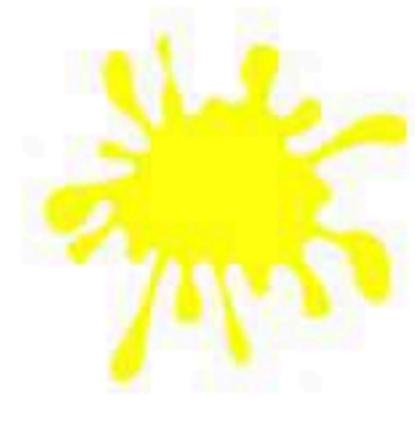
red
أحمر



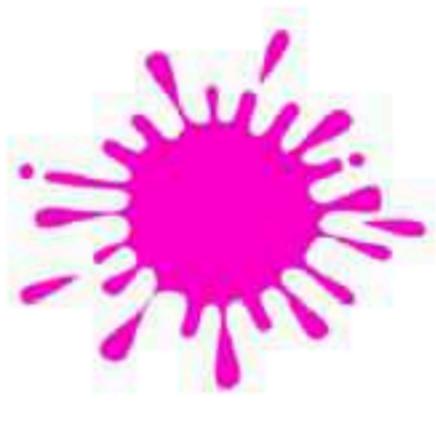
orange
برتقالي



green
أخضر



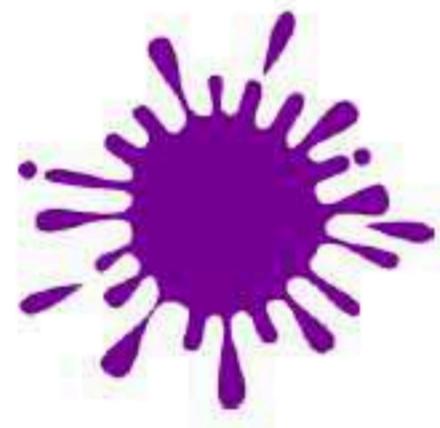
yellow
أصفر



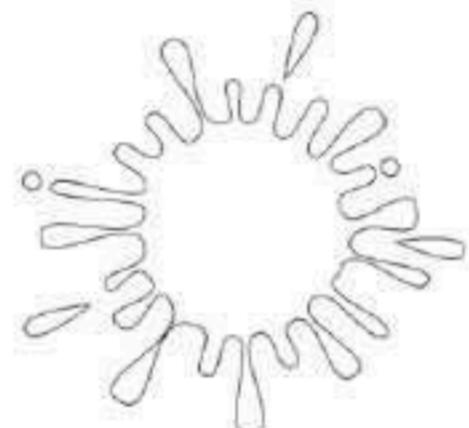
pink
وردي



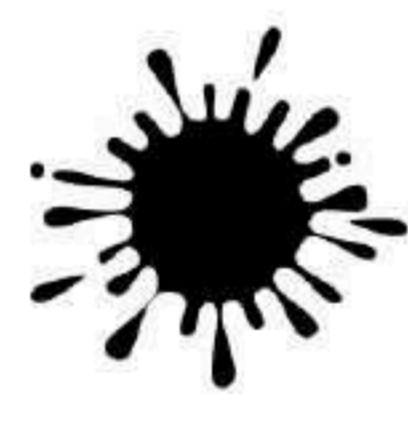
gray
رمادي



purple
بنفسجي



white
أبيض



black
أسود





Let's Remember



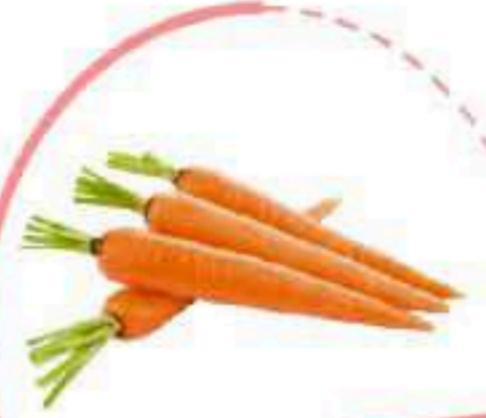
دعنا نتذكّر.

Vocabulary



Listen and say.

food



carrot



potato



date



banana



apple



cake

jobs



engineer



chef



mechanic



dentist



nurse



farmer

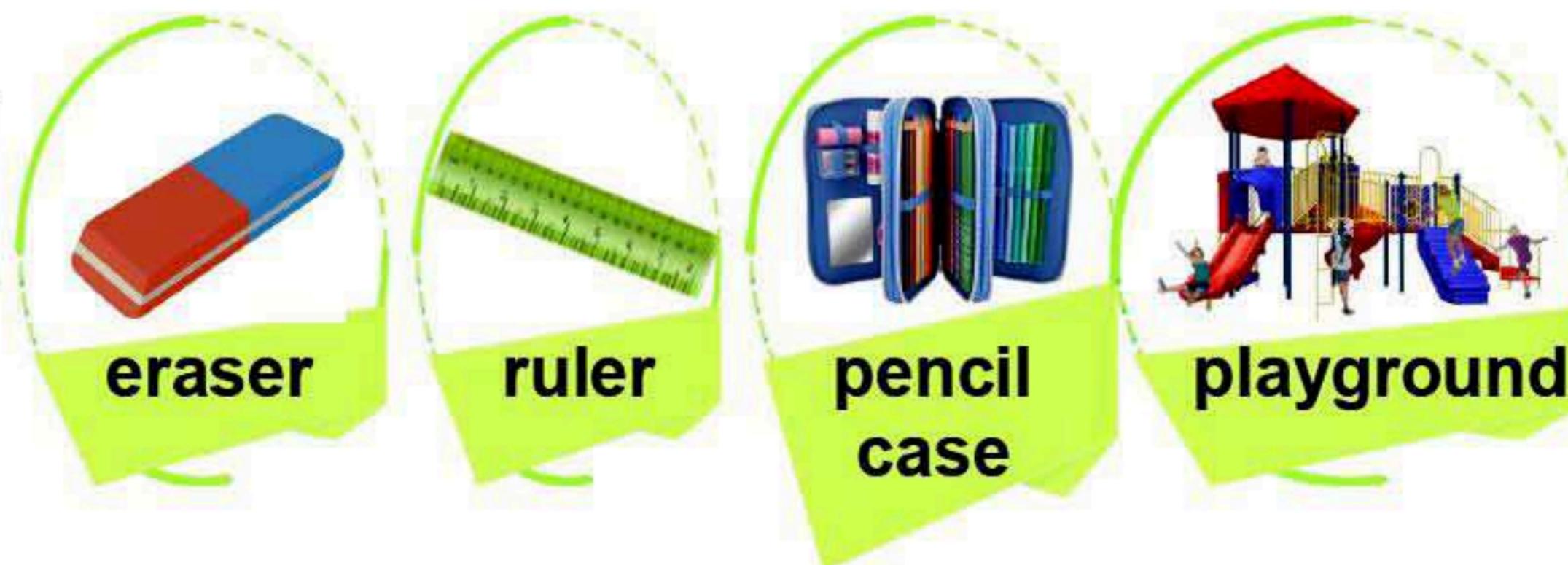
transport



Clothes



School

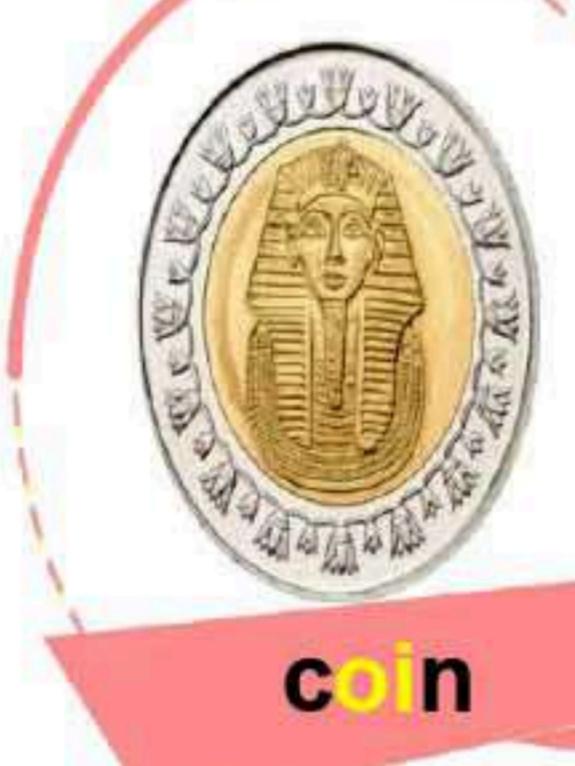


Sports



Phonics

ir or sh ai oi i-e ch ee



coin



shirt



ship



kite



chair



farmer



cake



tree



rain

Language functions

Can I have?

عند طلب شيء نستخدم:



Yes, here you are.
نعم، افضل.

عند الرد نقول (نعم، افضل):
Yes, here you are.

Can I have six apples?
هل أستطيع الحصول على 6 تفاحات؟

What's this?

عند السؤال عن شيء لا نعرفه نقول (ما هذا؟):



What's this?
ما هذه؟

و عند الرد نقول (انه يكون):
It's a/ an

It's a car.
انها سيارة.

عند السؤال عما نستطيع رؤيته نقول (ماذا تستطيع أن ترى؟):

What can you see?

What can you see?
ماذا تستطيع أن ترى؟



و عند الرد نقول (أستطيع أن أرى)
I can see a/ an

I can see a car.
أستطيع أن أرى سيارة.

عند السؤال عما تحب. تقول: ماذا تحب أن تفعل؟

What do you like doing?

I like riding.

أنا أحب ركوب الدراجة.



وعند الرد تقول: أنا أحب

I like

عند السؤال عن إذا كان لديك أخت - أخ، تقول:

Do you have a sister/ brother?

I have one brother.

أنا لدى أخ واحد.



عند الرد تقول:

Yes, I have

sisters/ brothers

نعم ، لدى أخت، أخ.

No, I have

عند السؤال عن أين تعيش، تقول: أين تعيش؟

Where do you live?

I live in Alexandria.

أنا أعيش في الإسكندرية.



وعند الرد تقول: أنا أعيش في

I live in

Practice

1

Underline the correct words in brackets:

1. Where do you (like - live - do)?
2. What (are - have - can) you see?
3. Can I (here - have - has) two apples?
4. Can I have an orange? Yes, (her - here - hers) you are.
5. What's (this - those - these)?
6. (Which - What - Where) do you live?
7. (Does - Can - Is) I have an orange?
8. (What - Where - Which) can you see?

2

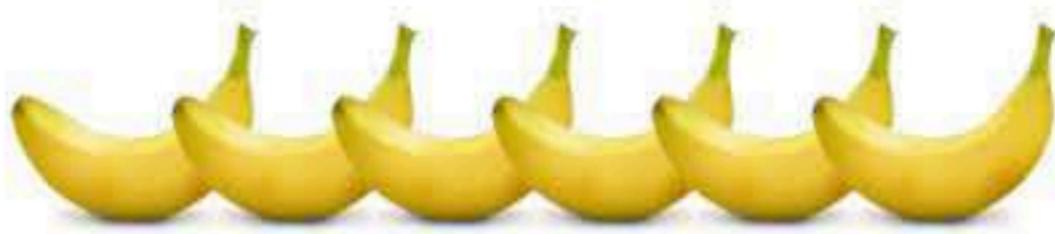
Read and match.

1. Can I have four apples?
a. It's a chair.
2. What's this?
b. I like swimming.
3. What do you like doing?
c. Yes, here you are.
4. What can you see?
d. No, I have two sisters.
5. Do you have a brother?
e. I can see a lion.

3 Look and write.



I like



I have bananas.



It's a



These are three

4 Supply the missing letters.



sh _ t



c _ n



ra _ n _



c _ rr _ ts



m _ ch _ nic



er _ _ er



d _ t _ s



f _ rm _ r



p _ ncil c _ se

5 Circle the correct word.

1.



ship

chair

chain

2.



train

plane

bus

3.



market

street

school

6 **Read and match.**

1. Where do	a. can you see?
2. What	b. have a sister?
3. Do you	c. you live?

7 **Read and complete.**

painting - Where - old - doing - seven - live

1. How are you?
2. do you live?
3. I in Luxor.
4. I'm
5. What do you like?
6. I like pictures.

8 **Circle the words with the same sounds.**

1. ship - short - chair
2. make - cake - pear
3. sea - shop - tree
4. cloudy - throw - shout
5. like - ship - bike



Unit (١)

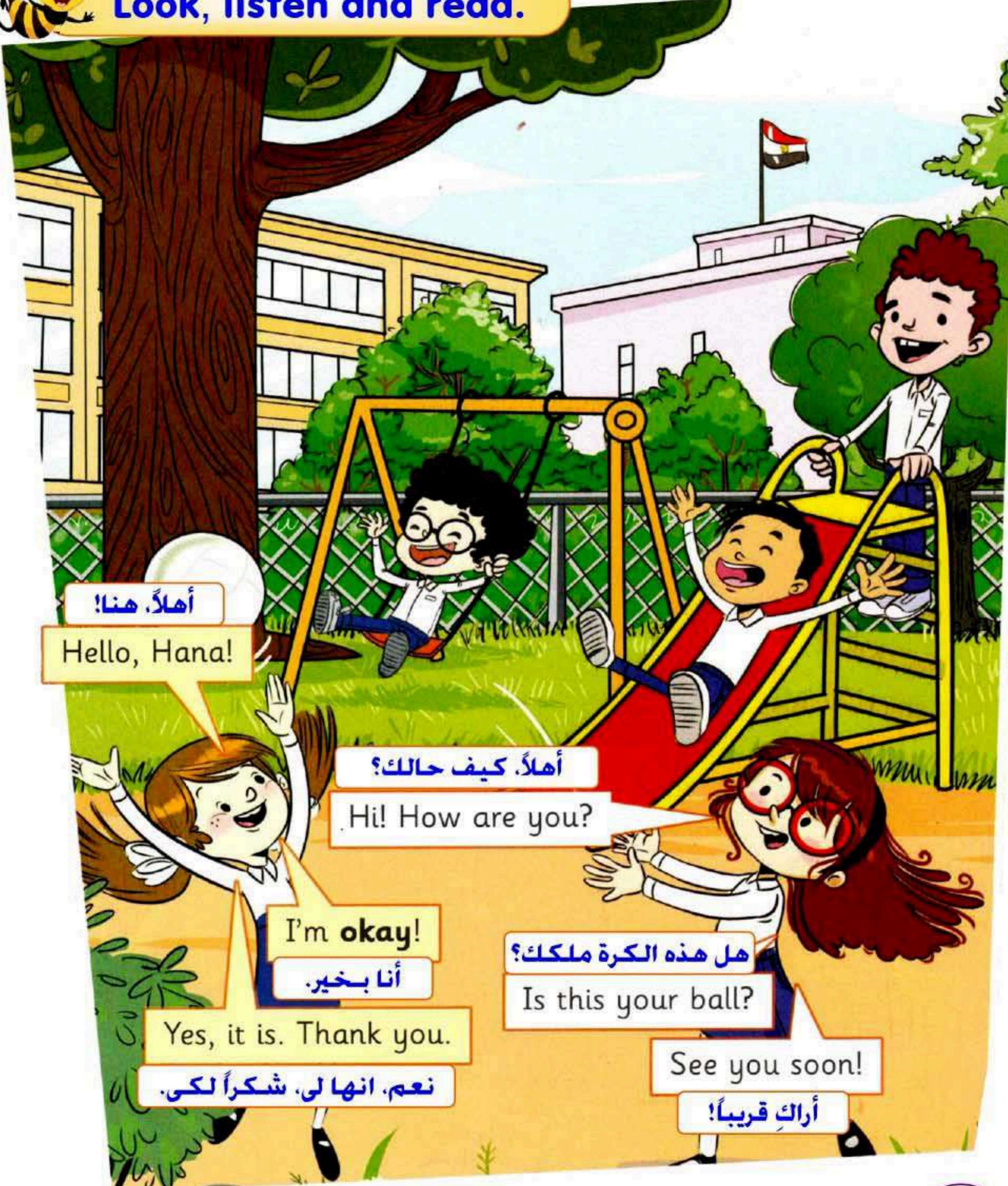
Ready, get set, go!

تجهز، استعد، انطلق!

Vocabulary



Look, listen and read.



Vocabulary

breakfast	فطار	مساء الخير
lunch	غداء	تصبح على خير
go home	يذهب للمنزل	صباح الخير
ready	جاهز - مستعد	مساء الخير (بين الظهر والمغرب)
get set	يتأهب	أراك قريباً.
Hi!	أهلاً، مرحباً!	شكرا لك.
How are you?	كيف حالك؟	
I'm fine.	أنا بخير.	سيدة - أستاذة



Look, listen and say.

It's 7 am. It's time for school.

Good morning, Hany. How are you?

صباح الخير يا هانى. كيف حالك؟



Good morning, Mrs Sara.

صباح الخير يا أستاذة سارة.

I'm fine. Thank you.

أنا بخير. شكرًا لك.

عند تخيّة شخص في الصباح. إنها السابعة صباحاً.

It's 2:30 pm. It's time to go home.



Good afternoon, Youssef.
How are you?

مساء الخير يا يوسف. كيف حالك؟



Good afternoon, Mrs Mona.
مساء الخير يا أستاذة منى.

I'm fine. Thank you.

أنا بخير، شكرًا لك.

عند تخيّة شخص وقت الظهيرة إنها الثانية والنصف بعد الظهر

It's 7 pm. Dad has arrived home from work.



Good evening, Hana. How are you?

مساء الخير يا هنا. كيف حالك؟

Good evening, Mr Ahmed.

مساء الخير يا أستاذ أحمد.

I'm fine. Thank you.



عند تخيّة شخص وقت المساء إنها السابعة مساءً



Look and complete.



Good m _____, Mrs Mona.



Good m _____, Ibrahim.
How are you?

I'm fine, thank you. See you soon.



Good a _____ n, Hana.
How are you?



Good a _____ n.
I'm fine, thank you. See you soon.

See you soon.



Look and complete.

is it - are you - Hello - Is this - soon - okay



_____, Nashwa!



Hi, Mariam. How _____?



I'm _____.



_____ your kite?



Yes, _____ Thank you.



See you _____.



language use

I get up at seven o'clock.

أنا أستيقظ في السابعة صباحاً.



I eat my breakfast at half past seven.

أنا أتناول وجبة الإفطار في السابعة والنصف.



I walk to school with my mom
at eight o'clock.

أنا أسير إلى المدرسة مع أمي في الثامنة بالضبط.



I have lunch at one o'clock.

I eat sandwiches and I drink water.

أنا أتناول الغداء في الواحدة تماماً ظهراً، أتناول سندوتشات وأشرب ماءً.



I play tennis after school
at half past four.

أنا ألعب التنس بعد المدرسة في الرابعة والنصف عصراً.



I go home at half past five.

I ride my bike.

أنا أذهب إلى المنزل في الخامسة والنصف،

أنا أقود دراجتي.



Grammar

Present Simple

زمن المضارع البسيط

الضمائر

he/ she/ it

والاسم المفرد

I/ we/ you/ they

والاسم الجمع

Form

يتكون من

بإضافة s أو es

يضاف للفعل (es)

إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بـ

(o, x, ss, s, ch, sh)

He gets up early.

I get up early.

She gets up early.

We get up early.

It gets up early.

They get up early.

Ali/ Soha gets up early.

You get up early.

النفي

doesn't

don't

ويأتي بعدها الفعل في المصدر

He doesn't get up early. You don't get up early.

السؤال

Does...?

ويأتي بعدها الفاعل

ثم الفعل في المصدر

- Does...?

ويأتي بعدها الفاعل

ثم الفعل في المصدر

Does he get up early? Do you get up early?

الإجابة على
السؤال

Yes, does.

No, doesn't.

Yes, do.

No, don't.



Look and read.

I get up at six o'clock. I eat my breakfast at half past six. I walk to school at half past seven. I have lunch at one o'clock. I play tennis at half past four. I go home at half past five.



Read and put (✓) or (✗).

I go home at seven o'clock.

I get up at six o'clock.

I play tennis at half past four.

I eat my breakfast at half past three.

I have lunch at one o'clock.

I walk to school at nine o'clock.



Read and complete with (does - doesn't).

1. Does Amira have breakfast at seven o'clock?

No, she

2. Does She have lunch at one o'clock?

Yes, she

3. Does she play tennis at half past there?

No, she

4. Does she go home at half past five?

Yes, she

Activities

on lessons 1,2,3

1 Look and complete.

fine - it is - are you - Hello - Is this - soon



Hello, Hany!



..... Noha! How?



I'm



..... your book?



Yes, Thank you.



See you!



2 Read and match.

1. Hello, Wael!

a. I live in Giza.

2. How are you?

b. Good afternoon.

3. Is this your kite?

c. Hi, Youssef.

4. Where do you live?

d. I'm fine.

e. Yes, it is.

3

Underline the correct words in brackets.

1. Do you get (**at - up - under**) at seven o'clock?
2. (**Bad - Good - Fast**) morning, Hany!
3. It's 2:30 pm. It's time to (**fly - eat - go**) home.
4. I eat my breakfast at half (**to - past - pest**) seven.
5. He (**ride - rides - riding**) his bike to school.
6. We (**get - gets - getting**) up at half past six.
7. (**Do - Does - Doing**) she have breakfast at night o'clock?
8. Does he eat sandwiches at 2:00?
No, he (**do - does - doesn't**).

4

Supply the missing letters.



m_rn_ng



br_kfast



b_k_



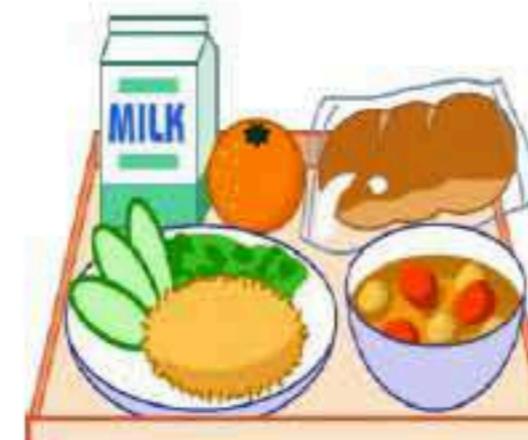
ev_n_ng



aftern__n



w_t_r



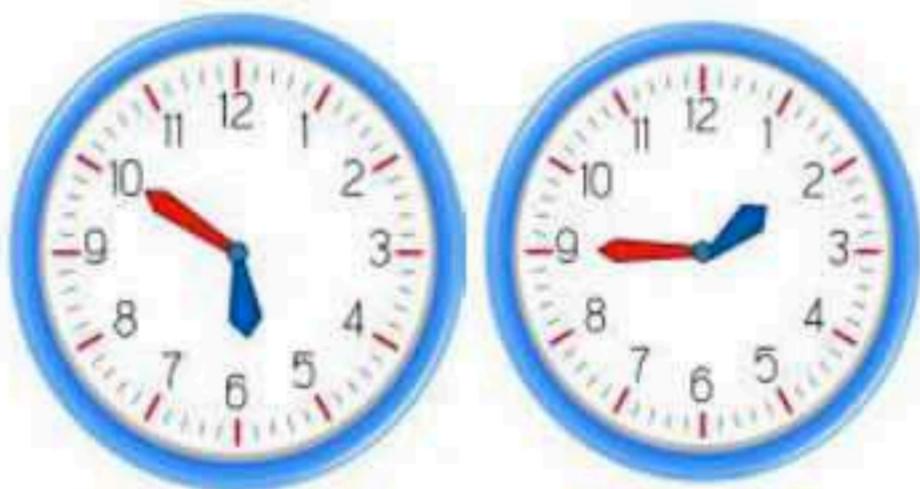
l__ch



s_ndw_ch

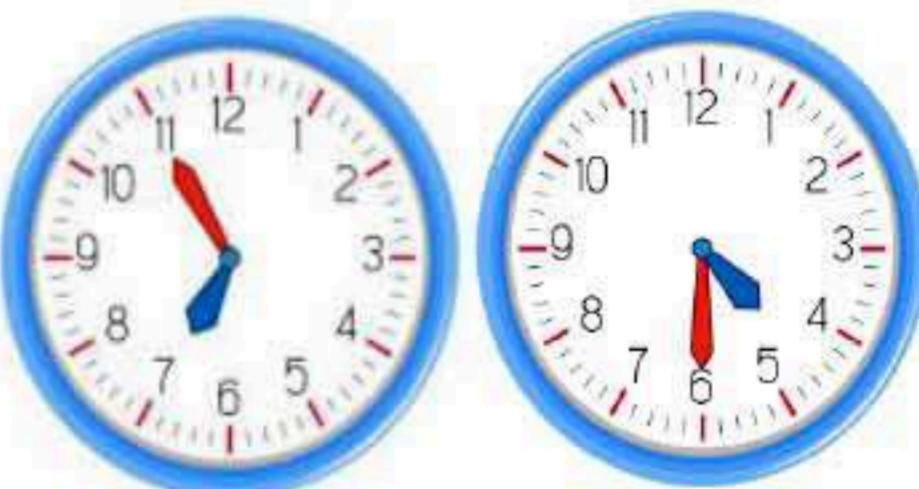
5 Look and circle.

1.



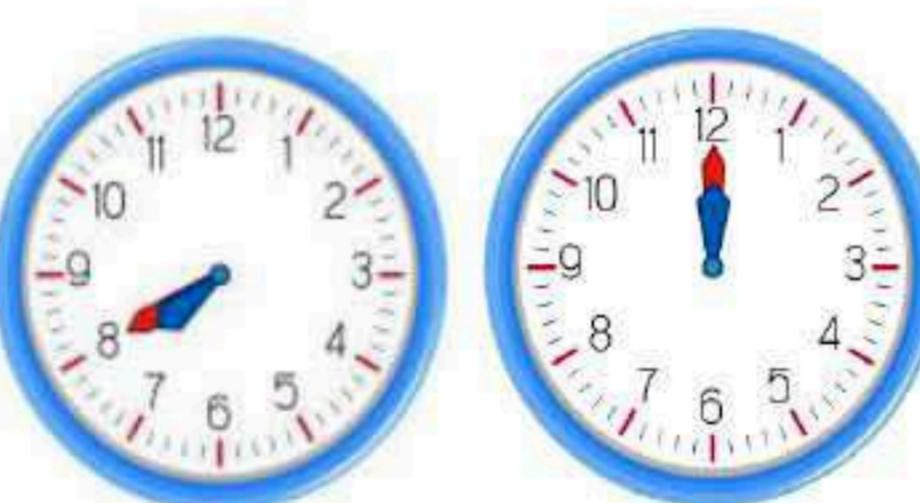
Good morning

2.



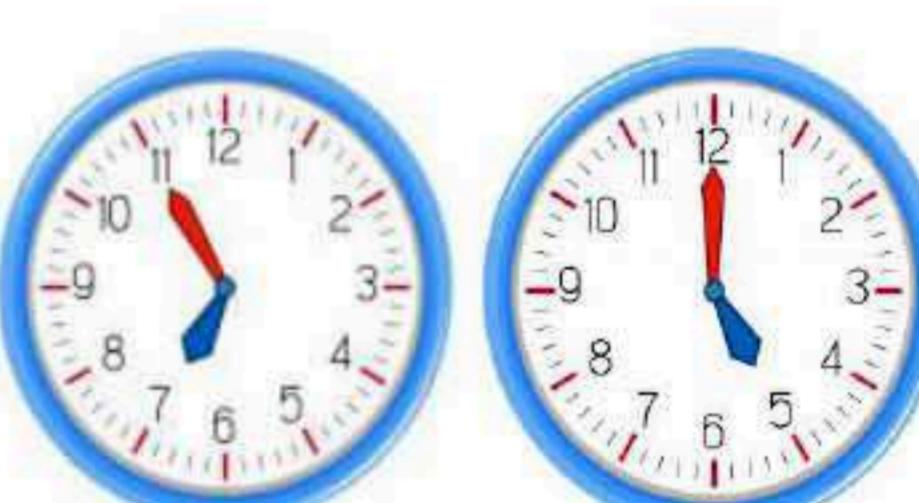
Good afternoon

3.



Good night

4.



Good evening

6 Reading comprehension. Read and mark (✓) or (✗).

Every day, Ahmed gets up at six o'clock. He has breakfast at seven o'clock. He goes to school at eight o'clock. He goes back home at two o'clock. He has dinner at nine o'clock. He goes to bed at ten o'clock.

1. Ahmed gets up at nine o'clock. ()
2. He has breakfast at seven o'clock. ()
3. Ahmed goes back home at two o'clock. ()
4. He goes to bed at ten o'clock. ()

Math

Let's count and tell time.



Look, read and say.

عند السؤال عن الوقت:

What's the time?

ما الساعة؟ ما الوقت؟

عند الرد نقول:

It's

انها تكون

It's nine o'clock.

It's half past two.



It's 7 am.



It's 2 pm.



It's 7 pm.



It's 10 pm.

What

TIME



Look and say.



It's two twenty.

What's the time?

It's eight o'clock.





Count to one hundred.

10

ten

20

twenty

30

thirty

40

forty

50

fifty

60

sixty

70

seventy

80

eighty

90

ninety

100

hundred

10

20

30

40

50

60

70

80

90

100

Vocabulary



Look, listen and read.

My name is Daila. These are my parents. My mom has curly, brown hair. My dad has short, black hair.



These are my grandparents. My grandma and grandpa have gray hair. My grandpa is tall. My grandma wears glasses.

My grandparents have five grandchildren. I have one brother and one sister. I have two baby cousins!

Vocabulary

parents	الوالدين	الآباء والأمهات
magazine	مجلة	مجلة
curly hair	شعر مجعد	شعر مجعد
brown	بني	بني
black	أسود	أسود
sister	أخت	أخت
brother	أخ	أخ
grandparents	الآباء والأمهات	الآباء والأمهات
grandpa	الجد	الجد
grandma	الجدة	الجدة
grand children	أحفاد	أحفاد
baby	طفل رضيع	طفل رضيع
cousins	أبناء العم أو الخال أو العممة أو الخالة	أبناء العم أو الخال أو العممة أو الخالة



Look and write.

These are my



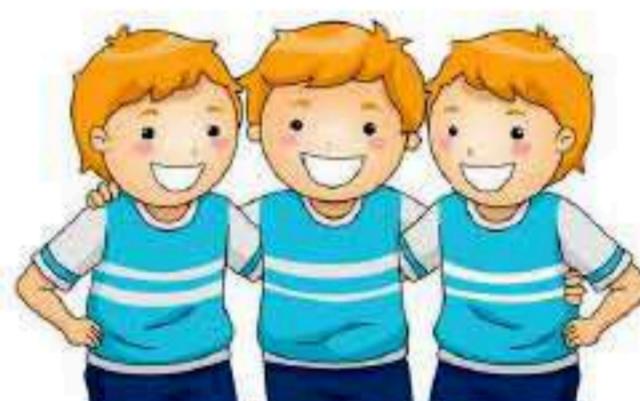
These are my



These are my and



These are my



Look and write Yes or No.

1. Dalia has one sister.
2. She has two cousins.
3. Her parents both have black hair.
4. Her grandad has white hair.
5. Her grandparents have five grandchildren.

Reading and speaking

Present continuous tense.

زمن المضارع المستمر

Subject + (am / is / are) + verb + ing

I	am	v.+ ing
He		
She	is	v.+ ing
It		
Singular	اسم مفرد	
We		
They		
You	are	v.+ ing
Plural	اسم جمع	

What is he doing?

ماذا هو يفعل ؟



He is playing the piano.

هو يعزف البيانو.

What are you doing?

ماذا تفعل ؟

I'm reading a book.

أنا أقرأ كتاب.



What are they doing?

ماذا يفعلون؟

They are listening to music.

هم يستمعون إلى الموسيقى .





Look, read and complete.

1. Tarek is his bike.
2. We are in the park.
3. Hoda is the piano.
4. My grandparents are a magazine.
5. My sister is a cake.
6. I am a sandwich.



Look and complete.

1. What are you doing?
I'm a book.
2. What is she doing?
She is to music.
3. What are they doing?
They lunch.
4. What is he doing?
He football.



Story

A game in the park.

Narrator It's a sunny morning. Amir has a new kite.

Amir : Hello, Fares. Do you want to come to the park?

Fares : Hello, Amir. That's a great idea.

Amir : I have a new kite.

Fares : Let's fly it!



Narrator Fares and Amir walk to the park with Amir's parents.

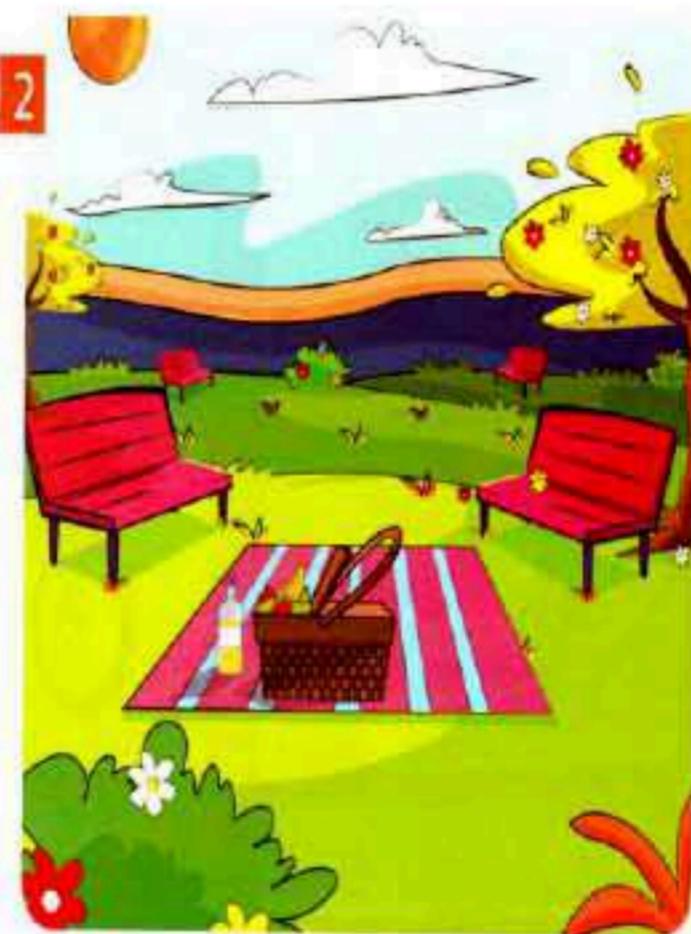
Fares : Good morning. How are you?

Mom and Dad : We're fine, thank you, Fares.

Mom : Fares, this is Amir's grandad.

Amir : Hello. It's nice to meet you.

Grandad : It's nice to meet you too, Fares.



Narrator They walk to the park.

Amir : This is a nice place.
Look at my kite.
It's blue and red.



Fares : It's great.

Dad : Let's fly it here.

Fares : It's a windy day now!

Amir : Yes, it is. Look! My kite is flying!

Fares : Let's run, Amir!

Narrator Fares and Amir are running.

The kite is flying in the sky.

Dad : Amir- be careful!
There are two kites.

Fares : Look! It's my cousin Wael!
He has a kite, too!

Wael : Hello Fares. Hello Amir. I
like your kite!

Fares : It's nice to see you Wael.

Wael : We're having a picnic.
Do you want to come with us?

Fares : Yes, please!

and Amir



Narrator So Amir's family and Wael's family all have a picnic together.

Amir : What a lovely day!

Vocabulary

park	حديقة	العاصف كثير الرياح
sunny	مشمس	حريرص
kite	طائرة ورقية	نزهة خلوية
grandad	جد	معاً
butterfly	فراشة	جميل
scissors	مقص	عيد ميلاد
special	مخصوص	وجبة
cookies	بسكويت	لون



Read and write (T) True or (F) False.

1. Amir has a new bike.
2. Amir and Fares want to go to the park.
3. Amir's parents drive to the park.
4. Fares meets Amir's grandad.
5. Amir's kite is green and white.
6. It's a cloudy and rainy day.
7. Fares and Amir are running.
8. Wael doesn't have a bike.
9. Amir's family and Wael's family have a picnic.

Phonics

Revise the alphabet with busy bee



Look and trace.

A a

B b

C c

D d

E e

F f

G g

H h

I i

J j

K k

L l

M m

N n

O o

P p

Q q

R r

S s

T t

U u

V v

W w

X x

Y y

Z z



Look and complete.

A _

B _

C _

D _

E _

F _

G _

H _

I _

J _

K _

L _

M _

N _

O _

P _

Q _

R _

S _

T _

U _

V _

W _

X _

Y _

Z _

_a

_b

_c

_d

_e

_f

_g

_h

_i

_j

_k

_l

_m

_n

_o

_p

_q

_r

_s

_t

_u

_v

_w

_x

_y

_z

Math: Number time



Look and match.

thirty-seven

56

forty-three

37

fifty-six

88

99

seventy-four

61

100

one hundred

15

eighty-eight

43

22

fifteen

twenty-two sixty-one



Look and write.

thirty-six = fifty-six =

ninety-nine = twenty-eight =

sixty-one = one hundred =

thirty-five = ninety-three =

forty-nine = eighty-six =

fifty-seven = thirteen =

21 = 36 =

75 = 82 =

59 = 43 =

81 = 90 =

Social Science

All families are different



Look, listen and read.

1. I have a big family. I live with my mom, my dad, and my grandparents. I have two sisters and a brother.



2. I have a small family. I live with my mom, my dad and my baby sister. My grandparents live in a different city. We visit them every month.



All families are different

1. These baby birds live in a **nest**. Their mom and dad **feed** them.



2. These baby lions are called **cubs**. They live in a group called a **pride**. Lots of lion families live together.



3. This is a baby elephant. It is big! It lives in a herd with lots of other elephants.



Vocabulary

butterfly	فراشة	معاً
nest	عش	جميل
cub	شبل (ابن الأسد)	يُطعم
pride	قطيع من الأسود	قطيع من الأفيال
special	مخصوص	عيد ميلاد
cookies	بسكويت	وجبة
scissors	مقص	لون



Look, write and complete.

I'm Seif. This is my f_____.

I have two s_____

and a baby b_____.

I live with my m_____, d_____,

and my g_____.



Look and complete.

1. Lions live in a group called

Baby lions are called



2. Baby live in a

Their mom and dad feed them.



3. Elephants live in a group called

a baby are big!



Life skills

عند تقديم عرض لشخص، نقول:

Would you like?

وعند الرد نقول:

Yes, please. نعم، من فضلك.



Would you like a drink?

هل تريد مشروب؟

Yes, please.



Listen and read.

It's my Grandma's birthday today. My family is having a special meal. My cousins are at our house. I'm helping my mom with the food and drink. My sister wants cake. My cousin would like an ice-cream. I would like some cookies.



Activities

On lessons 4,5,6

1 Underline the correct words in brackets.

1. Tamer is (**eating** - **riding** - **reading**) his bike.
2. Ali is playing the (**piano** - **breakfast** - **lunch**).
3. What is she (**do** - **does** - **doing**)?
4. I'm (**eating** - **listening** - **reading**) to music.
5. What (**is** - **has** - **can**) he doing?
6. Lions live in a group called a (**cub** - **pride** - **nest**).
7. Baby birds live in a (**test** - **vest** - **nest**).
8. Elephants live in a group called a (**hard** - **herd** - **hut**).
9. I (**have** - **walk** - **read**) dinner at seven o'clock.
10. I read my (**dinner** - **book** - **tennis**) at one o'clock.

2 Read and complete.

is - **am** - **are** - **having** - **listening** - **playing**

1. They football.
2. I breakfast with my family.
3. Omar to music.

3 Rearrange.

1. is - What - she - doing?
2. riding - Tarek - bike - his - is.
3. like - Would - a drink - you?

4. is - This - elephant - a baby.

5. family - big - have - a - I.

4 **Read and match.**

1. What is he doing?

a. I am reading a story.

2. What are you doing?

b. They are eating lunch.

3. What is she doing?

c. He is playing football.

4. What are they doing?

d. She is listening to music.

e. I am fine.

5 **Look and circle.**

1.



These are my

2.



Dalia has one

3.



They are listening to

4.



He is eating a

6 Supply the missing letters.



p_____



r_____



p_____



br_t_er



c_rly h_ir



s_ _ny

7 Read and match.

1. He goes

a. bed.

2. He has

b. up.

3. He goes to

c. to school.

4. He gets

d. feed.

e. breakfast.

8 Circle the upper case letters.

t m Q a P d j Y W o g T

N R m b S n O p Z A D I



Unit (2)

Let's get fit!

هيا نحصل على الوزن المثالي!

Vocabulary



Look, listen and read.

قطى صغيرة الحجم والسن، لديها 3 أقدام سوداء وقدم بيضاء، فهى تلعب كثيرا.

My cat is small and young. It has three black feet and one white foot. It plays a lot.



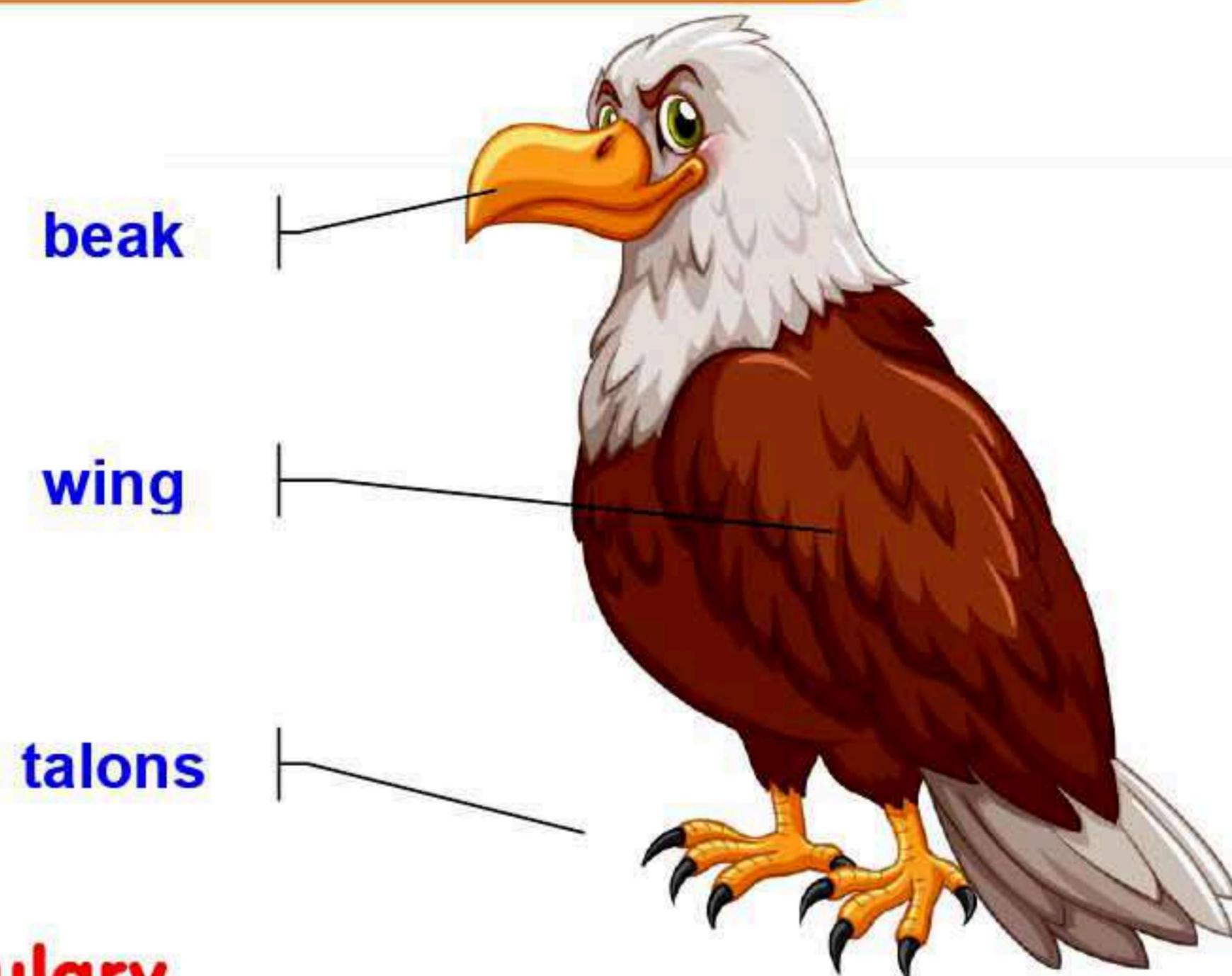
My tortoise is old and slow. It has short legs and funny face. It usually sleeps. It doesn't run.

لدى سلحفاة كبيرة في السن وبطيئة، لديها أربعة أرجل قصيرة ووجه مضحك. هي عادة نائمة ولا تستطيع الجري.





Look, listen, write and say.



Vocabulary

claws	مخالب	feathers	ريش
camel	جمل	talons	مخالب - براش
hoopoe	طائر الهدأ	teeth	أسنان
elephant	فيل	tooth	سن
insect	حشرة	wing	جناح
snake	ثعبان	feet	أقدام
lion	أسد	foot	قدم
tortoise	سلحفاة	arm	ذراع
eagle	صقر	beak	منقار
cat	قطة	face	وجه
spider	عنكبوت	head	رأس
duck	بطة	leg	رجل
swing	يتارجح - أرجوحة	bicycle	دراجة
man	رجل	long	طويل
woman	سيدة	short	قصير
young	صغير السن	fast	سريع
old	كبير في السن (عجوز)	slow	بطئ

language use

This is

هذا / هذه للمفرد القريب

This is a book.



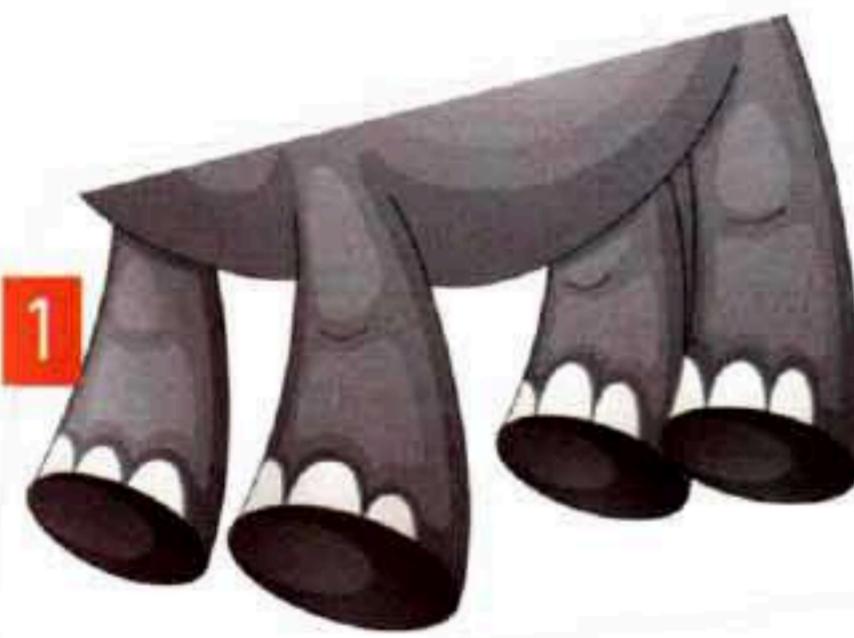
These are

هؤلاء (للمجموع القريب)

These are feet.



Look, read and say.



1



2



3

These are feet.

This is a beak.

This is a wing.



4



5

These are teeth.

This is a face.

Verb to (have) يمتلك / لديه

نستخدم الفعل (have/ has) و معناها يملك ، لديه

للتعبير عن ملكية الأشياء في زمن المضارع البسيط.

(have) (يملك)

نستخدم مع الضمائر
(I - We - You - They)

والاسم الجمع

اختصار ('ve) = (have)

(has) (يملك)

نستخدم مع الضمائر
(He - She - It)

والاسم المفرد

اختصار ('s) - (has)

عند نفي الفعل (have)

نضع الفعل المساعد (don't)

ثم مصدر الفعل وهو (have)

I **have** teeth. (في حالة الإثبات)

I **don't have** teeth. (في حالة النفي)

عند نفي الفعل (has)

نضع الفعل المساعد (doesn't)

ثم مصدر الفعل وهو (have)

It **has** arms. (في حالة الإثبات)

It **doesn't have** arms. (في حالة النفي)



It **has** 4 legs.



It **has** one beak.



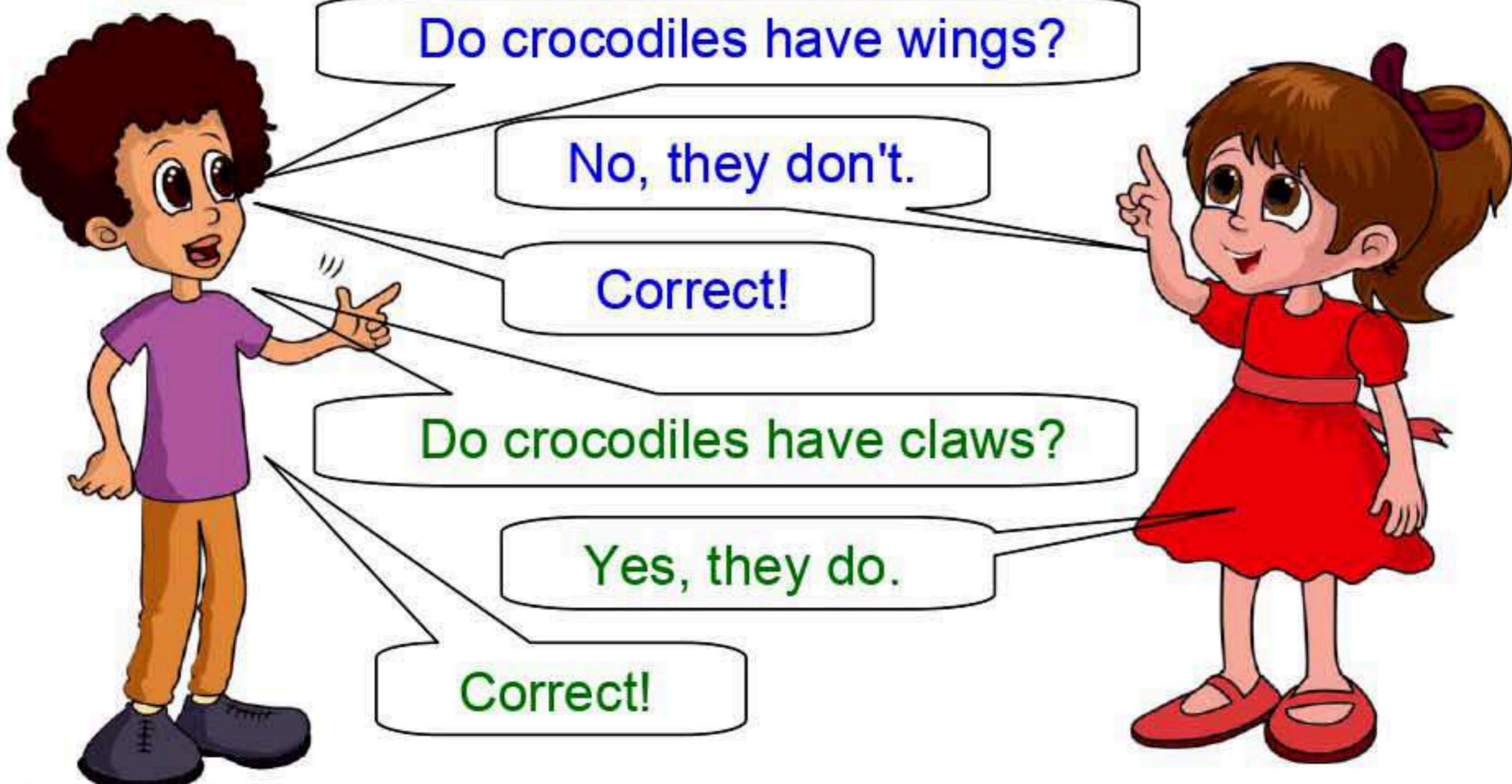
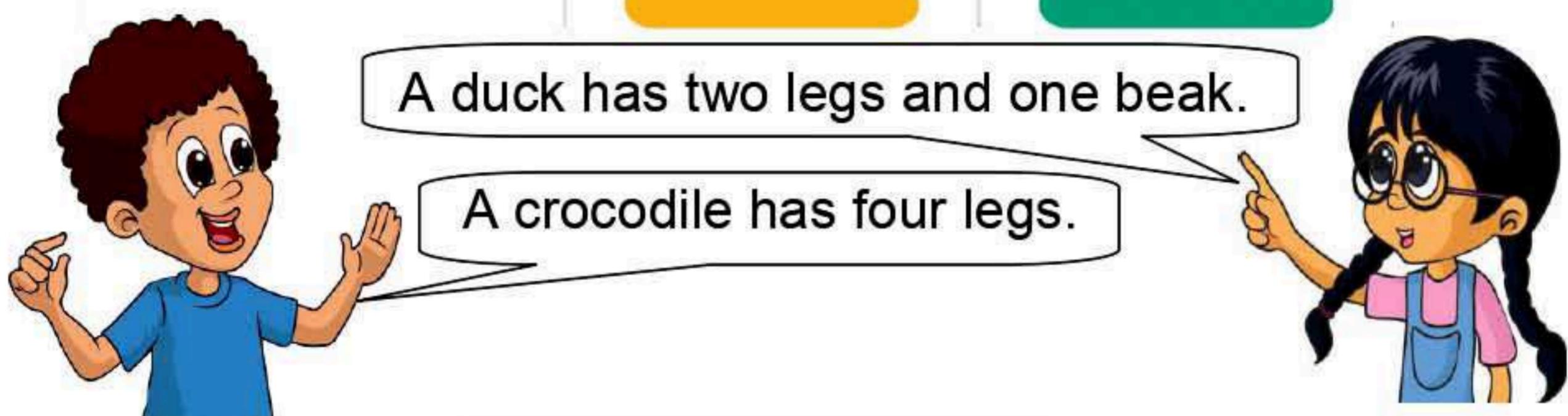
It **has** no arms.



Listen, read and say.



head	✓	✓
beak		
wings	✗	
teeth		
legs		
claws		





Look, read and put or .

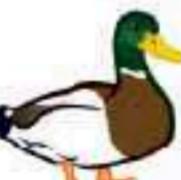
Hoopoes are small birds. They have orange, black and white feathers. They have long, thin beaks. Their beaks help them find insects and spiders to eat.



1. Hoopoes are big birds.
2. They have feathers.
3. They have long, thin beaks.
4. They eat insects and spiders.

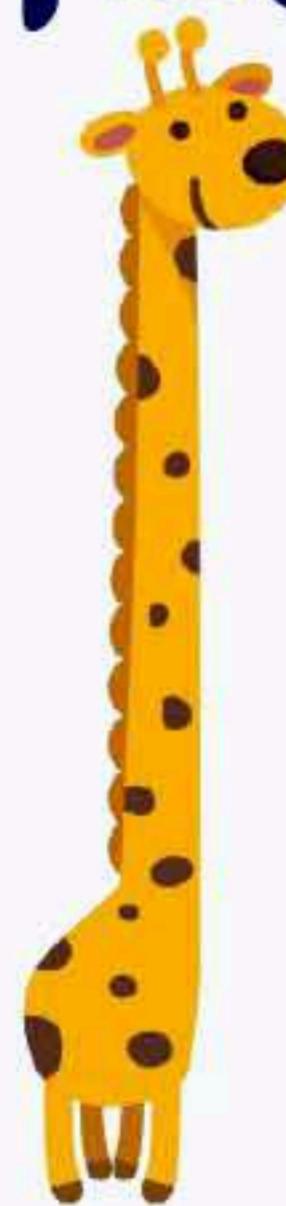


Look, read and put or .

1.  Tortoises have legs.
2.  Crocodiles have teeth.
3.  Cats have arms.
4.  Ducks have beaks.
5.  Lions have claws.
6.  Snakes have wings.
7.  Elephants have ears.
8.  Camels have talons.

Use words

tall



short



old



young



fast



slow



He's tall

عند وصف الأشخاص نقول:

He's fast.

وعندما تكون الصفتين لنفس الشخص نقول:

He's tall and fast.



Look, listen and read.

He's tall. He's fast. = He's tall and fast.

She's short. She's slow. = She's short and slow.

He's young. He's fast. = He's young and fast.

She's old. She's slow. = She's old and slow.



Look and complete.

The woman is



The man is

The baby is



The woman



The car is

The bicycle is

Activities

On lessons 1,2,3

1 Underline the correct words in brackets:

1. The baby is (old - young - high).
2. A. Do crocodiles have (wings - claws - legs)?
B. No, they haven't.
3. A. Do hoopoes have (legs - feathers - elbows)?
B. No, they don't.
4. A crocodile has (claws - wings - beaks).
5. My cat has three black (heads - feet - eyes) and one foot.
6. My tortoise is old and (fast - slow - speed).
7. My tortoise has a funny (leg - face - arm).
8. (This - These - Those) is a beak.
9. (This - These - Those) are teeth.
10. (This - These - Those) is an arm.

2 Rearrange.

1. My - old - is - and - slow - tortoise.
.....

2. has - It - short - legs.
.....

3. have - Do - crocodiles - wings?
.....

4. birds - small - are - Hoopoes.
.....

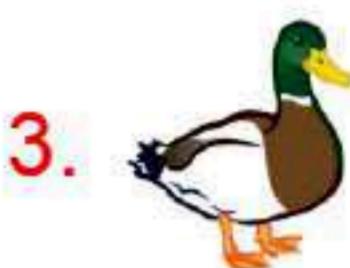
3 Look and put or .



1. Camels have talons.



2. Snakes have wings.



3. Ducks have beaks.



4. Cats have arms.



5. Crocodiles have teeth.



6. Lions have feathers.

4 Look and complete.

1.



A duck has two w_____

2.



It is a c_____

3.



A hoopoe is a small b_____

4.



The baby is y_____

5 Read and match.

1. A hoopoe is
 - a. have claws.
 - b. slow.
 - c. a small bird.
 - d. read.
 - e. wings.
2. Ducks have
3. The tortoise is
4. Crocodiles

6 Read comprehension. Read and mark (✓) or (✗).

In Mum's family there were lots of pets. The first pet was a dog called Samantha. Samantha was a big dog with long, white fur. She had big ears and a long tail. She ate meat and vegetables. She likes to swim and run.

1. Samantha was a big cat. ()
2. She had big ears. ()
3. She has a small tail. ()
4. She ate only meat. ()

Language use



Listen, read and point.

للسؤال عن عدد مرات حدوث الفعل نقول:

How often ?

How often do you walk to school?

كم عدد المرات التي تمشي فيها إلى المدرسة؟

و عند الرد نقول:

I **always** walk to school. (* * * *)

أنا **دائماً** أمشي إلى المدرسة.

I **usually** walk to school. (* * *)

أنا **عادةً** أمشي إلى المدرسة.

I **often** walk to school. (* **)

أنا **غالباً** أمشي إلى المدرسة.

I **sometimes** walk to school. (*)

أنا **أحياناً** أمشي إلى المدرسة.

I **never** walk to school. ()

أنا **أبداً لم** أمشي إلى المدرسة.



Write about you.

always - usually - often - sometimes - never

1. I do my homework.
2. I walk to school.
3. I eat breakfast.
4. I go to the park.
5. I swim in the sea.
6. I play on the swings.



Reading

Vocabulary

usually	عادة	always	دائماً
often	غالباً	sometimes	أحياناً
never	أبداً	swing	أرجوحة
grandmother	جدة	kind	عطوف - طيب
wise	حكيم	tall	طويل
pretty	جميلة	funny	مضحك
desert	صحراء	parrot	ببغاء
frog	ضفدع	plant	نبات
grass	عشب	wood	خشب
wall	حائط - جدار	tree	شجرة
healthy	صحي	unhealthy	غير صحي
exercise	تمرين	fit	لائق بدنياً
sugar	سكر	sport	رياضة
fruit	فاكهة	vegetables	خضروات
gymnastics	تمرينات رياضية	sunshine	سطوع الشمس
friend	صديق	How many....?	كم عدد....?
everyone	كل شخص	hours	ساعات
wheel	عجلة	coffee	قهوة
giraffe	زرافة	butterfly	فراشة
fresh air	الهواء الطلق	athlete	لاعب رياضي



Look, listen and read.

This is my grandma. She's old and **kind**.



She's very **wise**. She always drinks tea.

This is my brother. He's **tall** and **funny**.



He has **long** arms and legs. He often plays basketball.



This is my baby sister. She's **young**. She sleeps a lot. She has one tooth!



This is my dad. He's **tall** and **kind**. He sometimes plays football. He often walks in the park.



This is my mom. She's **kind** and **pretty**. She usually walks to school with me.



Read and circle Yes or No.

Hello, my name is Judy. This is my mom. She's kind. She always walks to school with me.

This is my dad. He's tall and kind. He sometimes plays football in the park. He never plays basketball.

This is my brother Youssef. He's young and short. He sometimes plays on the swings.



1. Mom is short.
2. Mom always walks to school with Judy.
3. Dad is tall and kind.
4. Dad never plays soccer in the park.
5. Youssef is young.
6. Youssef sometimes plays basketball.



Listen, read and match.

1. I often jump. I usually swim. I have four legs. My face is green and funny.
2. My wings are pretty. I often fly. I have a beak. I sometimes talk!
3. I'm small and fast. I always swim. I never walk!
4. I'm big and slow. I usually walk. I sometimes run. I eat plants and grass.





Who am I?



I often jump. I usually swim. I have four legs. My face is green and funny.



I'm small and fast. I always swim. I never walk.



My wings are pretty. I often fly. I have a beak. I sometimes talk.



I'm big and slow. I usually walk. I sometimes run. I eat plants and grass.



I'm long and brown. I have no legs. I live in the desert.



I'm small and pretty. I have four wings. I usually fly.



Look and write. Then circle.



.....

1. I'm **tall/ small** and fast. I **always/ never** swim. I never run. I **have/ don't** have arms or legs. I'm **a/ an**

2. I'm **big/ small** and slow. I have four big **arms/ legs**. I **usually/ never** walk. I sometimes **run/ fly**. I eat plants and grass. I'm **a / an**

3. I'm **short/ tall**. I have four long **arms/ legs**. I'm brown and I eat leaves. I **usually / never** walk. I often **swim/ run**. I'm **a/ an**

4. I'm **small/ big** and my **wings/ arms** are pretty. I don't have a **beak/ legs**. I **often/ never** swim. I fly.
I'm **a/ an**

phonics

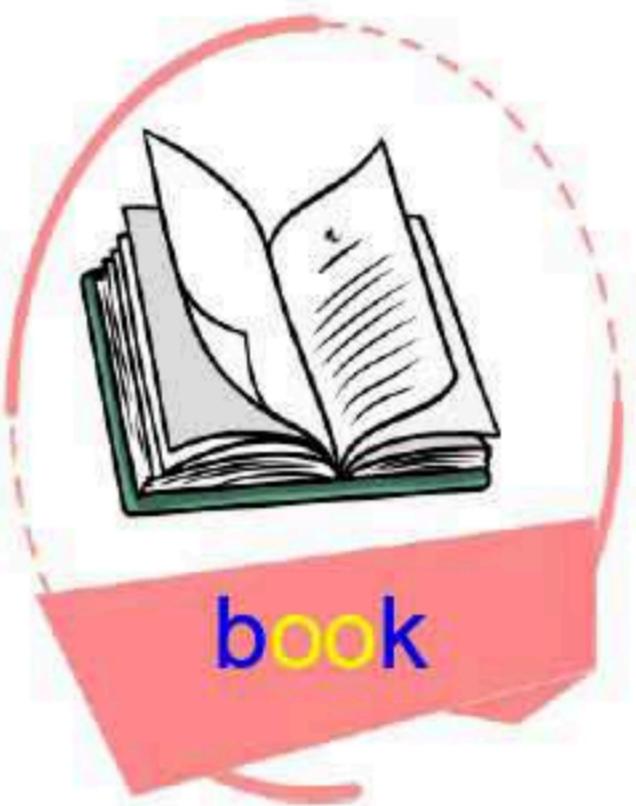


Look and read.

oo



foot



book

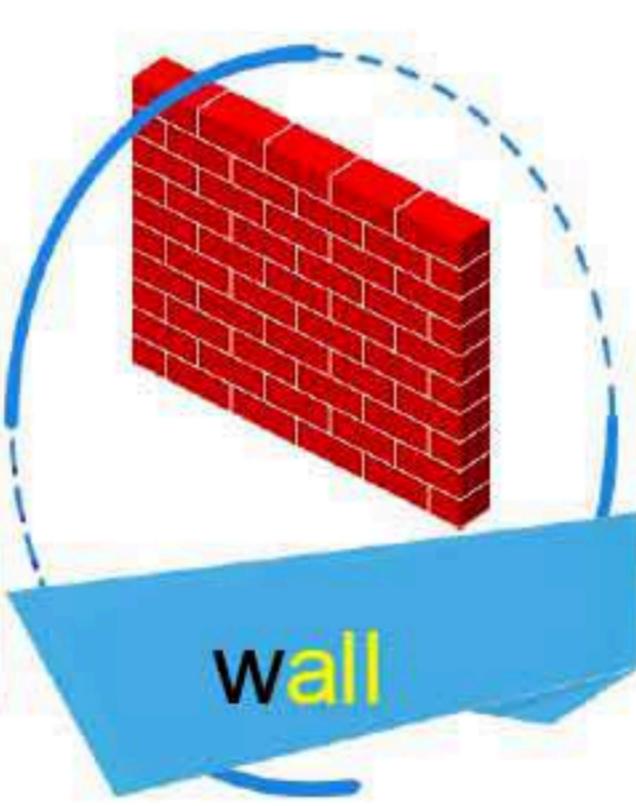


wood

ai



tall



wall



ball

ee



feet



tree



green

Healthy or unhealthy



Look and read.

Habiba Marzouk is an athlete. She does gymnastics. She does gymnastics every day. Habiba is healthy. She always eats healthy food. She always has healthy drinks. What does she eat and drink?



Listen and read.



Do you usually eat healthy food?



Yes, I do.



What do you eat and drink every day?



I eat lots of vegetables and fruit. I drink lots of water.



Do you eat lots of sugar?



No, I don't.



How often do you do exercise?



I do exercise every day. I play football with my friends.



Look, read and circle.



I never eat vegetables.
(healthy - unhealthy)



I eat fruit every day.
(healthy - unhealthy)



I eat lots of sugar.
(healthy - unhealthy)



I drink lots of water.
(healthy - unhealthy)



I usually eat healthy food.
(healthy - unhealthy)



I eat lots of cakes.
(healthy - unhealthy)



Being fit and healthy.

I want to be fit and healthy.

أريد أن أكون لائق بدنياً

What can I do?

ماذا أستطيع أن أفعل؟

Wash your hands.

اغسل يديك.

Do exercise.

قم بتمرين.

Play with friends.

العب مع الأصدقاء.

Sleep for 10 hours a day.

نام 10 ساعات يومياً.

Drink lots of water.

اشرب كثير من الماء.

Clean your teeth.

نظف أسنانك.

Wash fruits and vegetables.

اغسل الفاكهة والخضروات.

Eat healthy food.

تناول طعام صحي.





Look and write.



..... fruit and vegetables.



..... your hands.



..... exercise.



..... your teeth.



..... healthy food.



..... 10 hours a day.



..... lots of water.



..... with friends.



Read and write (H) or (U).

1. I never eat cakes.
2. Omar drinks a lot of water.
3. They eat a lot of sugar.
4. Mona always eats vegetables.
5. You never eat fruit.
6. We do a lot of exercises.

2 Reading comprehension. Read and put (✓) or (✗).

Judy is seven years old. She is in grade two. Her mommy is kind. She always walks to school with her. Her dad is tall and kind, too. He sometimes plays football in the park. He never plays football. Her brother Youssef is young and short. He sometimes plays on the swings.

1. Judy is in grade 2. ()
2. Mommy never walks to school with Judy. ()
3. Daddy is tall and kind. ()
4. Youssef sometimes plays basketball. ()

Activities

On lessons 4,5,6

1

Underline the correct words in brackets.

1. I (**always - never - sometimes**) do my homework.
2. A. I walk to school everyday.
B. I (**never - always - often**) walk to school.
3. My wings are pretty. I'm a (**elephant - frog - butterfly**).
4. I never eat cakes. This is (**healthy - unhealthy - hello**).
5. We (**eat - do - drink**) a lot of exercises.
6. I usually (**eat - sleep - do**) for 10 hours.
7. (**Sleep - Do - Wash**) fruit and vegetables.
8. This is my baby sister. She is (**old - young - parent**)

2

Read and match.

1. How often do you exercise?
a. Yes, I'm.
2. Do you drink a lot of water?
b. I live in Cairo.
3. Are you healthy?
c. I always play tennis.
4. Where do you live?
d. Yes, I do.

3 Put a (✓) or (✗).

1.



This is my baby sister.

()

2.



This is a crocodile.

()

3.



That is unhealthy food.

()

4.



Drink a lot of water.

()

4 Look and write.

1.



We do

2.



Clean your

3.



We need food.

4.



Drink lots of

5 Rearrange.

1. every day - I - eat - vegetables.
.....
2. I - lots - eat - of - cakes.
.....
3. do - you - do - How often - exercise?
.....
4. does - What - she - drink?
.....

5 Circle the correct answer.

1. foot



2. wing



3. beak



4. hoopoe



5. crocodile



7 Supply the missing letters.



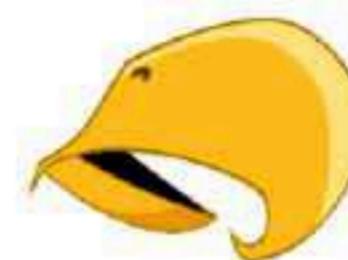
t_l_ns



w__g



f_c_



b__k



cr_c_dile



f_at_ers



t__th



f__t

8 Reading comprehension. Read and put (✓) or (✗).

I'm Mona. I live with my father, mother and my little brother. We live in Alexandria. We are a happy family. Mum makes food in the kitchen. We have lunch in the dining room. We watch TV in the living room and we sleep in our bedrooms.

1. Mona lives in Alexandria. ()
2. We watch TV in the kitchen. ()
3. They are not a happy family. ()
4. We sleep in the bedrooms. ()



Unit (3)

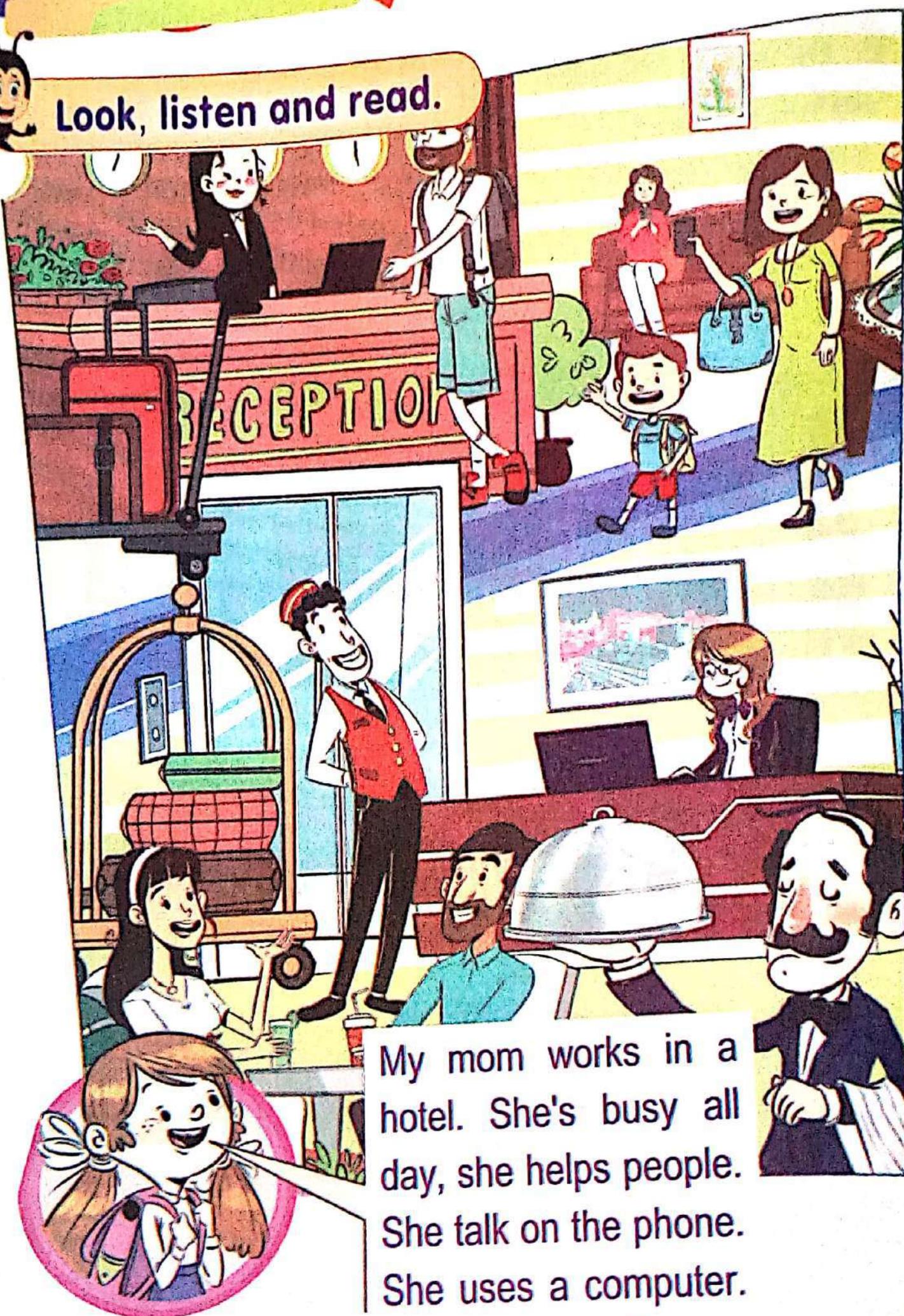
A day in my life.

يوم في حياتي

Vocabulary



Look, listen and read.



My mom works in a hotel. She's busy all day, she helps people. She talk on the phone. She uses a computer. She sends emails.

أمي تعمل في فندق، هي مشغولة طوال اليوم، هي تساعد الناس.

هي تتحدث في التليفون، هي تستعمل الكمبيوتر.

هي ترسل الإيميلات (رسائل الكترونية).



Look, listen and say.



farmer



fisherman



market seller



chef



mechanic



concierge



construction worker



web designer

Vocabulary

farmer	فلاح	concierge	موظف خدمات الاستقبال
fisherman	صياد	web designer	مصمم الويب
market seller	بائع في السوق	architect	مهندس معماري
chef	رئيس الطهاة	hat	قبعة
mechanic	ميكانيكي	busy	مشغول
construction worker	عامل بناء	life	حياة
email	بريد إلكتروني	down	رأسى
fruit	فاكهة	across	أفقي
restaurant	مطعم	What?	ما , ماذا ... ?
doctor	طبيب	When?	متى....?
computer	حاسوب آلى	Where ...?	أين....?
hotel	فندق	Who....?	من للعاقل....?
day	يوم	journalist	صحفى
reception	استقبال	engineer	مهندس
carpenter	نجار	coat	بالطرو
tip	نصيحة	suit	بدلة
dictionary	قاموس	kitchen	مطبخ
hospital	مستشفى		

Ask and answer

للسؤال عن وظيفة الشخص، نقول:

What does he do?

He's a/ an وعند الرد نقول:



What does he do?

He's a construction worker.

للسؤال عن أمنيتك في وظيفة المستقبل، نقول:

What do you want to be?

I want to be a/ an وعند الرد نقول:



What do you want to be?

I want to be a chef.



Look and read.

What is her job?

ما هي وظيفتها؟

She's an architect.

هي مهندسة معمارية.

When does she start work?

متى يبدأ عملها؟



في السابعة صباحاً.

At 7:00 am.

What is she wearing today?

ماذا ترتدي اليوم؟

She is wearing a hat.

هي ترتدي قبعة.



Look and read.

عند السؤال عن موعد العمل، نقول:

When does she start work?

وعند الرد تقول:

I think he starts work at

..... أنا أعتقد أنه يبدأ عمله في الساعة



Read and know question words.

What

للسؤال عن الأشياء، (ما - ماذ)

When

للسؤال عن الزمان، (متى)

Where

للسؤال عن المكان، (أين)

Why

للسؤال عن السبب، (لماذا)



Look and write.



Count syllables

قاعدة تقسيم المقاطع الصوتية:



far / mer



car / pen / ter



me / cha / nic



doc / tor



fish / er / man



ar / chi / tect



Say the words. Count the syllables.

fisherman

doctor

mechanic

farmer

architect

carpenter



Look and match.

fish

pen

ter

journ

er

ist

car

al

man



Activities

On lessons 1,2,3

1 Underline the correct words in bracket:

1. My mom (helps - talks - works) people.
2. My aunt works in a (day - hotel - email).
3. She (sails - sends - sins) emails.
4. What does he (do - did - doing)?
5. I want to be a (chair - chef - chain).
6. He's a construction (work - working - worker).
7. What do you want to (been - being - be)?
8. (What - When - Where) is he doing?
9. (What - When - Who) does he finish work?
10. (What - When - Who) is she helping?
11. (What - Where - Who) does she work?
12. (What - Why - Who) does he have animals?

2 Rearrange.

1. emails - sends - **She**.
2. on - phone - the - talks - **She**.
3. all - day - busy - **She's**.
4. is - he - **What** - doing?
5. she - is - **Who** - helping?

3 Circle the correct word.



1. farmer



2. web designer



3. market seller



4. carpenter



5. doctor

chef

market seller

web designer

architect

fisherman

dictionary

mechanic

farmer

doctor

distance

4 Look and write.

1.



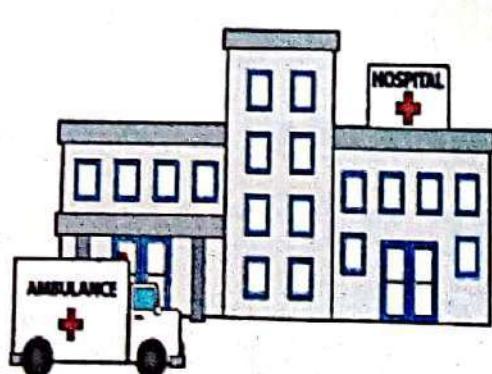
She uses a _____

2.



I want to be a _____

3.



He works at the _____

4.



She talks on the _____

5.



He's a construction _____

6.



She sells _____

Reading



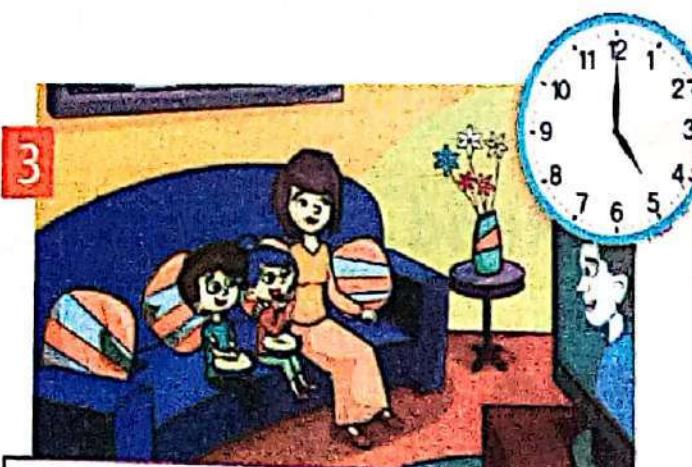
Listen and read.



It's 7am. We're having our breakfast. My dad is putting on his jacket. He's putting on his shoes and he's picking up his bag.



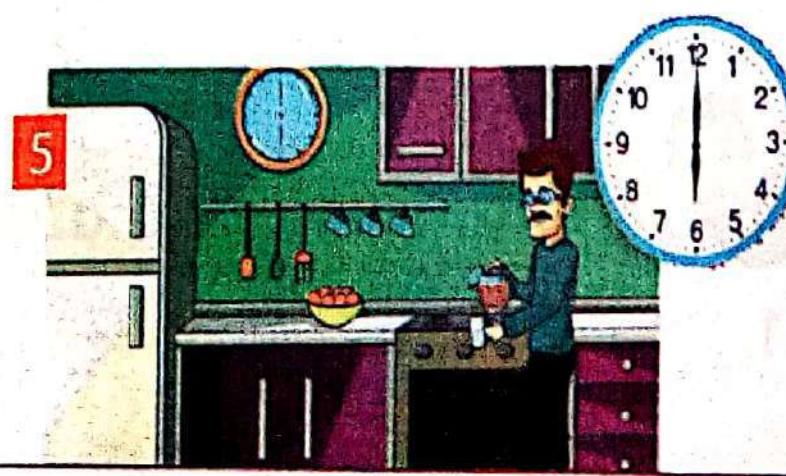
My dad is a doctor. He works at the hospital. He starts work at eight o'clock in the morning.



It's 5 pm. We're watching TV now. What is Dad doing? Dad is working. He's helping people.



It's 9 pm. I'm going to bed. Goodnight!



It's six o'clock in the morning. I'm getting up. Where's Dad? He's in the kitchen! He's having his tea.

Study the following:

put on = wear پرندی

pick up بلنقط

go out يخرج

get up یستيقظ



Read and circle.

1. Dad is putting on his hat / jacket.
2. He's picking up his bag / book.
3. He starts work at eight o'clock in the morning / evening.
4. Dad is helping / watching people.
5. He's wearing a white suit / coat.
6. Dad's in the kitchen / bed.



Read and write Yes, No.

1. Mom is putting on her hat.



2. She starts work at nine o'clock.

3. She is talking on the phone.

4. She is playing tennis.



Read, think and answer.

1. Why is Dad having his tea at six o'clock in the morning?

2. What do you think Dad does in the day time?

Grammar

Present continuous tense

زمن المضارع المستمر

يتكون من:

subject + (am / is / are) + verb + ing



Dad **is** pulling on his jacket.



We **are** having our tea now.

Subject

V.to.be

verb

+ ing

فاعل

فعل يكون

الفعل الأساسي

+ ing

يأتي فعل (يكون) مع الضمائر التالية

am

is

are

I

he / she / it

اسم مفرد

we / they / are

اسم جمع

زمن المضارع البسيط
Present simple

بنكون من:

He / She / It + verb + s/ es

الاسم المفرد + verb + s/ es

يضاف للفعل (es) إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بـ (o, x, ss, s, ch, sh)

(بدون إضافات) I / we / you / they + verb

الاسم الجمع + verb (بدون إضافات)

I get up at seven o'clock.

He works at the hospital.

She starts work at eight o'clock in the morning.

They watch TV in the evening.



Read and complete with the correct form of the verb.

1. We (have) our tea.

2. Why he (go) out?

3. I (get) up at 6 am.

4. He (have) his tea in the morning.

5. Hana (play) the piano every day.

6. Ali and Heba (like) reading.



Look and answer.

Why is he running?

لماذا هو يجري؟



Because he is late.

لأنه متاخر.

Why ...? **عند السؤال ...**

Because **للجيب بالاستخدام**



عند السؤال عن موعد العمل، نقول:

When does she start work?

وعند الرد تقول:

At am. **فى الساعة صباحاً.**

عند السؤال عن النزى الذى ترتديه، نقول :

What is she wearing?

She is wearing a

هى ترتدى



89

Where do you work?

عند السؤال عن مكان عمل الشخص، نقول:

Where does he work?

He is working at a restaurant هو يعمل في مطعم.

عند السؤال عن طبيعة عمل الشخص، نقول:

What is he doing?

He is making food. هو يقوم بإعداد الطعام.



Vocabulary

hospital	مستشفى	fire station	مركز إطفاء
hotel	فندق	office	مكتب
farm	مزرعة	café	مقهى
supermarket	متجر كبير	restaurant	مطعم
pick up	يلتقط	put on = wear	يرتدى
get up	يستيقظ	go out	خرج
town	مدينة صغيرة - بلدة	geography	جغرافيا
important	هام	community	مجتمع - جماعة
have fun	يمرح - يستمتع	sick	مريض
food	طعام	look after	يعتني بـ
animal	حيوان	grow	ينذرع
park	حديقة	dinner	عشاء
go swimming	يذهب للسباحة	computer game	ألعاب كمبيوتر
helmet	خوذة	after x before	بعد x قبل



Look and read.



hospital



hotel



fire station



office



café



supermarket



farm



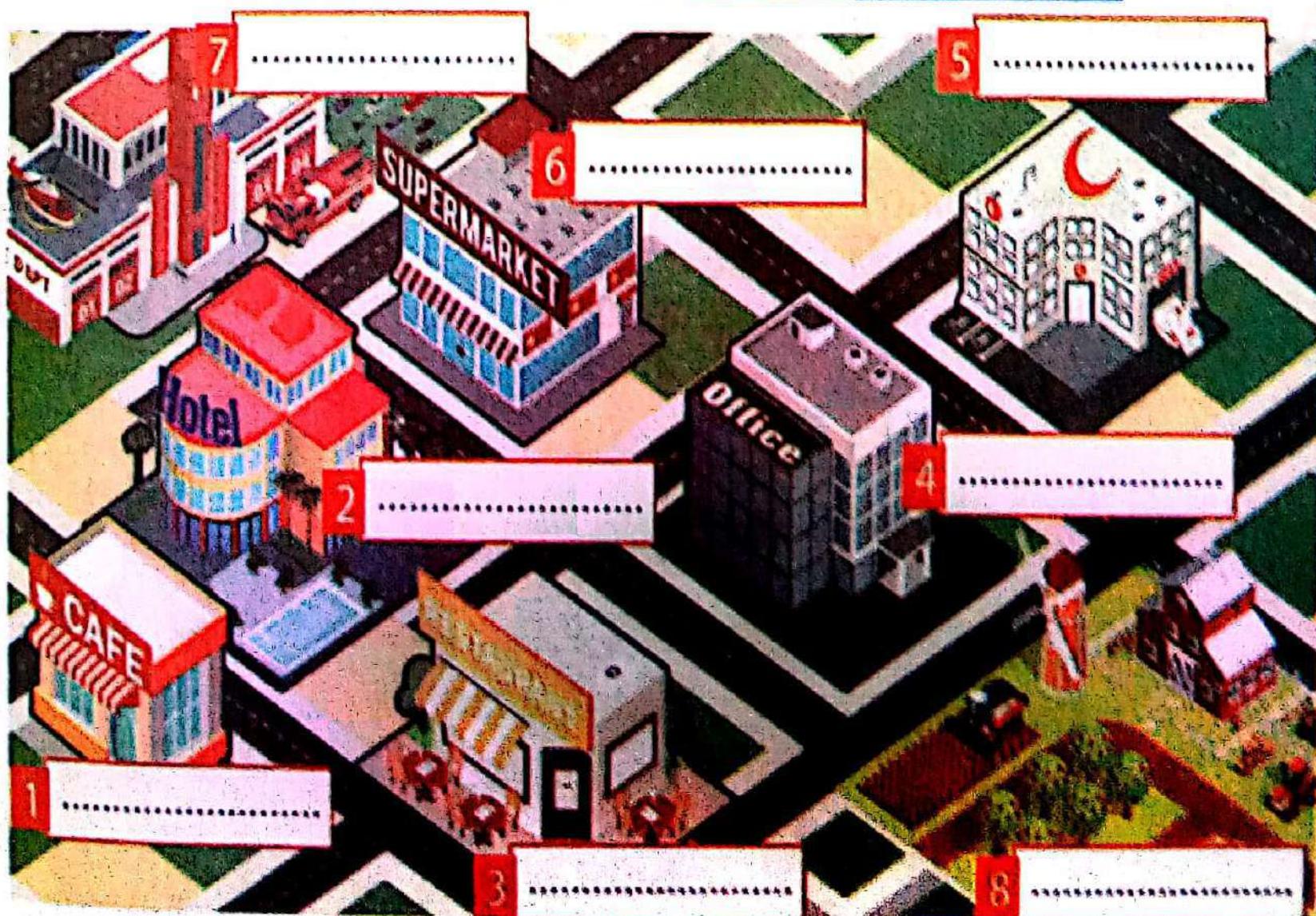
restaurant



Look and write.

hospital hotel fire station office

café supermarket farm restaurant





Write the place where they work.

1



restaurant

2



3



4



5



6



Read and complete.

A. Where does she work?

.....

B. What is she doing?

She's a child.

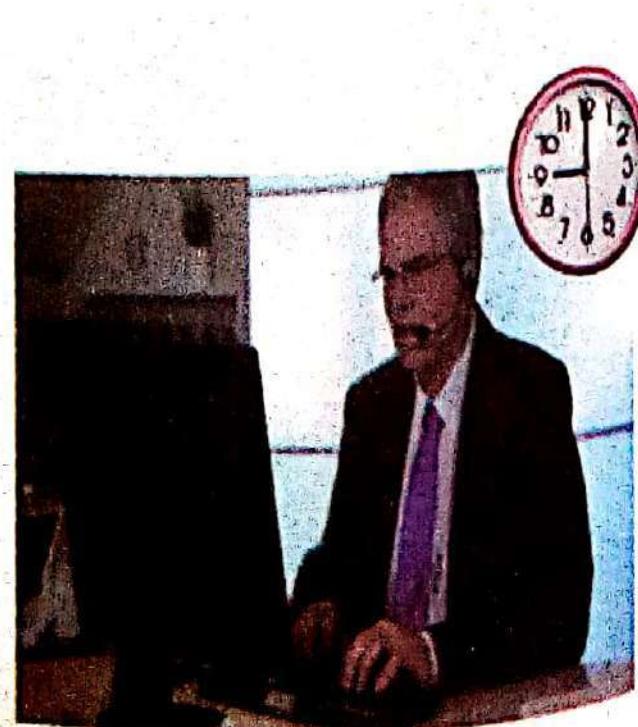


A. When does she start work?

At

B. What is she wearing?

A and a



CLIL: Geography

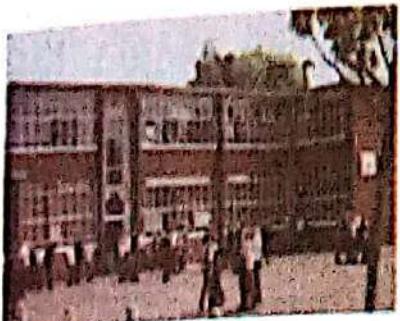
Place in our community



Look and read.

Hello, this is my town!

Our town has lots of **important** places.



I like my **school**. I learn a lot.

I see my friends. I like my teachers.



This is the **hospital**.

Doctors help **sick people** here.



This is the **supermarket**.

We can buy food.



This is the **park**.

We can play and **have fun** here.



This is a **farm**.

The farmer **looks after** animals. He **grows food**.



Read and answer.

1. Who can you see at school?

2. Where do doctors work?

3. What can you do in the park?

4. Why is the supermarket important?

5. What does the farmer look after?



Read and complete.

1. We play games and run in the

2. Doctors help sick people in a

3. We can buy food at the

4. I learn a lot at and play in the playground.

5. They grow food on a

6. Our town has lots of places.

Language use

كل عن الزمن أو الوقت أو الميعاد، نقول:

When?

..... من



Study the following:

before قبل after بعد on ف

on the weekend في عطلة الأسبوع

on Wednesday في أيام الأربعاء

go shopping يذهب للتسوق

do gymnastic يقيم بتمرينات



Listen and read.

1. When does she play with her friends?

She plays with her friends **after school**.



2. When does he play computer games?

He plays computer games **on the weekend**.



3. When do they wash their hands?

They wash their hands **before dinner**.



4. When do you go swimming?

I go swimming **on Tuesday**.



للسؤال عن ماذا تفعل قبل المدرسة نقول:

What do you do before school?

ماذا تفعل قبل المدرسة؟

What do you do after school ?

ماذا تفعل بعد المدرسة؟

What do you do on the weekend?

ماذا تفعل في العطلة الأسبوعية؟



Read and complete.

after - **before** - **on**

1. I go shopping the weekend.
2. I do my homework school, at 5 o'clock.
3. I do gymnastics Wednesday.
4. I put on my helmet I ride my bike.



Read and circle.

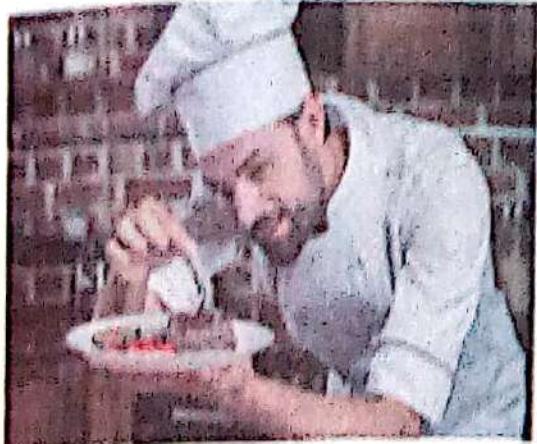
1. Hello. My name's Arwa. I usually play games with my friends **before** / **after** school .
2. **On** / **At** Wednesdays I go swimming. I do my homework **on** / **before** I watch TV.
3. Then I have dinner. I wash my hands **after** / **before** I have dinner. When I finish eat. I wash them again.
4. I see my grandparents **on** / **in** the weekend.

Values

Understanding different jobs



Look and read.



A chef

In my job, I work in a kitchen. It's hot! I sometimes work at night. I make food for people to enjoy.



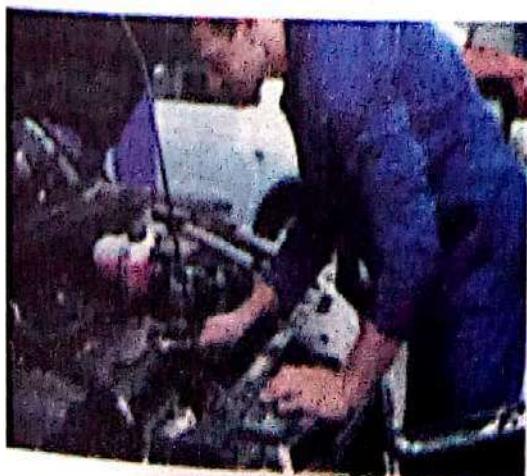
A farmer

In my job, I look after animals. I grow food for people to eat.



A doctor

In my job, I help people who are sick. I can work for a long time. My job is difficult but it's very important.



A mechanic

In my job, I mend cars and lorries. I help people if their car doesn't work. I like it.



A construction worker

In my job, I make houses, offices and other building. I wear a hard hat to protect my head.



A fisherman

In my job, I catch fish. I work on the sea or on the river. I sell fish for people to eat.



A concierge

In my job, I help people in hotels. I help them to enjoy their holiday.



A fruit seller

In my job, I sell food on the market. I sell fruit and vegetables.

Let's learn words



Listen, read and write.



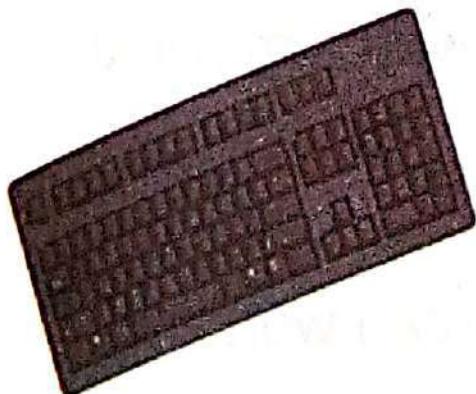
laptop



cell phone



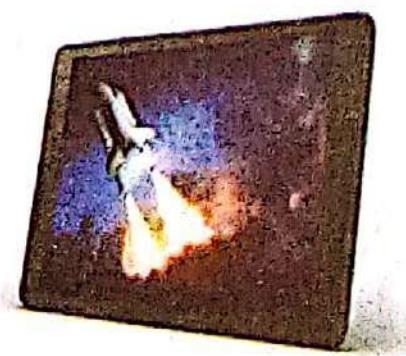
computer



keyboard



printer



tablet

Vocabulary

laptop	لاب توب (كمبيوتر محمول)
cell phone	هاتف محمول
printer	طابعة
call	يتصّل
print	يطبع
movies	أفلام سينمائية

computer	حاسوب آلي
keyboard	لوحة مفاتيح
tablet	جهاز لوحي (تابلت)
use	يُسْتَعْدِلُ
work	يَعْمَلُ
technology	تَكْنُولُوْجِيَا



Look and read.



You use a **cell phone** to call people.



You use a **printer** to print things.



You use a **keyboard** to write.



This is smaller than a laptop.

You can work on a **tablet** or watch movies!



When you use a **laptop**, you can work in different places.



Read and complete.

1. I use a to call and text my friends.
2. I use a to print my work.
3. I use a at home to do my homework.
4. I send emails on a
5. We have a at school.

Technology at work



Listen and read.

The world of computer

Lots of people use computers to do their jobs. With a computer. You can find out information, buy and sell things and send emails to people.

Heba is using a **tablet** to **send emails**.



He's using a **laptop** to **buy things**.



Dad is using a **computer** to **design a website**.



She's using a **computer** to **find out information**.



He's using a **tablet** to **look for recipes**.

Vocabulary

technology	تكنولوجيا	في العمل
find out = discover	يكتشف	عالم
information	معلومات	وظيفة
buy	يشتري	بيع
email	بريد إلكتروني	يرسل
look for	يبحث عن	بضم
recipe	وصفة طعام	موقع على النت

عند السؤال عن سبب استخدام الكمبيوتر نقول:

What do you think people can use a computer for?

ماذا تعتقد أن الناس يستطيعوا أن يستخدموا الحاسب الآلي من أجل؟

وعند الرد نقول:

They can use a computer to play games.

يستطيعوا أن يستخدموا الحاسب الآلي لكي يمارسوا الألعاب.



Read and complete.

1. You can use a tablet to emails.
2. You can buy and things with a computer.
3. You can out information.
4. You can a website.



Read and complete.

buy - look - find - design - send

1. You can emails on your tablet.
2. You can on your laptop.
3. You can information on your computer.
4. You can a website on your computer.
5. You can for recipes on a tablet.



Read and match.

1. What do you use your computer for?
a. He buys things on his computer.
2. What do you use your tablet for?
b. I look at websites on my computer.
3. What does your dad use his computer for?
c. I talk photos with my tablet.
4. What does your mom use her laptop for?
d. She finds information on her laptop.

Activities

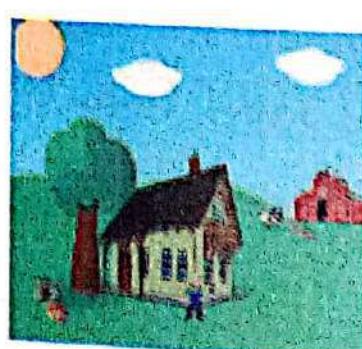
On lessons 4,5,6

1 Underline the correct words in brackets.

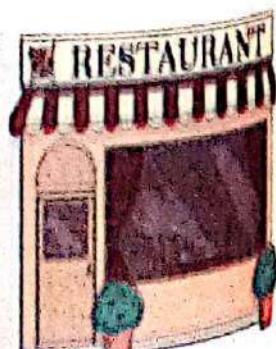
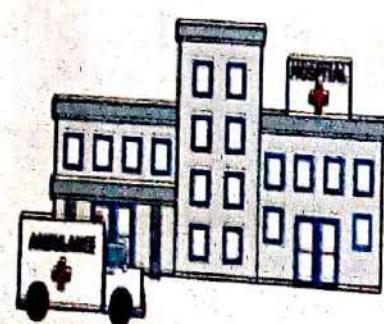
1. Dad is a doctor. He works at the (hospital - office - sky).
2. We're (listening - having - sleeping) our tea.
3. My brother is (picking - putting - sailing) on his jacket.
4. What is dad (do - does - doing)?
5. Where does he (work - works - working)?
6. The farmer looks (before - after - below) animals.
7. The farmer (grows - sleeps - talks) food.
8. I go (shop - shops - shopping) on the weekend.
9. I (do - make - put) gymnastics on Fridays.
10. I put on my (flat - helmet - building) before I ride my bike.

2 Circle the correct answer.

1. fire station



2. restaurant



3. café



4. hospital



5. office



3 Read and complete.

before - after - on

1. Nada goes shopping the weekend.

2. I do my homework school at 7 o'clock.

3. We do gymnastics Mondays.

4. I put on my helmet I ride a bicycle.

4 Read and match.

1. When does he play it?

a. They start work at 7:00 am.

2. When do you go shopping?

b. She goes swimming on
Monday.

3. When does she go
swimming?

c. I go shopping on Fridays.

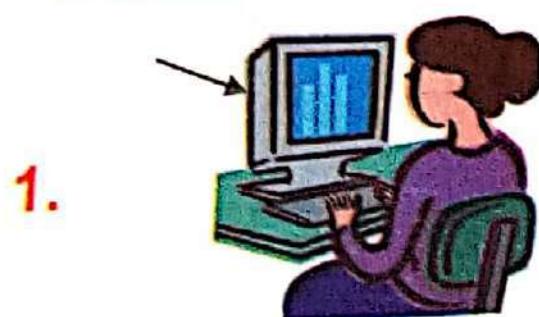
4. When do they start work?

d. He plays it on the weekends.

5 Rearrange.

1. on - I - go - shopping - the - weekend.
2. do - you - When - go - swimming?
3. our - We're - tea - having .
4. can - Who - see - you - school - at?

6 Look and write.



1.

This is the



2.

The farmer looks after



3.

On Monday, I go



4.

He's washing his

7

Supply the missing letters.



h_sp_tal



rest_ _rant



of_ ic_



c_f_



h_t_l



f_re st_ _tion



f__m



f__herman



arch__ect

8

Read comprehension. Read and mark (✓) or (✗).

I'm Fadi. My dad works in an office. Everyday he gets up at six o'clock. Put on a white shirt, black trousers and a tie. He has breakfast. Then he goes to work by car.

1. My mom works in an office. ()
2. Dad gets up at six o'clock. ()
3. My dad puts on a tie. ()
4. Dad goes to work by bus. ()

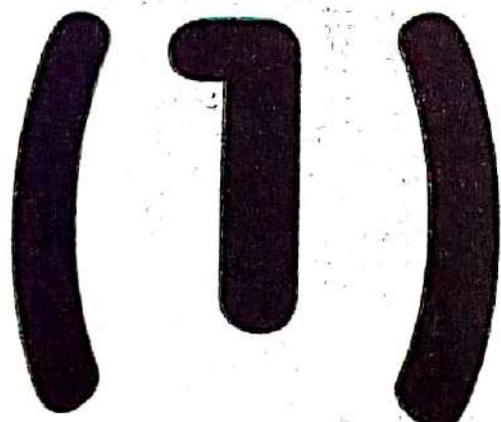
5 Read and match.

1. arch	erman
2. engi	ef
3. mech	itect
4. ch	neer
5. fish	anic





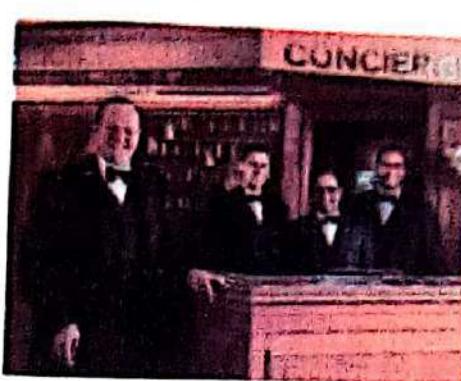
Review



Vocabulary



Write the job. And where they work.





Look and complete.



1.....

2.....

3.....

4.....

5.....

6.....

7.....



Look and complete.

sometimes / always / often / usually / never

1. ● ● ● ●

2. ● ● ● ○ ○

3. ● ● ○ ○ ○

4. ○ ○ ○ ○ ○

5. ○ ○ ○ ○ ○



Read, order and write.

1. usually / do / I / exercise.
2. walk / We / sometimes / school / to.
3. have / always / I / breakfast.

Numbers

62

sixty-two

34

thirty-four

29

twenty-nine

51

fifty-one

78

seventy-eight

69

sixty-nine



Read and match.

1 62 2 34 3 29 4 51 5 78

a fifty-one

b seventy-eight

c thirty-four

d sixty-two

e twenty-nine



Write words or numbers.

forty-five

61

thirty-seven

28

ninety-two

57

twenty-six

84

Question words

What ?

السؤال عن الأشياء، (ما - ماذ)

When ?

السؤال عن الزمان، (متى)

Where ?

السؤال عن المكان، (أين)

Why ?

السؤال عن السبب، (لماذا)



Write the question words.

When - What - Where - Why

1. He's a chef. is he wearing?

He's wearing a hat.

2. is he wearing a hat?

Because he needs to be clean in the kitchen.

3. does he work?

He works in a hotel.

4. does he start work?

He starts work at 6 pm.



Read and circle.

1. What / Where is Tarek reading? **A book**

2. What / Where does Omar live? **He lives in port Said.**

3. When / Who does your mom finish work? **At five o'clock**

4. What / Who is Salma talking to? **Her parents**

5. Who / Why is Dad going out? **Because he's going to work.**

Telling the time

What's the time?

ما الوقت؟

It's o'clock.

انها الى بالضبط.

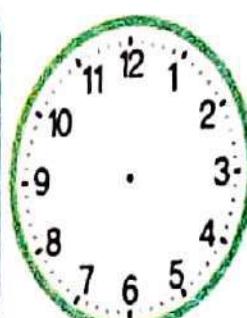
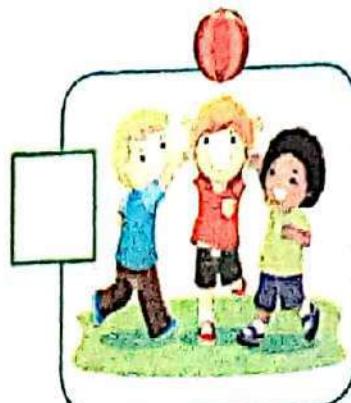
It's half past

انها الى والنصف.

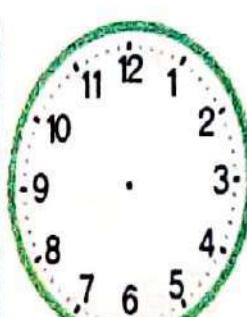


Read, match then draw the time.

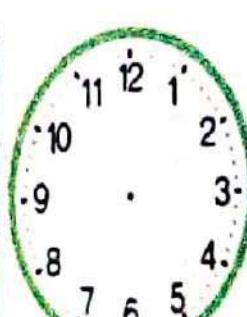
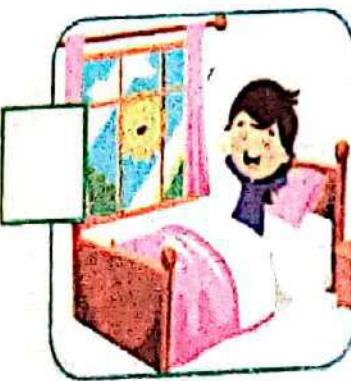
1 I get up at seven o'clock.



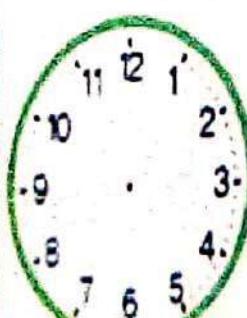
2 I have breakfast at half past seven.



3 I walk to school at eight o'clock.



4 I play with friends at half past four.



Phonics



Write the missing letters.

oo ll ee



1 b _ k



2 t _ th



3 ba _



6 tr _



4 f _ t



5 wa _



Write the number of syllables.

1 fisherman

2 supermarket

3 computer

4 keyboard

5 mechanic

6 restaurant

Animals in the Wild



Listen, look and read.

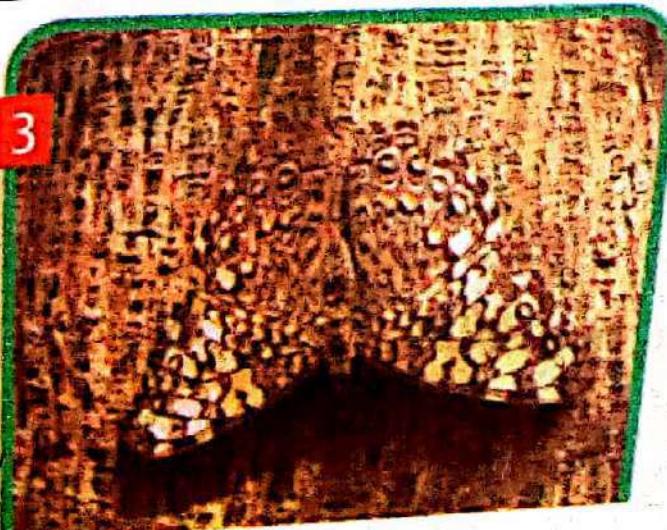
Animals in the wild sometimes need to hide. Then often need to find food and water. Animals can do some very clever things.

Can you see the **owl** in the tree? It isn't easy to see! The **owl's** feathers are brown and gray. The tree is brown and gray, too. The **owl** looks for food at night. In the day, it hides in a tree and sleeps.



This **lizard** looks like a leaf! It is a **gecko**. It is a gecko. It is brown and green. It lives in the forest. It eats insects. Owls and snakes eat the gecko. The **gecko** hides in plants and trees.

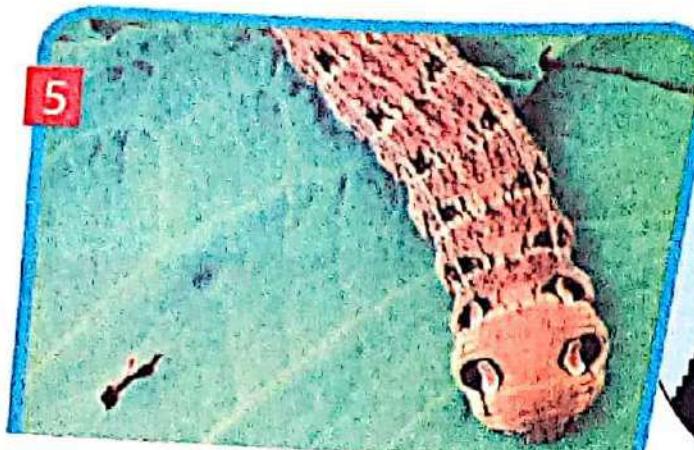
Some **butterflies** hide on trees. This butterfly has wings the same color as the tree.



This butterfly has circles on its wings. These look like eyes. Other animals think the butterfly is big and **dangerous**.



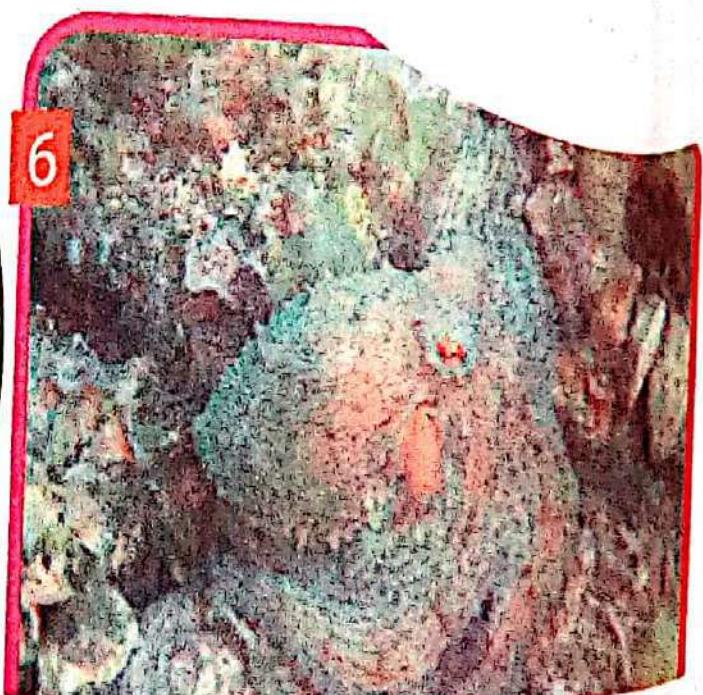
5



This is a **caterpillar**. These big eyes aren't real. The caterpillar has them on its head so other animals don't eat it. They think it is a snake.

This **octopus** is hiding on the bottom of the sea. Some animals want to eat the **octopus**. The **octopus** wants to find food to eat. It changes color on its head, body and legs, so other animals can't see it.

6



7



This is a **chameleon**. It can change color. It doesn't do this to hide. It does this when it is hot or cold. It sometimes changes color to show another **chameleon** how it is feeling.

Activities

On Review (1)

1 Match.

1. I walk to school up at nine o'clock.
2. I play with friends at breakfast at half past ten.
3. I get half past three.
4. I have at seven o'clock.

2 Circle the correct answer.



dentist

chef

seller



chef

farmer

vet



official

mechanic

farmer



engineer

web designer

chef

3 Rearrange.

1. usually - do - I - exercise.
2. walk - They - sometimes - work - to.
3. have - We - breakfast - always.
4. does - When - he - work - start?

4 Write the question words.

When - What - Where - Why

1. do they start work?

They start at 7 pm.

2. does Ahmed work?

He works in a school.

3. are you wearing a hat?

Because I need to be clean in the kitchen.

4. He's a chef. is he wearing?

He's wearing a hat.

5 Supply the missing letters.

62

s_xty-t_o



t__th



we__



tr__

6 Underline the correct words in brackets.

1. Animals in the wild sometimes need to (like - hide - tire).
2. The lizard (sleeps - looks - takes) like a leaf.
3. Owls and snakes eat the (jacket - gecko - logo).
4. This butterfly has circles on its (elbows - wings - talons).
5. This is a (elephant - chameleon - lion) it can change color.
6. Mom is (sending - talking - sleeping) on the phone.
7. Dad is (talking - picking - putting) on his hat.
8. She is going out (on- at - of) nine o'clock.

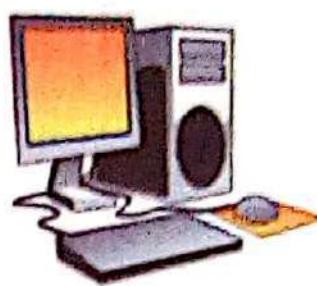
4 Look and write.

1.



He's a _____.

2.



It's a _____.

3.



I wash my _____ before I eat.

4.



He's wearing a _____.

5.



We buy vegetables at the _____.

6.



He grows food on a _____.

8 Read comprehension. Read and mark (✓) or (✗).

My name is Adel and this is my dad. In the morning, I get up at seven o'clock. My dad gets up at six o'clock. I go to school at eight o'clock. My dad goes to work at seven o'clock. I go to school by bus.

He goes to work by car.

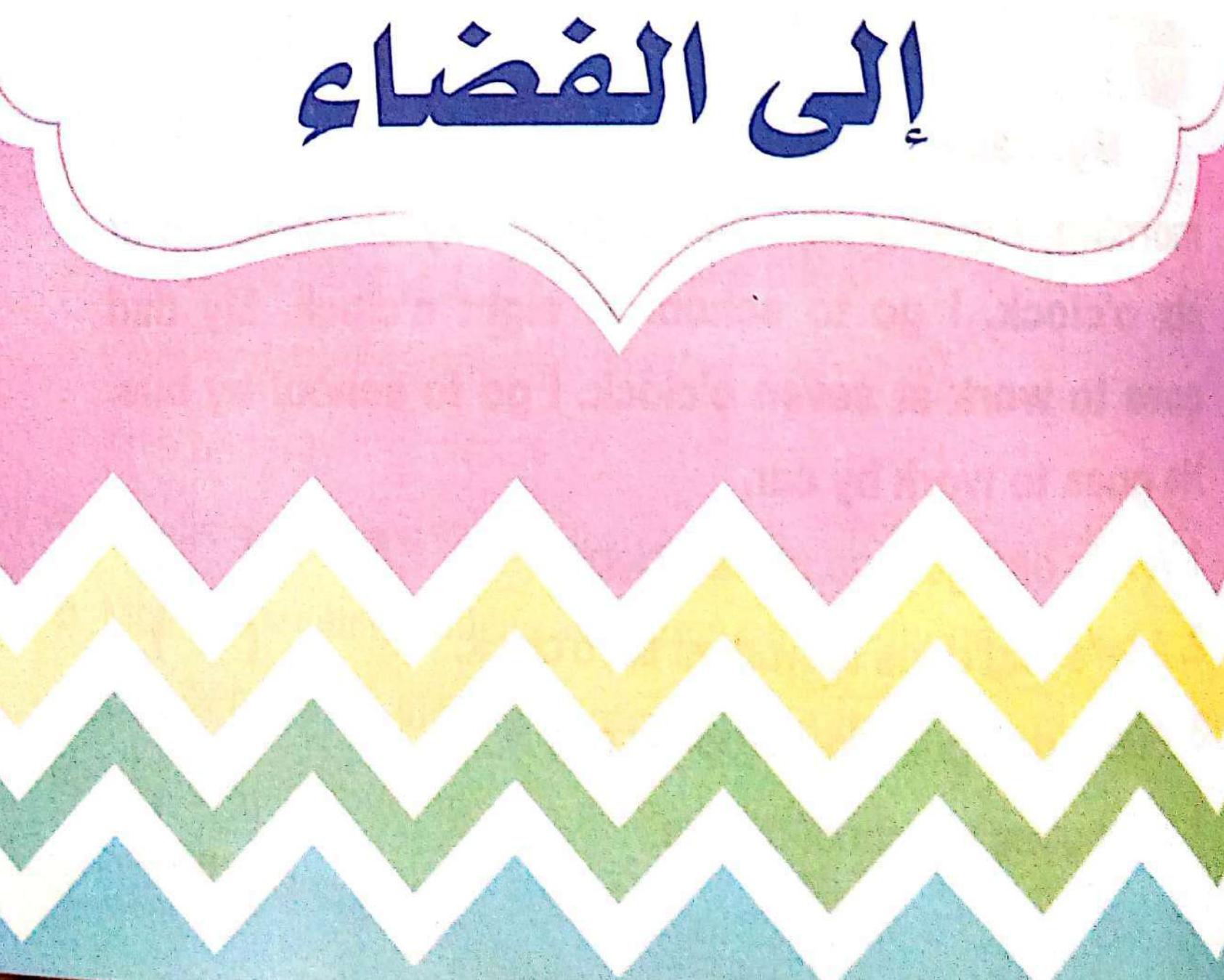
1. Adel's dad gets up at six o'clock. ()
2. Adel's dad goes to work at six o'clock. ()
3. Adel's dad goes to school by car. ()
4. Adel goes to school by bus. ()



Unit (4)

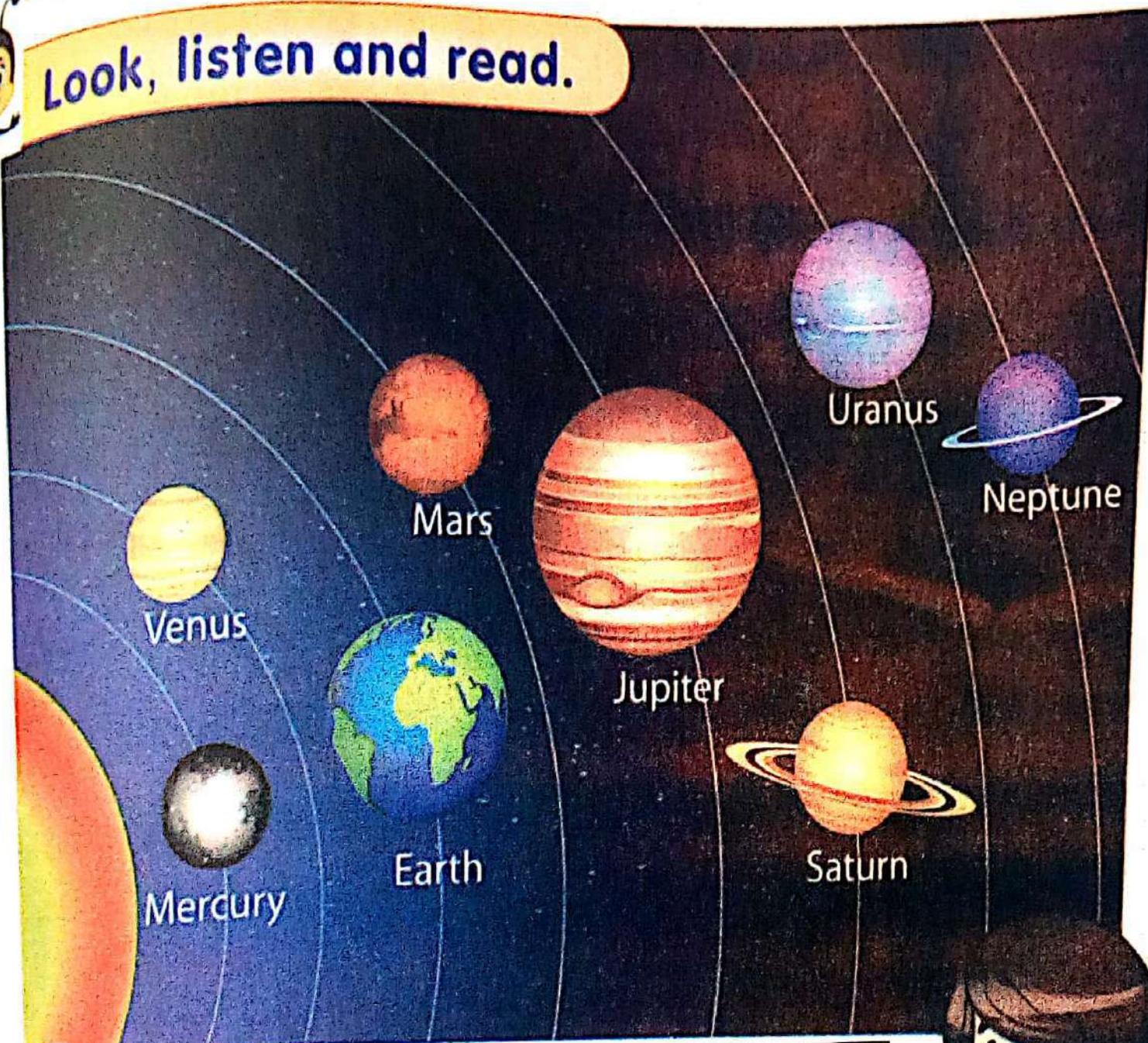
Into space

إلى الفضاء



Vocabulary

Look, listen and read.



Wow! This is amazing! **واو! أنه مدهش!**

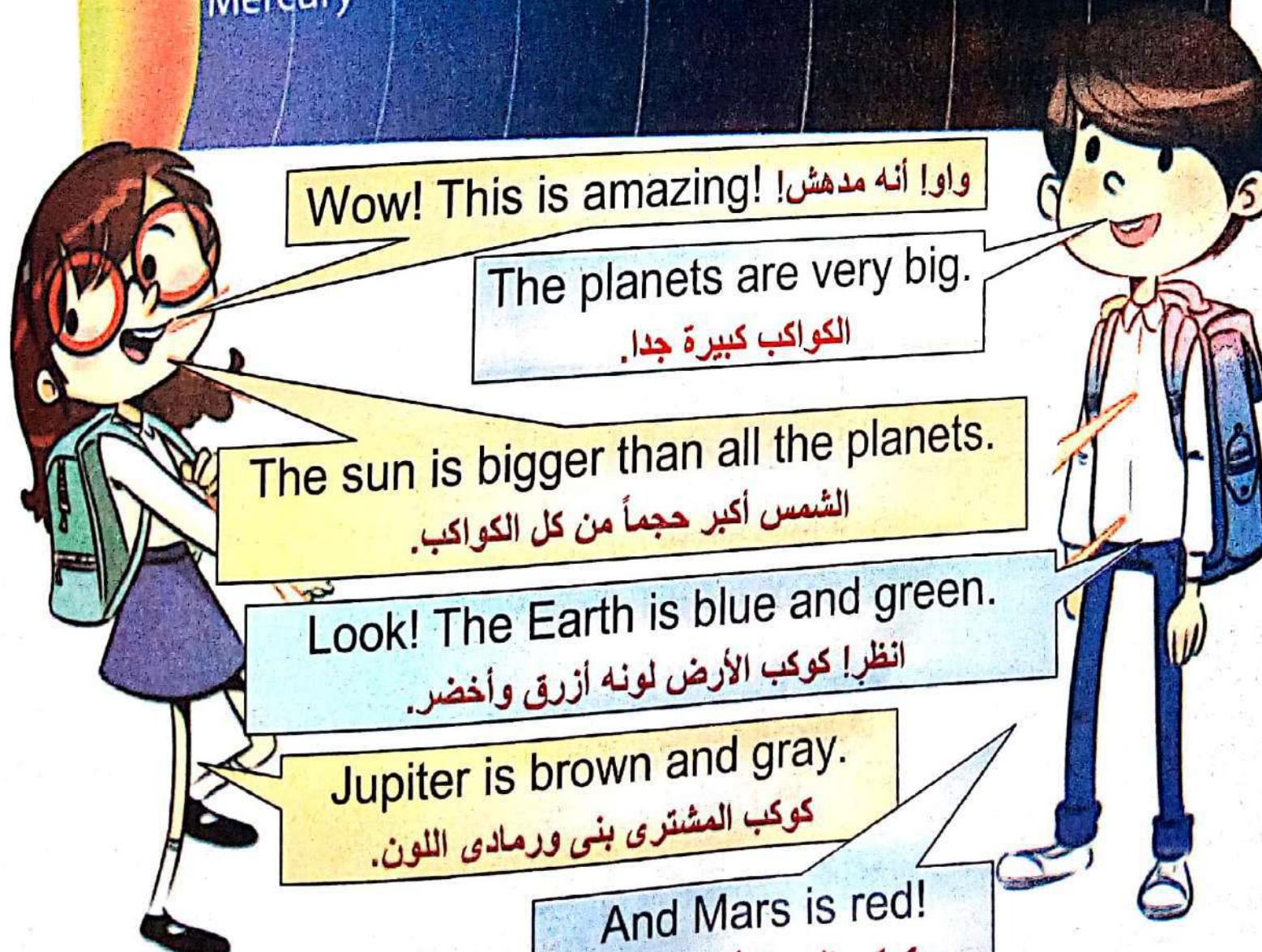
The planets are very big. **الكواكب كبيرة جداً.**

The sun is bigger than all the planets. **الشمس أكبر حجماً من كل الكواكب.**

Look! The Earth is blue and green. **انظري! كوكب الأرض لونه أزرق وأخضر.**

Jupiter is brown and gray. **كوكب المشترى بني ورمادي اللون.**

And Mars is red! **وكوكب المريخ أحمر اللون.**





Look, listen and say.



Venus



Mercury



Earth



Mars



Jupiter



Saturn



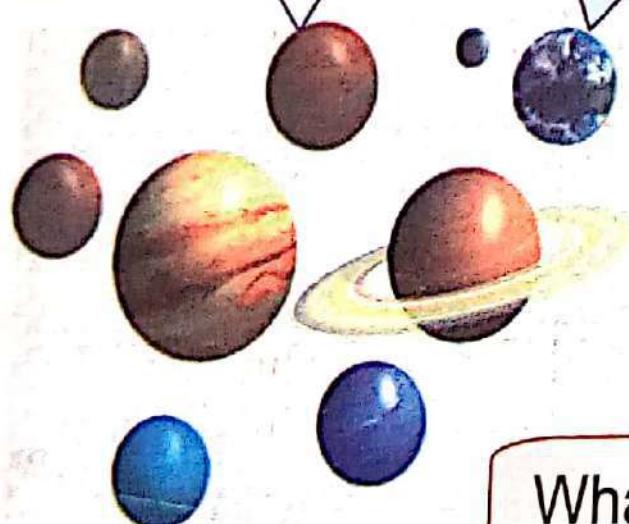
Uranus



Neptune

What are they?

They are planets.



What is this?



It's the Earth.

Vocabulary

space	فضاء - فراغ	كواكب بلوتو
Venus	كوكب الزهرة	مدهش
Mercury	كوكب عطارد	لون بني
Earth	كوكب الأرض	لون رمادي
Mars	كوكب المريخ	لون أزرق
Jupiter	كوكب المشتري	لون أخضر
Saturn	كوكب زحل	كوكب
Uranus	كوكب أورانوس	كبير الحجم
Neptune	كوكب نبتون	أكبر من
	planet	
	big	
	bigger than	

What is the Solar System?



هذه حساب العدد الترتيبى (The ordinal number) (موقع) الكوكب بالنسبة للشمس.

Mars is the fourth planet from the Sun.

كوكب المريخ هو الكوكب الرابع بقرينه من الشمس.

Earth is the third planet from the Sun.

كوكب الأرض هو الكوكب الثالث بقرينه من الشمس.

Saturn is the sixth planet from the Sun.

كوكب زحل هو الكوكب السادس بقرينه من الشمس.

Vocabulary

first	الأول
second	الثاني
third	الثالث
fourth	الرابع
Solar system	النظام الشمسي

fifth	الخامس
sixth	السادس
seventh	السابع
eighth	الثامن
ninth	التاسع
tenth	العاشر



Look, read and write (T) or (F).

1. Earth is the third planet. ()
2. Jupiter is the fifth planet. ()
3. Mercury is the ninth planet. ()
4. Neptune is the eighth planet. ()



Look and complete.

1	2	.....	4	.....
first	.....	third	.....	fifth

6	.....	8	.....	10
.....	seventh	.....	ninth	.....



Read and write.

1. is the fourth planet from the Sun.
2. is the sixth planet from the Sun.
3. is the fifth planet from the Sun.
4. is the second planet from the Sun.
5. is the first planet from the Sun.
6. is the third planet from the Sun.

language use



The planets are very big.

الكواكب كبيرة جدا في الحجم.

Earth is bigger than Mars.

كوكب الأرض أكبر من كوكب المريخ.

Earth is smaller than Jupiter.

كوكب الأرض أصغر من كوكب المشتري.

Mercury is closer to the Sun than Venus.

كوكب عطارد أكثر قرابةً إلى الشمس من كوكب الزهرة.

Neptune is farther from the Sun than Mars.

كوكب نبتون أكثر بعداً من الشمس من كوكب المريخ.

Vocabulary

comparison

مقارنة

big

كبير

small

أصغر

close

قريب

far

بعيد

صفة

adjective

أكبر من

bigger than

أصغر من

smaller than

أقرب من

closer than

أبعد من

farther than

Comparative adjectives صفات المقارنة

عند المقارنة بين اثنين نستخدم:

adj. / الصلة + er + than

Earth is bigger than Mars.

كوكب الأرض أكبر من كوكب المريخ.

1 Earth is smaller than Jupiter.

كوكب الأرض أصغر من كوكب المشتري.

Superlative adjectives صفات التفضيل

عند مقارنة بين أكثر من اثنين نستخدم:

the + adj./ الصلة + est

Neptune is the coldest planet.

كوكب نبتون هو الأكثر برودة.

Venus is the hottest planet.

كوكب الزهرة هو الأكثر حرارة.

1 Neptune is the farthest planet.

كوكب نبتون هو الأكثر بعداً.



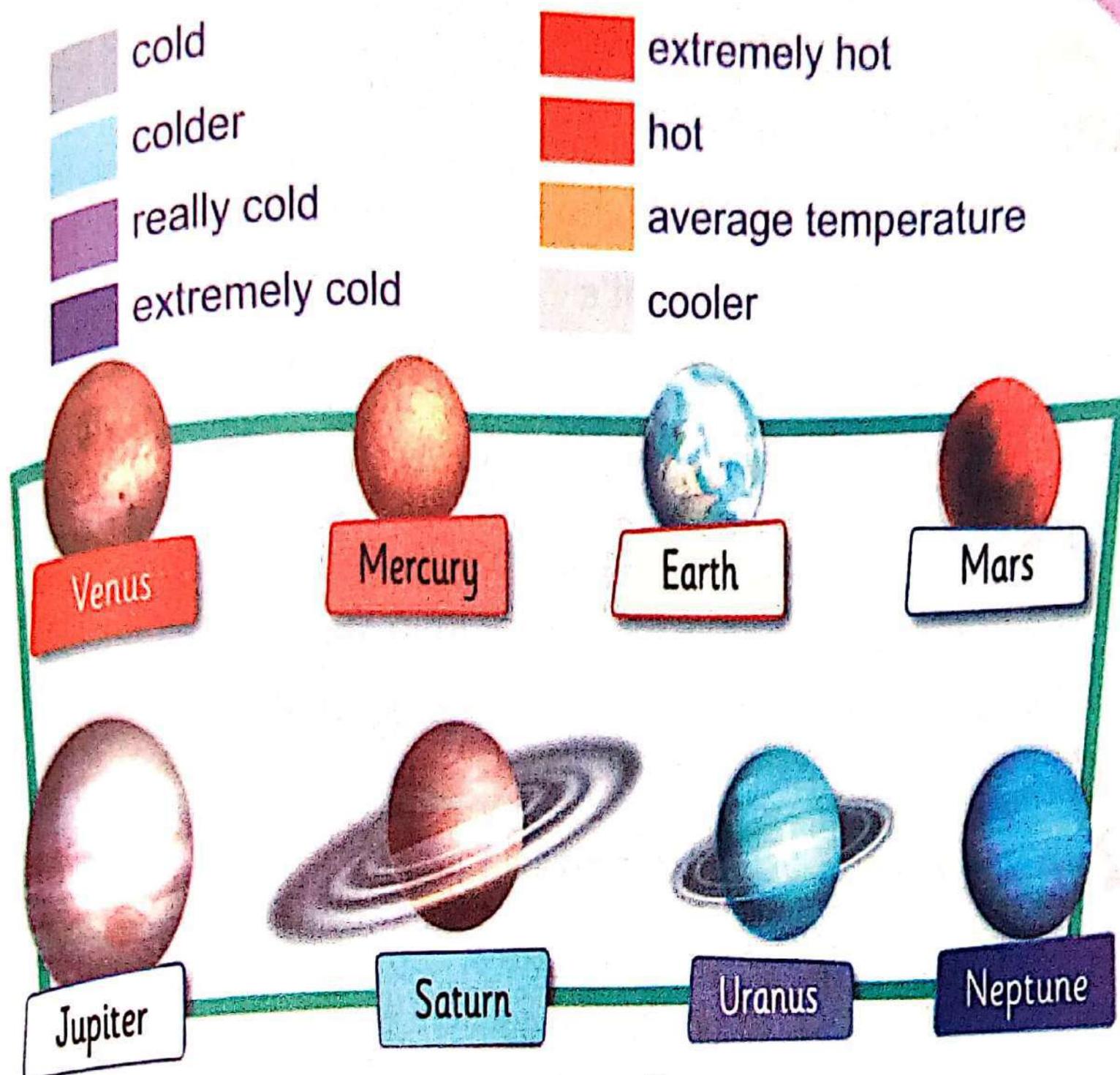
Look, read and write (T) or (F).

1. Earth is smaller than Mars. ()
2. Earth is smaller than Jupiter. ()
3. Mercury is closer to the Sun than Venus. ()
4. Neptune is closer to the Sun than Mars. ()



Read and write.

1. Mars is than the Earth.
2. Mercury is to the Sun than Mars.
3. Jupiter is than the Earth.
4. Saturn from the Sun than Venus.
5. Venus is than Uranus.
6. Mars is to the Earth than Neptune.



Venus is the hottest planet. It is 456°C !

الزهرة هو الأكثـر حرارة ، درجة حرارته 465 درجة.

Mercury is closer to the Sun than Venus, but Venus is hotter.

كوكـب عـطارـد أـكـثـر قـرـبـاً إـلـى الشـمـس مـن الـزـهـرـة وـلـكـن الـزـهـرـة أـكـثـر حرـارـة.

Neptune is the farthest planet from the Sun. It is also the

Kokb Nebتون هو الأبعد من الشمس وهو الأكثـر بـرـودـة.

Vocabulary

cold	بارد
colder	أكـثـر بـرـودـة مـن
really cold	بارـد بـالـفـعـل
extremely cold	بارـد جـداً
cooler	أكـثـر بـرـودـة مـن

extremely hot	حار للـغاـية
hot	حار
average	مـتوـسـط
temperature	حرـارـة



Do the planet quiz.

1. It's the fourth planet from the Sun. It's colder than Earth.
It's smaller than Jupiter. **It's**
2. It's the biggest planet in the solar system. **It's**
3. It's the second planet from the Sun. It's the hottest planet.
It's
4. It's hotter than Uranus. It's colder than Jupiter. **It's**
5. It's the smallest planet in the solar system. **It's**



Look, read and write (T) or (F).

1. Earth is colder than Mercury. ()
2. Mercury is hotter than Neptune. ()
3. Neptune is farther from the Sun than Jupiter. ()
4. Jupiter is the coldest planet. ()
5. Venus is the hottest planet. ()
6. Mars is the farthest planet from the Sun. ()



Read and write (cold - hot).

1. Mars is than the Earth.
2. Mercury is than Mars.
3. Jupiter is than the Earth.
4. Saturn than Venus.
5. Venus is than Uranus.
6. Mars is than Neptune.

Phonics



big : bigger

fit : fitter

hot : hotter

thin : thinner

عند إضافة **er** للصفات القصيرة المنتهية بحرف ساكن مسبوق بحرف متحرك، يضاعف
الحرف الأخير للصفة ثم نضيف **er**.

رفيع - نحيف

thin



thinner

أكثُر نحافة

لائق بدنياً

fit



fitter

أكثُر لياقة بدنية

كبير الحجم

big



bigger

أكثُر حجمًا

Jupiter is big



The Sun is bigger

Venus is hot



The Sun is hotter.

The red bag is big

The blue bag is bigger

That house is better than my house.

The magazine is thinner than the book.

Vocabulary

Egypt

مصر

Spain

أسبانيا

Kuwait

دولة الكويت

house

منزل

magazine

مجلة

bag

حقيبة

Activities

On lessons 1,2,3

1 Underline the correct words in brackets.

1. The Earth is blue and (pink - green - black).
2. (Earth - Jupiter - Mercury) is brown and gray.
3. (Mars - Saturn - Neptune) is red.
4. The planets are very (small - big - thin).
5. The (Sun - Moon - Mercury) is bigger than all planets.
6. Mercury is closer to the (sky - Sun - land).
7. (Earth - Mars - Mercury) is the first planet from the Sun.
8. Mars is the (first - third - fourth) planet from the Sun.
9. Mars is (bigger - smaller - higher) than the Earth.
10. Uranus is (cold - colder - coldest) than Saturn.

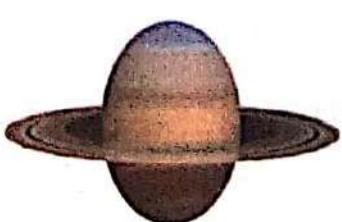
2 Supply the missing letters.



E__th



M_rc_ry



S_t_rn



J_p_ter



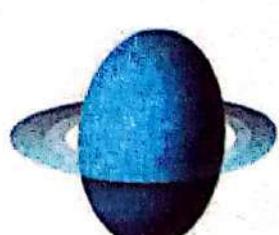
M__s



V_n_s



N_pt_ne



U__nus

3 Rearrange.

fourth - Mars - is - the - planet - from - the Sun.

1. are - The - planets - big - very.
2. brown - gray - and - Jupiter - is.
3. all - bigger - The Sun - is - than - the planets.

4 Look and write.

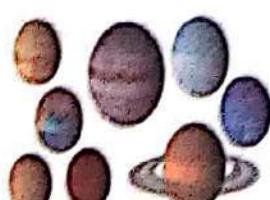
1. My cat is thin, but your cat is



2. Egypt is than Spain.



3. The planets are very



4. Mars is the planet from the Sun.



5 Match.

1. Jack is fitter

a. bigger than Venus.

2. Earth is smaller

b. to the Sun.

3. Mercury is closer

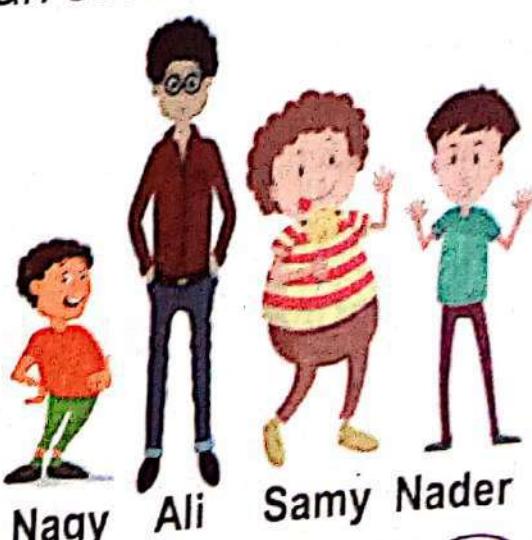
c. than Saturn.

4. Jupiter is

d. than John.

6 Look and write.

1. Ali is the



2. Samy is the

3. Nagy is the

4. Nader is the

Connect with Science



Listen and read.



Vocabulary

star	نجمة	سماء
galaxy	مجرة	الشمس
planet	كوكب	القمر
constellation	مجموعة نجوم	ظل
cloud	سحابة	غاز
move	يتحرك	ظلم
shape	شكل	يتصل بـ
connect with		

A **planet**: Jupiter is one of these.

المشتري هو أحد هذه الكواكب.

A **constellation**: A group of stars. They make a shape in the sky.

مجموعة من النجوم يكونوا شكلًا في السماء ليلاً.

The **Moon**: It's big. You can see it in the sky at night.

القمر : هو كبير الحجم ونراه في السماء ليلاً.

A **galaxy**: Lots of stars and planets.

المجرة: الكثير من النجوم والكواكب.

What's the weather like?

ما هي حالة الطقس؟



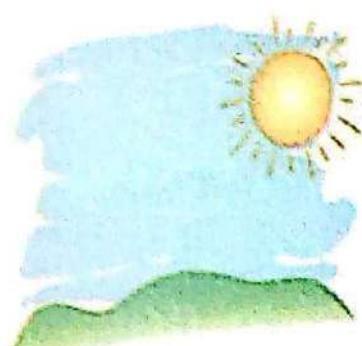
It's **hot**.



It's **rainy**.



It's **cloudy**.



It's **sunny**.



It's **snowy**.



It's **windy**.



It's **cold**.



It's **foggy**.

Vocabulary

It's hot.

انه حار.

It's cloudy.

انه غائم.

It's sunny.

انه مشمس.

It's snowy.

انه ينزل ثلج.

It's rainy.

انه ممطر.

It's windy.

انه عاصف.

It's cold.

انه بارد.

It's foggy.

انه ملي بالضباب.

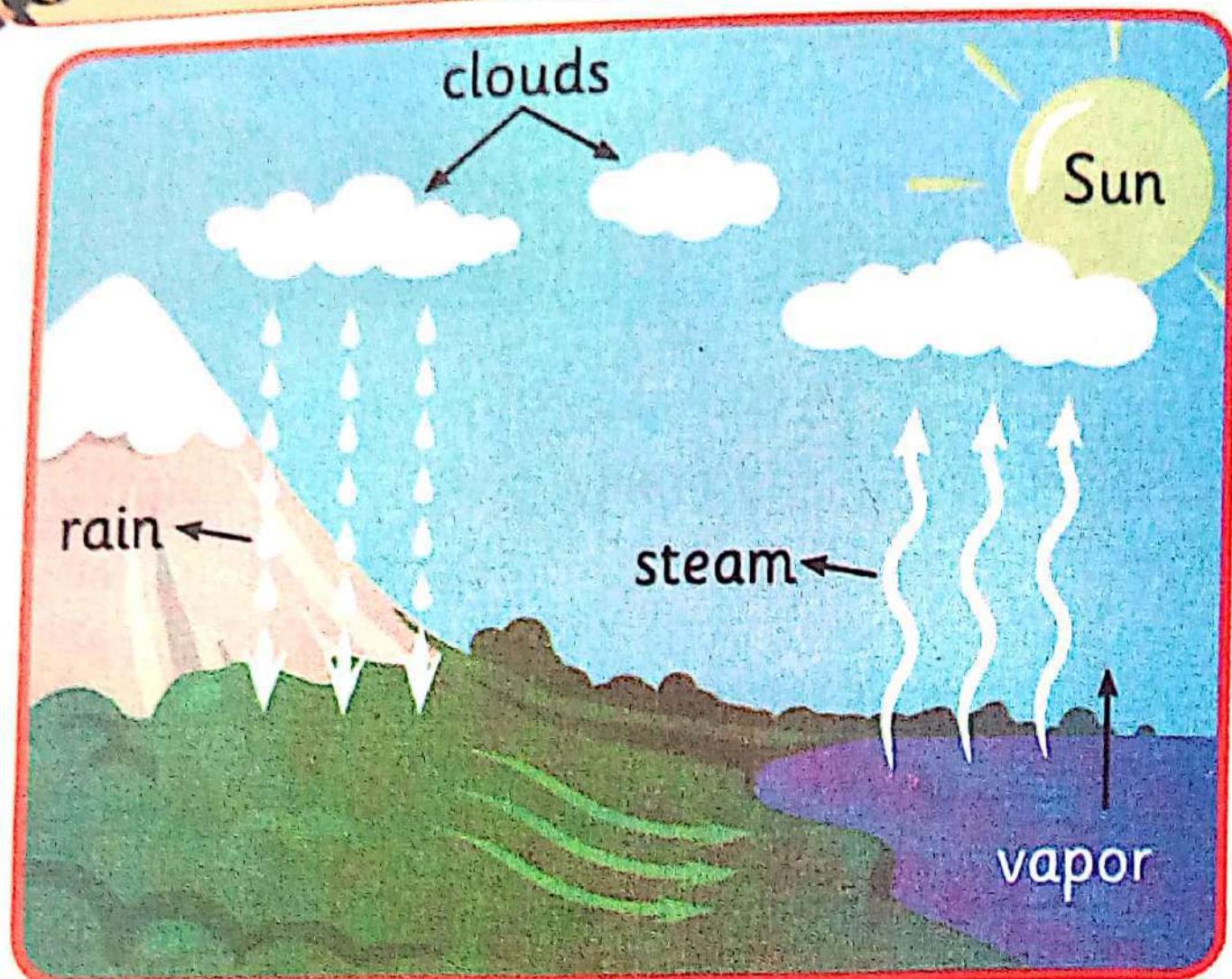
What's the weather like today?

ما هي حالة الطقس اليوم؟

It's



Listen and read.



The Sun makes water hot.

الشمس تجعل الماء ساخن.

Hot water turns to vapor.

الماء الساخن يتبخر.

Steam rises to make clouds.

البخار يرتفع ليكون سحب.

Wind makes the clouds move.

الرياح تحرك السحب.

The clouds get colder.

السحب تزداد برودة.

Water falls from the sky as rain or snow.

الماء يسقط من السماء على شكل مطر أو ثلج.

Vocabulary

the Sun

الشمس

vapor

يتبخر

cloud

سحابة

colder

أكثر برودة

water

ماء

steam

بخار

move

يتحرك

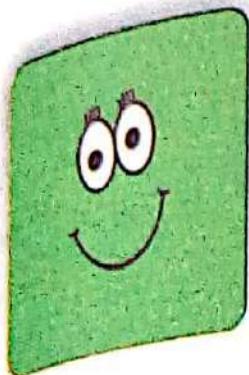
fall

يسقط - يقع

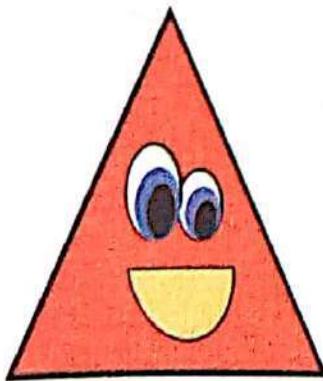
CLIL: Math and Science



Listen and read.



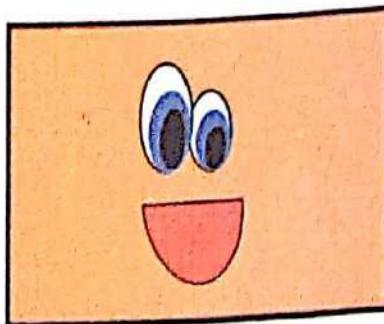
square



triangle



circle



rectangle

Study the following:

Solid objects have a shape.

الأجسام الصلبة لها شكل.



Clouds and vapor are gas.

They don't have a shape.

السحب والبخار غازات. ليس لديهم أشكال.



Vocabulary

square	مربع
circle	دائرة
shape	شكل
gas	غاز

triangle	مثلث
rectangle	مستطيل
solid	صلب
vapor	بخار

Science: Shadow

ما الذي يصنع الظل؟

What makes a shadow?

Light travels in straight lines.

الضوء يسير في خطوط مستقيمة.

Light can come from the Sun.

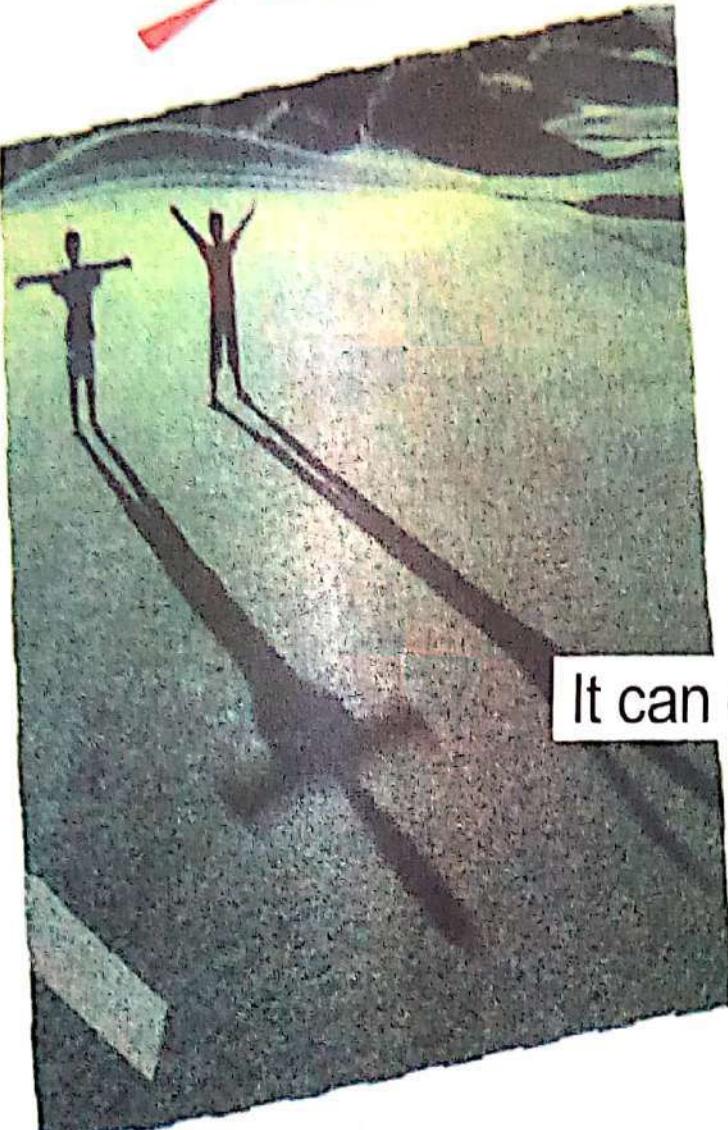
الضوء يأتي من الشمس.

It can come from a **flashlight** or a **lightbulb**.

يمكن أن يأتي من كشاف أو مصباح كهربى.

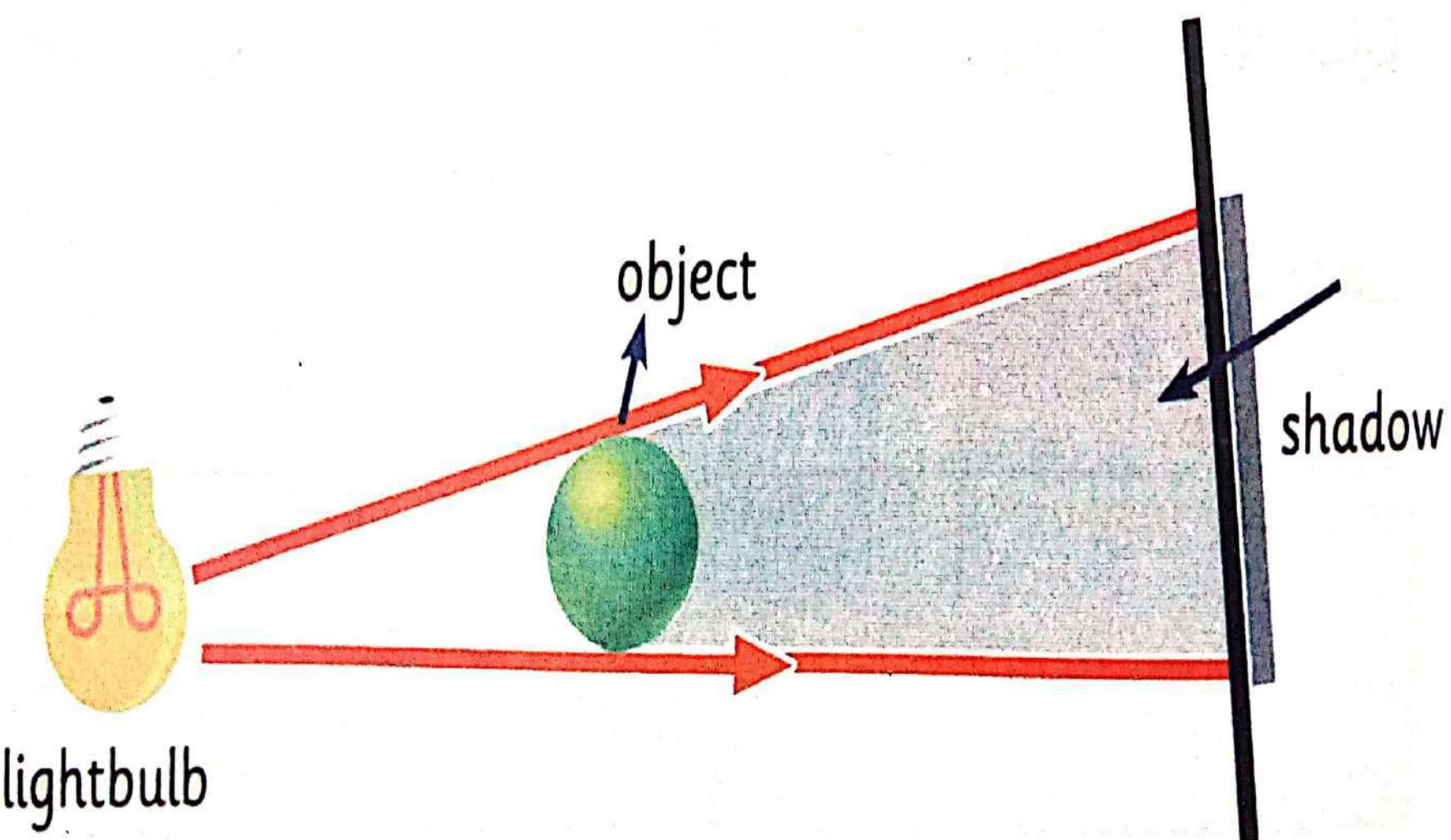
Light can't go through **solid** objects.

لا يسير الضوء خالل الأجسام الصلبة.



We see a shadow on the opposite side of the **object**.

نستطيع أن نرى الظل في الجانب الآخر للجسم الصلب.



lightbulb

Vocabulary

shadow	ظل
torch	كساف بطارية
light bulb	مصابح كهربى
opposite	الأخر - المعاكس
side	جانب
lines	خطوط

travel	رسالفر - ينتقل
light	ضوء
solid	صلب
object	شيء
straight	مستقيم
curly	موج



Read and tick the correct sentences.

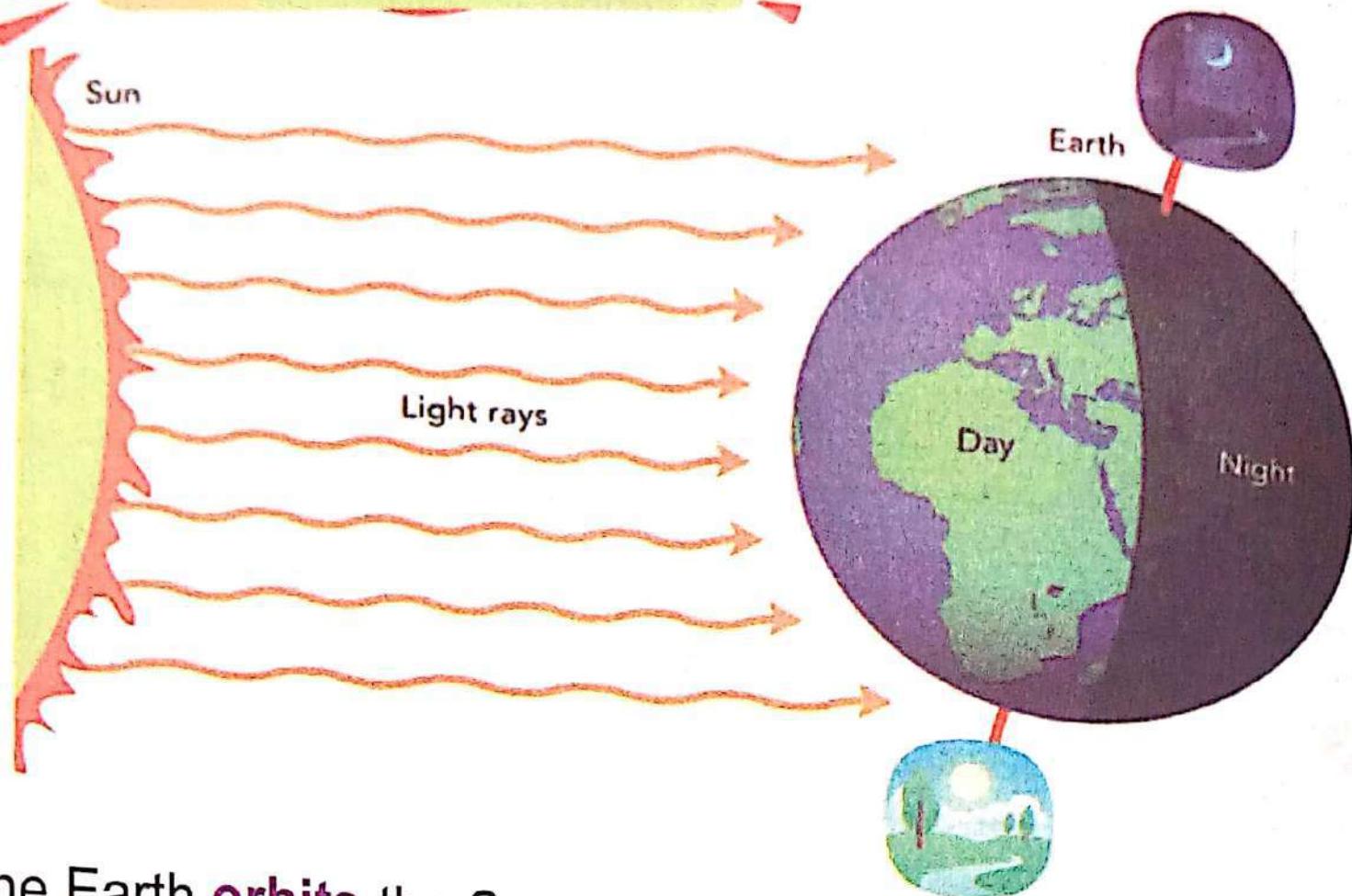
1. Light travels in straight lines. ()
2. Light can go through solid objects. ()
3. Light can come from different things. ()



Complete the sentences.

1. Light travels in lines.
2. Light can come from the
3. It can come from a or a
4. Light can't go through objects.
5. We see a shadow on the side of the object.

CLIL: Math and Science



The Earth **orbits** the Sun.

الأرض تدور حول الشمس.

This means it travels around the Sun in a circle.

هذا يعني أنها تلف حول الشمس في شكل دائري.

It takes 365 days to **orbit** the Sun.

هي تستغرق 365 يوماً لتلف لفة كاملة حول الشمس.

This is a year.

وهذا يعتبر عاماً.

The earth also **spins** on its **axis**.

الأرض أيضاً تدور حول محورها.

This takes 24 hours. This is one day and one night.

وهذا يستغرق 24 ساعة وهذا يُعد يوماً وليلة.

When it is day time, we can see the light from the Sun.

أثناء وقت النهار نستطيع أن نرى الضوء من الشمس.

When it is night time, we can't see light from the Sun.

وقت الليل لا نستطيع أن نرى الضوء من الشمس.

When it is day time in Egypt, it is night time in New Zealand.

عندما يكون في مصر وقت النهار يكون في نيوزلندا وقت الليل.

Vocabulary

night	ليل
orbit	يدور في فلك
hours	ساعات
axis	محور

day	نهار
spin	يدور
year	عام
New Zealand	نيوزيلندا



Read and complete.

1. The spins on its axis. It turns around in a This takes hours. This is one and one night.



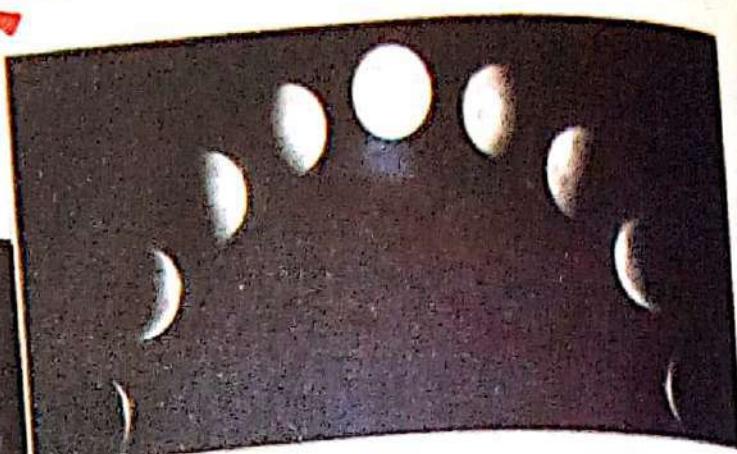
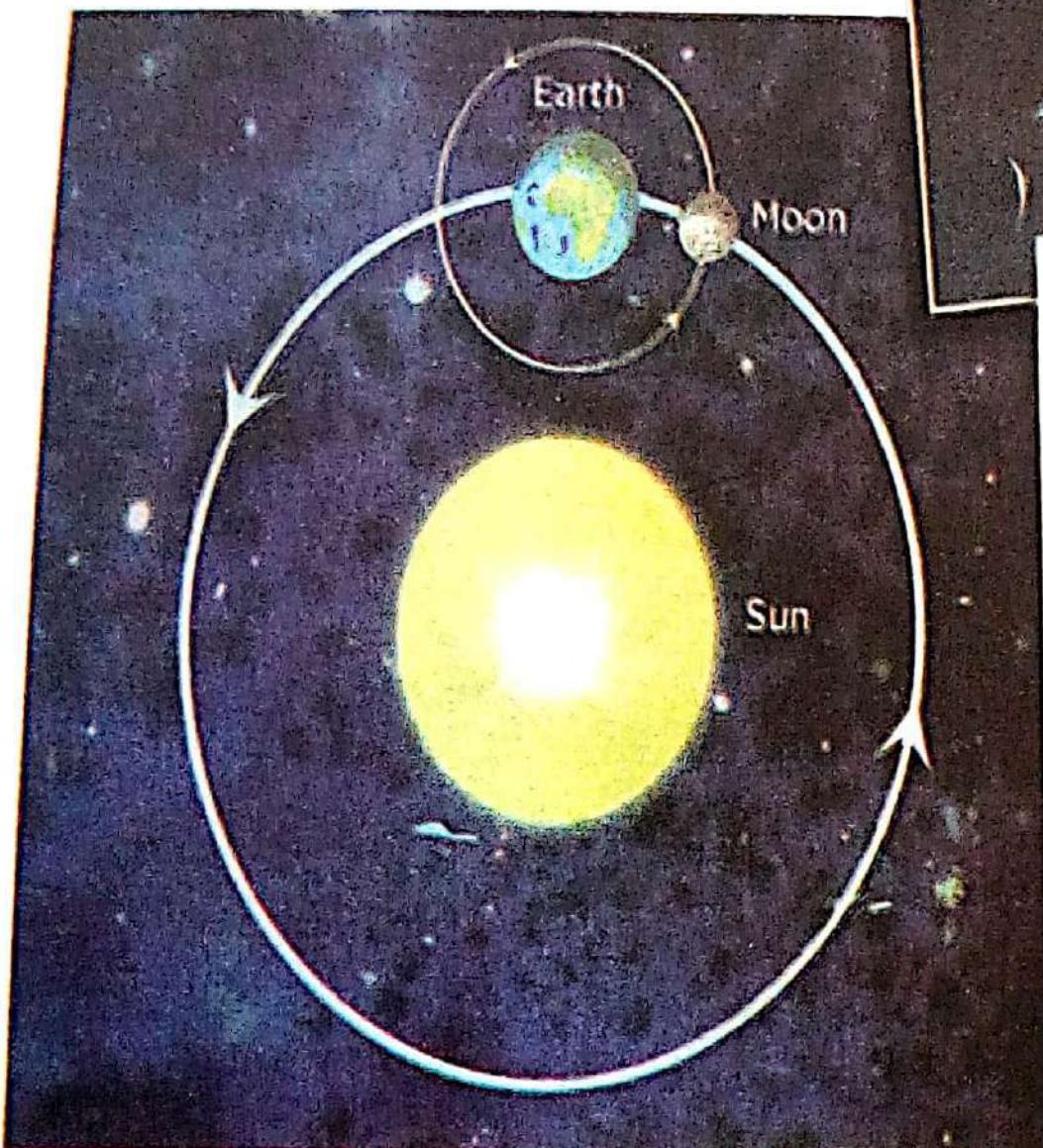
2. The Earth travels around the This takes days. This is one



Read and circle (T) or (F).

1. One day and one night is 44 hours. ()
2. In the day, we can see the light from the Sun. ()
3. At night, we can't see the light from the Sun. ()
4. Day time in Egypt is day time in New Zealand. ()

The Moon



At night time, we can see the Moon in the sky.
في وقت الليل نستطيع أن نرى القمر حول الشمس.

The Moon doesn't make light.

القمر لا يصنع ضوء.

It **reflects** light from the Sun.

هو يعكس الضوء من الشمس.

The Moon **orbits** the Earth.

القمر يدور حول الشمس.

It takes about 27 days to orbit Earth.

بستغرق 27 يوماً ليكمل دورته حول الأرض.

The Moon **looks** different as it **orbits** the Earth.

القمر يظهر في أشكال مختلفة أثناء دورانه حول الأرض.

Sometimes we can see all of it.

أحياناً نستطيع أن نراه كاملاً.

Sometimes we can only see a small **part** of it.

وأحياناً نستطيع أن نرى جزء صغير منه.

Vocabulary

reflect
turn around
part
orbit

يُعْكِس ، يُنْعَكِس
يَلْفَحُ حَوْلَ
جَزْءٌ
مَدَارٌ - فَلَكٌ

take
hour
sometimes
different

يَلْفَذُ . يَسْتَفِرُ
سَاعَةٌ
أَحْيَانًا
مُخْتَلِفٌ



Read and complete.

1. We can see the Moon in the at night.
2. The Moon the Earth.
3. It takes 27 for the Moon to orbit the Earth.
4. The Moon light from the Sun.
5. The Moon travels around the
6. The Moon takes days to go around the Earth.
7. At we can see the Moon in the sky.
8. The Moon reflects the light from the
9. Every day the of the Moon looks different.

Values



Listen and read.

How can you find out about the world around me?
كيف تستطيع استكشاف العالم من حولي؟



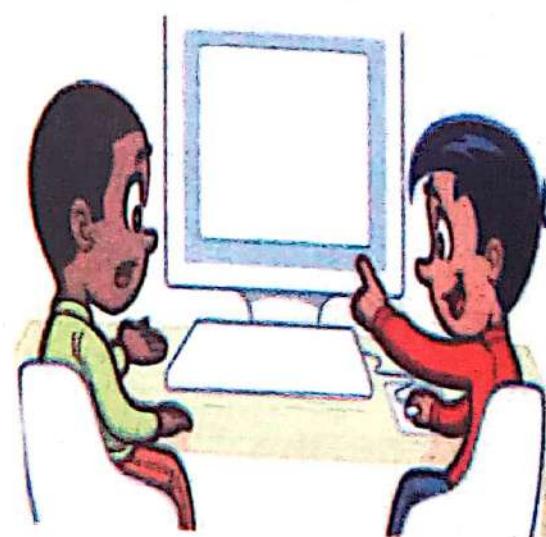
You can read books.
تستطيع أن تقرأ كتب.



You can read magazines.
تستطيع أن تقرأ مجلات.



You can ask questions.
تستطيع أن تسأل أسئلة.



You can find out information
online.
تستطيع أن تكتشف معلومات على شبكة الانترنت.

There is so much to discover about our world.
Read, ask, find out and learn!

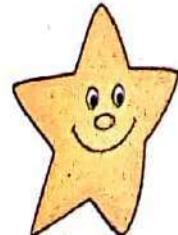
Activities

On lessons 4,5,6

1 Underline the correct words in brackets.

1. A (galaxy - moon - planet) Jupiter is one of these.
2. Lots of stars and planets are called (constellations - galaxy - moon).
3. What is the weather (love - like - bike)?
4. (Solid - Gas - Soul) objects have a shape.
5. Clouds and vapor are (solid - gas - soil).
6. Clouds doesn't have (shop - ship - shape).
7. Light travels in (curly - straight - street) lines.
8. The Earth spins on its (axis - axe - axes).
9. The Earth (sails - fails - orbits) the Sun.
10. The Moon doesn't make (fight - light - tight).

2 Supply the missing letters.



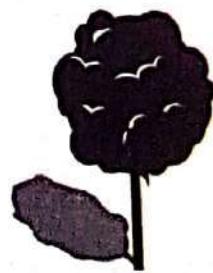
st__



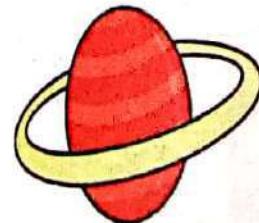
circ __



m__n



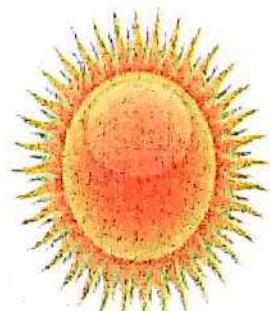
shad __



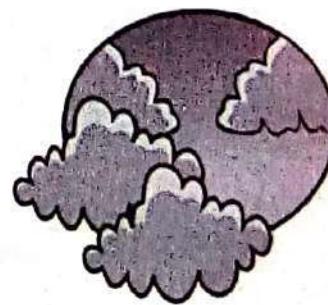
plan__



g_l_xy



s__ny



cl__dy

3 Read and match.

1. What's the weather a. straight lines.
2. Clouds and vapor b. have a shape.
3. Solid objects c. like?
4. Light travels in d. are gas.

4 Rearrange the following:

1. makes - **The Sun** - hot - water.

2. weather - **What's** - the - like?

3. lines - straight - in - **Light** - travels.

4. magazines - read - **You** - can.

5 Look and write.

1.



You can read a

2.



It's

3.



It's a

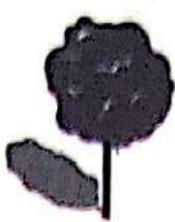
4.



Solid objects a shape.

6 Circle the correct picture.

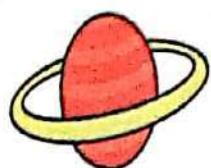
1. shadow



2. windy



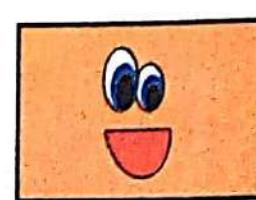
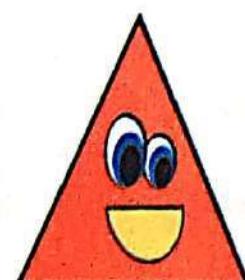
3. star



4. Earth



5. triangle



7 Circle the odd one out.

1. Earth - Mars - Mercury - dust

2. windy - dirty - foggy - rainy

3. triangle - rectangle - tree - circle

4. paper - book - sky - magazine



Unit (5)

A boat trip

رحلة بالقارب

Vocabulary

Look, listen and read.



Vocabulary

boat	قارب
animal	حيوان
Let's go.	هيا نذهب.
bird	طائر

trip

river

That sounds fun.

رحلة قصيرة

نهر

هذا يبدو ممتعاً.

عند تقديم الاقتراح:

(مصدر الفعل)

Let's go.

هيا نذهب.

Let's eat.

هيا نأكل.

عند إبداء الرأي:

That sounds fun.

هذا يبدو ممتعاً.

لاحظ: عند إبداء الرغبة في فعل شيء ما:

(مصدر الفعل)

I want to see some birds.

أريد أن أرى بعض الطيور.



Read and circle.



Look at **that** / **it**.



It's a big **boat** / **river**.



Where / **When** does it go?



It goes on the **sea** / **river**.



That sounds **fun** / **good**.



Let's **go** / **see**. I want to see some **animals** / **birds**.



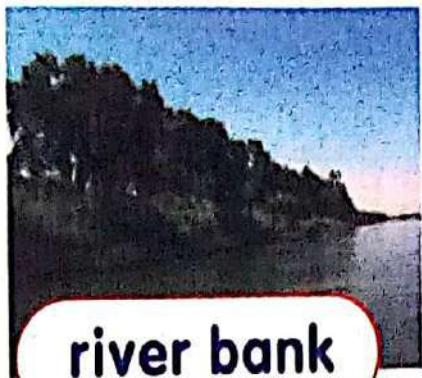
I want to see some **animals** / **birds**.

Reading

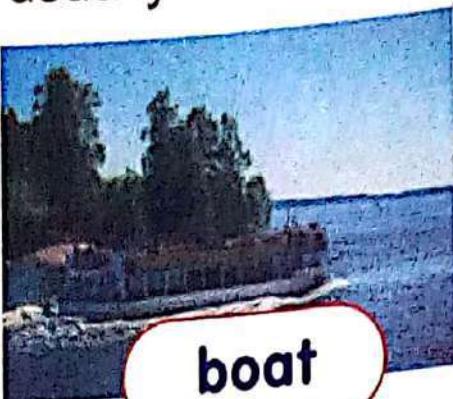
After school, I go to the river. I see grass and plants. I also see some animals. I want to see a crocodile, but I usually see ducks.



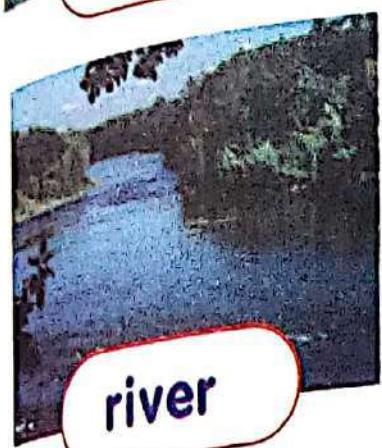
grass



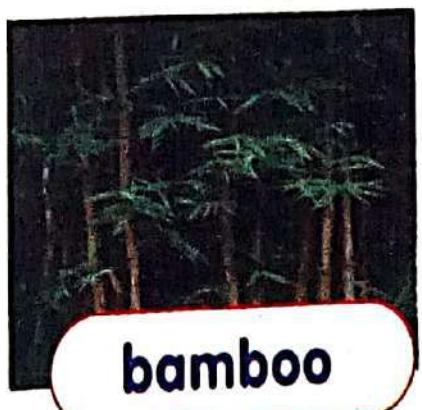
river bank



boat



river



bamboo



tree

Vocabulary

grass

عشب

river bank

ضفة النهر

boat

قارب

bamboo

شجرة الباامبو

crocodile

تمساح

duck

بطة

number

رقم

plants

نباتات

usually

عادة

river

نهر

tree

شجرة

fish

سمكة

عند السؤال عما تستطيع أن ترى:

What do you see?

I see



عند السؤال عن ماذا ت يريد أن ترى:

What do you want to see?

I want to see



Read and write.



..... do you want to see?

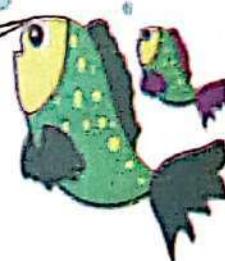


I to see some birds.



What to see?

I



What

.....?



Read and match.

1. Where does it go?

a. it does go.

2. That sounds

b. some animals.

3. I want to see

c. a big boat.

4. It is

d. fun.

e. It goes on the river.

Language use



Vocabulary

turtle	سلحفاة مائية
stork	طائر اللقلق
owl	بومة
crocodile	تمساح
number	رقم

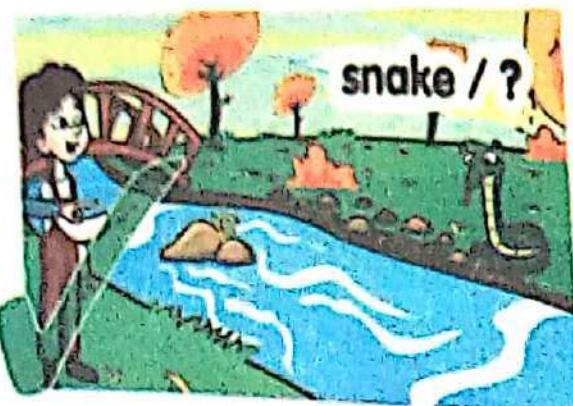
hippo	فرس النهر
snake	ثعبان
camel	جمل
conversation	محادثة
language	لغة

Ask with (Was it?)

عند الاستفسار عن شيء ما

Was that?

هل كان هذا؟



Was that a snake?

Was that an owl?

Yes, it is.

No, it wasn't.

No, it wasn't. It's a tree.



Read and write.

1. Was that a fish?

No, it wasn't. It was a



2. a stork?

No, it It was a



3. a hippo?

No,

It a



Reading



We were on a boat trip yesterday! It was great fun. It was a sunny day. There were lots of birds next to the river.



There were **storks**, **parrots** and **flamingos**.

There weren't any **owls**.

We usually see owls at night time.

There were **turtles** and fish in the river too. There was a big turtle. It was brown and green. There were lots of big fish and small fish in the water. There weren't any **crocodiles**.



storks



flamingo



owl



parrots



crocodiles



turtle

Vocabulary

on a boat trip	رحلة بالقارب	yesterday	الأمس
sunny day	يوم مشمس	great fun	متعة كبيرة
parrot	ببغاء	flamingo	طائر flamango
at night	ليلًا	stork	طائر اللقلق
turtle	سلحفاة	crocodiles	تمساح
weekend	عطلة الأسبوع		

There was

كان يوجد للمفرد

اسم مفرد

There was a turtle.

There were

كان يوجد للجمع

اسم جمع

There were storks.

عند النفي

There was + not + a

There was not a book.

There were + not +

There were not storks.

was not = wasn't

were not = weren't



Look and write.



1 there / be /

There was a turtle.



2

there / be /



3

there / be /



4

there / not be / any



5

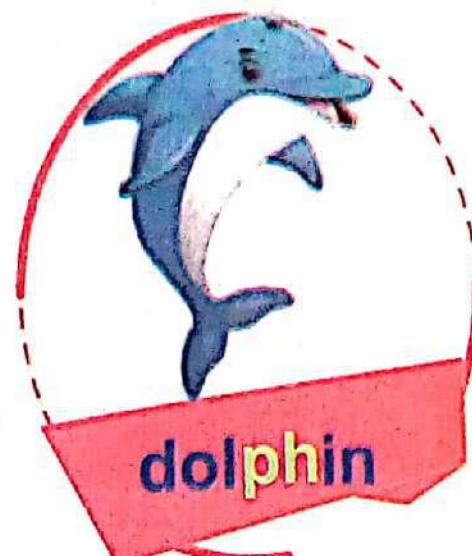
there / not be /

Phonics



Look and read.

ph



dolphin



phone

wh



whale



wheel

Vocabulary

dolphin	دولفين
phone	تلفون
kind	طيب - عطوف
tail	نيل
funny	مضحك
talk on the phone	يكلم في التليفون

whale	حوت
wheel	عجلة (سيارة)
dangerous	خطير
old x young	كبير السن x صغير السن
big x small	كبير الحجم x صغير الحجم
look at	ينظر إلى



Look and write.

The is looking at
the



The is looking at
the



عند وصف شخص أو شيء ما نستخدم:

(V. to. be) (am / is / are) + **الصفة**

It is very big.

He is tall.

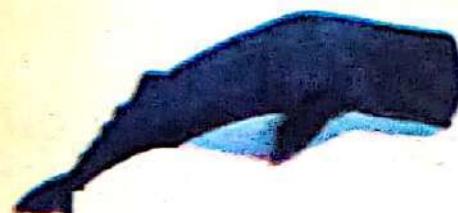
هو يكون طويلاً. أنه كبير جداً.

Some birds are small.

بعض الطيور تكون صغيرة.

عند وصف شخص أو شيء ما بالأكثر صفة:

(V. to. be) (am / is / are) + **very** + **الصفة**



It's a big whale.

هذا الحوت كبير.



It's a very big whale.

هذا الحوت كبير جداً.

Some birds are small.

بعض الطيور تكون صغيرة.



Look and read.

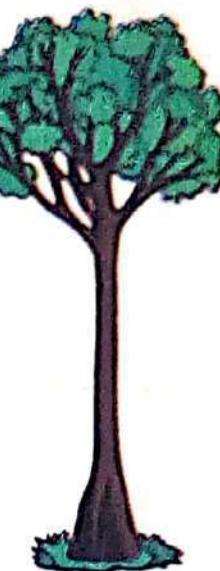
1. Some snakes are very dangerous.



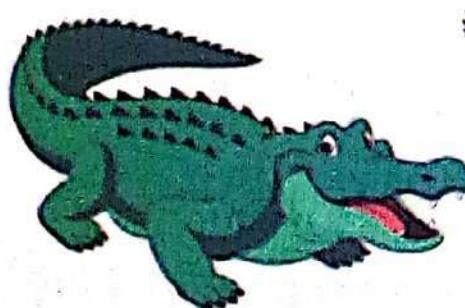
2. Some birds are very small.



3. Some trees are very tall.



4. Some crocodiles are very long.



Think of someone who is.

very funny

very tall

very young

very kind

very old

1. My mom is very kind.



2. My dad is very tall.

3. My brother is very young.

4. My friend is very funny.

5. My grandparents are very old.

Activities

On lessons 1,2,3

1

Underline the correct words in brackets.

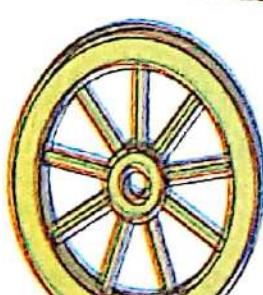
1. Where (do - does - doing) it go?
2. Let's (go - goes - going)!
3. That (sound - sounds - sounding) fun.
4. What do you see (bye - by - buy) the river?
5. There (was - were - am) lots of fish.
6. We were (at - of - on) a boat trip.
7. There (was - were - are) a turtle.
8. There (was - were - aren't) any crocodiles,
9. It goes (of - on - off) the river.
10. (Was - Were - Are) that a camel?

2

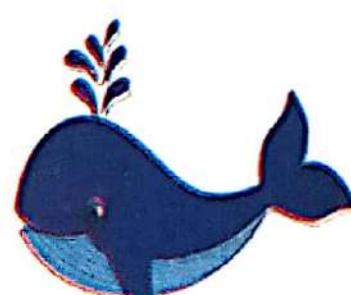
Supply the missing letters.



_ _ one



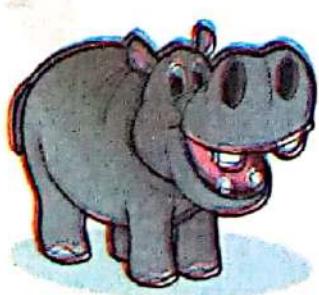
_ _ eel



_ _ ale



dol_ _ in



h_ _ po



sn_ _ e

3 Rearrange.

1. a very - It's - big - hippo.
2. does - Where - it - go?
3. sounds - That - fun.
4. see - I - to - want - some - animals.

4 Look and write.

1. Was that a?

Yes, it was.



2. It's a very big



3. I want to see some



4. It's a

5 Circle the odd one out.

1. hippo - snake - camel - book
2. turtle - pencil - pencil case - bag
3. was - were - bird - is
4. fish - Earth - Mercury - Mars

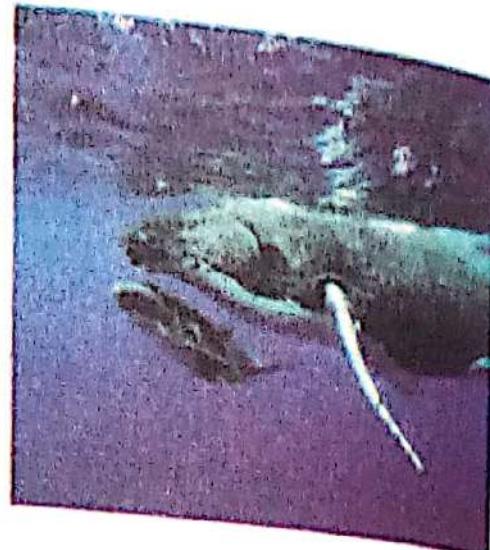
Animal habitats



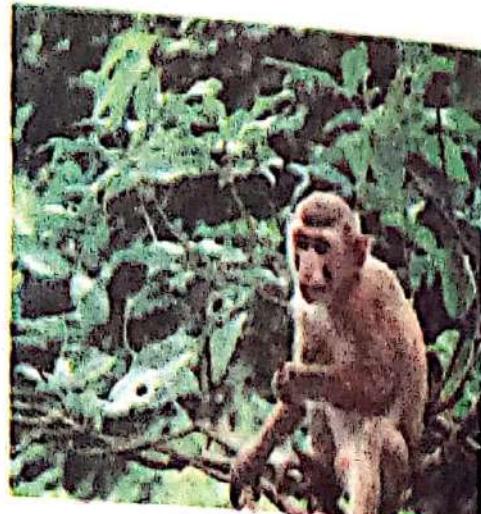
Listen and read.

There are lots of **habitats** in the world. They are different, but they are homes for many kinds of animals and birds.

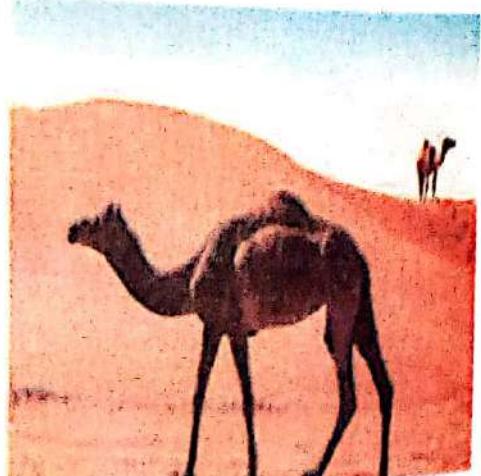
1. The **seas** and **oceans** cover 71% of the Earth. They have **salt water**. They are homes for very big animals. There are **whales**, **snakes**, and **dolphins**. There are lots of very small fish too.



2. In the **rainforest**, there are lots of trees and other plants. It is often rainy and hot. **Plants** can grow very tall. **Monkeys** live in the trees. There are lots of birds and insects.



3. In the **desert**, it is hot. There isn't a lot of rain. Some animals live there. **Camels** don't need to drink water every day. There are birds and snakes. Some snakes are the same color as the sand.



4. **Tundra** is a cold, dry habitat. There is snow and ice. **Penguins** and **polar bears** live in the **Antarctic tundra**.



5. There are rivers in a lot of countries in the world. They have fresh water. Lots of animals live in rivers. There are lots of birds, fish and other animals. This bird is a **kingfisher**.



Vocabulary

habitat	موطن ، مسكن	different	مختلف
kinds	أنواع	ocean	محيط
salt	ملح	Earth	كوكب الأرض
whale	حوت	shark	سمكة القرش
dolphin	دولفين	rainforest	غابة مدارية
insect	حشرة	rainy	ممطر
sand	رمل	desert	صحراء
tundra	إقليم التundra	dry	جاف
ice	ثلج	snow	ثلج - صقع
plant	نبات	grow	يزرع - ينمو
penguin	طائر البطريق	camel	جمل
polar bear	دب قطبي	Antarctic	القطب الجنوبي
river	نهر	the world	العالم
country	دولة	fresh	نقى - طازج
kingfisher	طائر الرفراف	live	يعيش
find	بعد	complete	يُكمل
oasis	واحة		

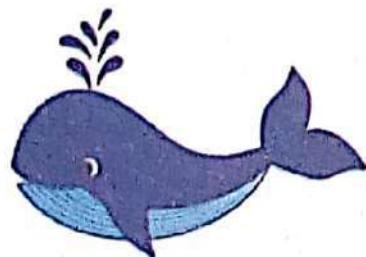
Vocabulary



penguin



snake



whale



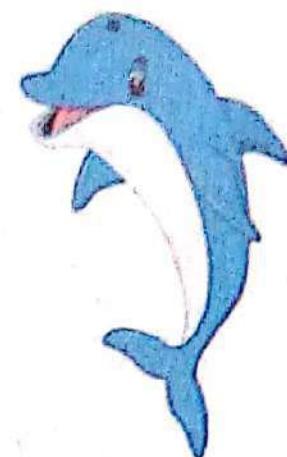
monkey



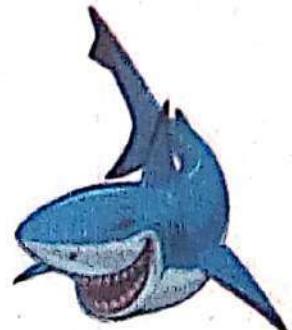
camel



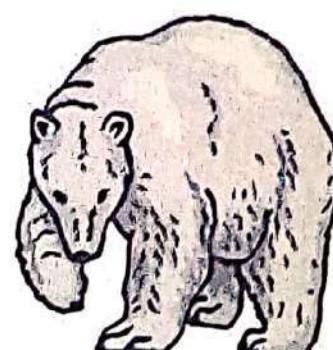
kingfisher



dolphin



shark



polar bear



Read and write.

Can you find more animals for each habitat?

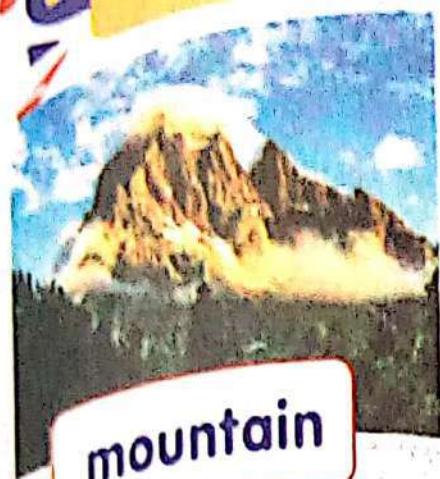
oceans

rivers

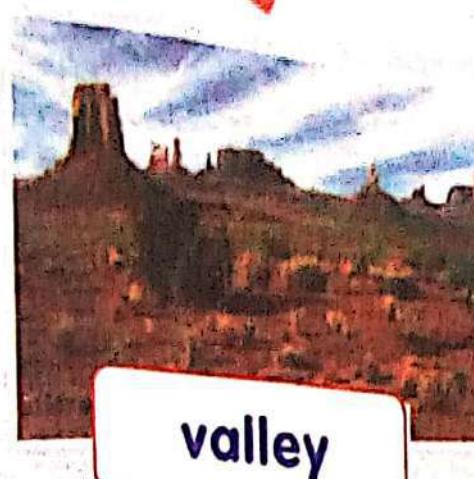
desert

tundra

Let's learn words



mountain



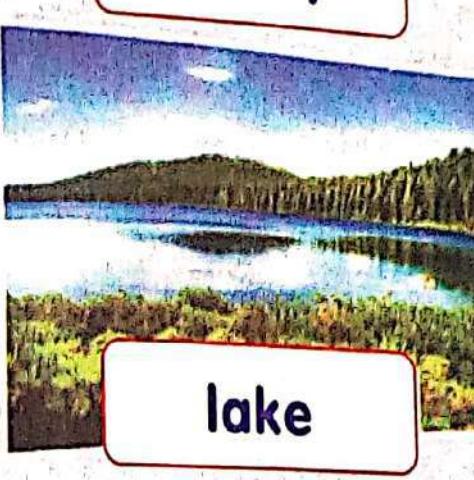
valley



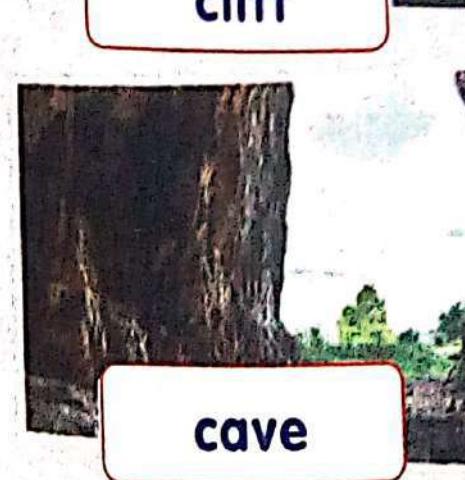
cliff



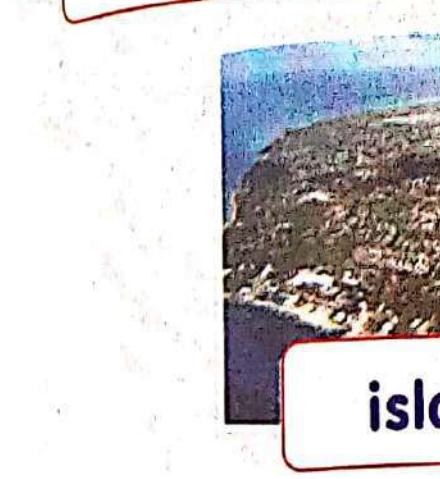
sand dune



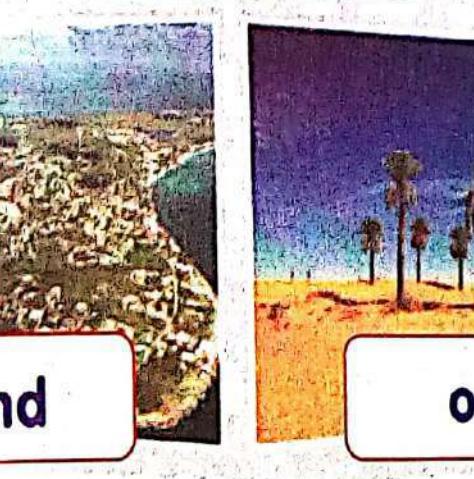
lake



cave



island



oasis

Vocabulary

mountain	جبل
cliff	منحدر صخري
lake	بحيرة
island	جزيرة
go on holiday	يذهب في أجازة
dark	مظلم
next to	بجوار
sea	بحر

valley	وادي
sand dune	كتبان رملية
cave	كهف
oasis	واحة
pretty	جميل
people	ناس
sometimes	أحياناً



Look, read and complete.

1. When we went on holiday, we saw a



..... It was very big! There was

..... next to it.

2. There was a tall



..... next to the sea.

There was an



..... in the sea. It was

very pretty.

3. In the desert, there was a

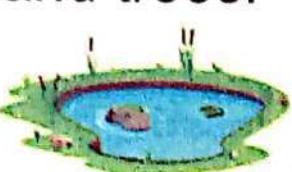


..... There

was a lot of sand! There was an



..... with water and trees.



4. There was a



..... There were lots of

birds and fish. There was a



..... under the mountain. It was very dark!



Read and complete.

1. It's very tall. It's next to the sea. It's

2. It's a place in the desert. There are trees and there's a

water. It's

3. It's very big. You can climb it. It's

4. It's a place in the sea. There is water all around it. It's

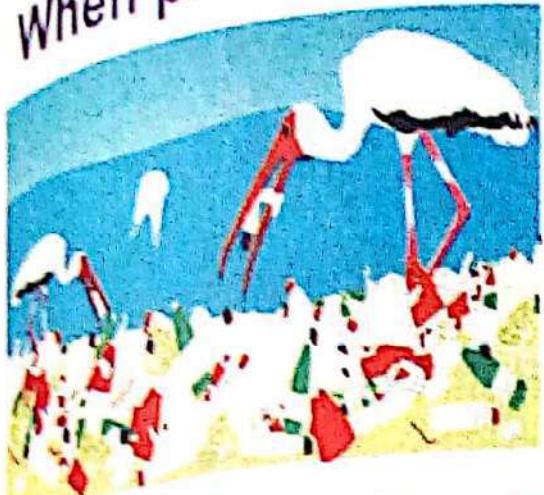
5. You can swim here. It isn't the sea and it isn't a river. It's.....

Looking after our world

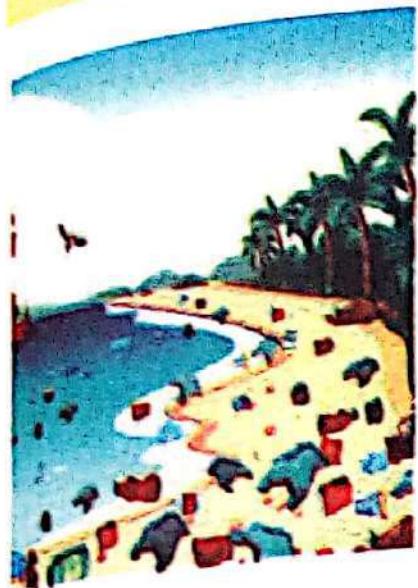


Listen and read.

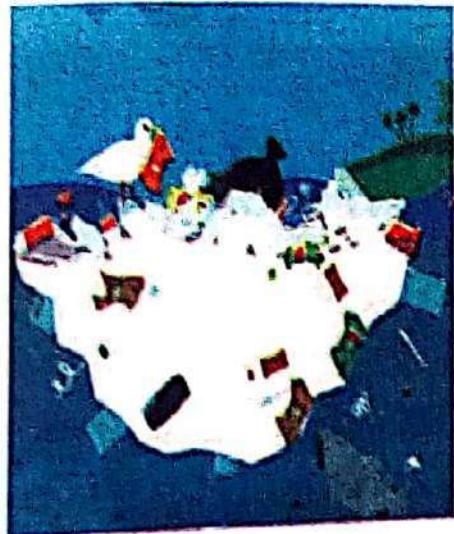
When plastic gets into the ocean, fish and birds eat it.



The seas and oceans are homes for lots of animals. But people can make the seas dirty and dangerous.



Plastic trash makes beaches dirty.



Plastic trash can make an island in a dirty part of an ocean.



Birds and fish can be sick because of pollution in the water.



Good for the Environment



Bad for the Environment



Vocabulary

Vocabulary	Arabic	Meaning
get into	يدخل	قدر
ocean	محيط	خطير
rubbish	زباله	بلاستيك
beach	شاطئ	جزء
sick	مريض	جزيرة
because of	بسبب	طائر
pollution	تلوث	يهم بـ
rabbit	أرنب	زرافة
lion	أسد	حيوان اليف
exercise	تمرين	حيوان بري
trash	قمامة	يزعج
vet	طبيب بيطري	مفضل
crocodile	تمساح	يحتاج
drop	يسقط	بيئة
dirty		
dangerous		
plastic		
part		
island		
bird		
care for		
giraffe		
pet animals		
wild animals		
disturb		
favorite		
need		
environment		

الامر Imperative

يكون فعل الأمر من مصدر الفعل بدون فاعل

Take your pet to the vet.

خذ حيوانك الأليف إلى الطبيب البيطري.

Don't drop trash here.

لَا تلقي القمامة هنا.

Note.

At home

في المنزل

What can you do at home?

ماذا تستطيع أن تفعل في المنزل؟

What can you do to help the environment?

ماذا تستطيع أن تفعل لتساعد البيئة؟

Values: Caring for animals



Listen and read.

Pets الحيوانات الأليفة



Pets need lots of exercise. You can keep fit too.

الحيوانات الأليفة تحتاج إلى كثير من التدريبات. يمكنها جعلها أكثر لياقة بدنية.



Make sure your pets has the right food and lots of water.

تأكد أن حيوانك الأليف يتناول الطعام الصحيح ويشرب كثير من الماء.



Look after your pet if it is sick. You can take it to a vet.

اعتنى بحيوانك الأليف إن كان مريضاً. يمكنك أن تأخذه إلى طبيب بيطرى.

Wild animals الحيوانات البرية (المفترسة)



Don't drop trash. It can make animals sick.

لا تلقي القمامه،
انها تصيب الحيوانات
بالمرض.



Learn about animals.
What do they need?
Where do they live?

تعلم عن الحيوانات ما الذي
تحتاجه؟ أين تعيش؟



Don't disturb wild animals.

لا تزعج الحيوانات البرية
أو المفترسة.



Read, think and match.

1. Pets need lots of a. disturb wild animals.
2. Give your pet the right b. to the vets.
3. Sick pets can go c. animals sick.
4. Trash can make d. learn about animals.
5. It's a good idea to e. exercise.
6. It's a bad idea to f. food.



Read and complete.

disturb **exercise** **sick** **water** **trash**

1. Take your pet to the vet when it is
2. Give your pet food and
3. Some pets need lots of
4. Don't wild animals.
5. Don't drop It can make wild animals sick.

Wider World

People use different kinds of boats to travel on rivers, seas and lakes.

You need to **row** a **rowing boat**. It's hard work!

A **sailing boat** can go fast on a windy day.

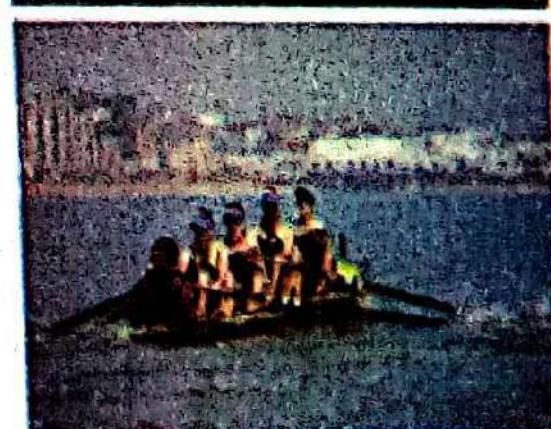
Yachts are sometimes very big.

Ferries are also very big. You can put cars and bikes on ferries and travel to other countries.

People take vacations on **cruise ships**. Lots of people visit the River Nile.

A **canoe** is a good way to travel on lakes, rivers and the sea. It is quiet. Sometimes you can see wildlife. It's beautiful!

Boats



Vocabulary

boat	مركب	travel	سفر
wider world	عالم اوسع	rowing boat	قارب تجديف
yacht	يخت	sailing boat	مركب شراعي
ferry	معدية	cruise ship	سفينة نهرية
canoe	قارب صغير	vacation	عطلة - اجازة
sometimes	أحياناً	windy	العاصف
need	يحتاج	row	يجدف



Read and circle (T) or (F).

1. You can put cars and bikes on a canoe. ()
2. A rowing boat can go fast on a windy day. ()
3. People take vacations on cruise ships. ()
4. You need to row a yacht. ()



Read and match.

1. Yachts are sometimes	a. on cruise ships.
2. You can use a canoe	b. a rowing boat.
3. A sailing boat	c. can go fast on a windy day.
4. You can put cars and bikes	d. very big.
5. You need to row	e. on lakes, rivers and the sea.
6. People take vacations	f. on ferries.

Activities

on lessons 4,5,6

1 Underline the correct words in brackets.

1. If the (florist - rainforest - insect) there are lots of trees and plants.
2. Tundra is a cold, dry (hait - hell - habitat).
3. Penguins and polar bears live in the (underground - Antarctic - salty) tundra.
4. Yesterday, we went (at - in - on) holiday.
5. Plastic trash makes beaches (clean - pretty - dirty).
6. Plastic trash can make an (land - island - ground) in a dirty part of an ocean.
7. The seas and oceans are (homes - insults - cells) for a lot of animals.
8. Birds and fish can be sick because of (invitation - invasion - pollution).
9. Don't drop (trash - crash - sick). It can make animals sick.
10. It's a (good - bad - worse) idea to exercise.

2 Supply the missing letters.



o _____



v _____



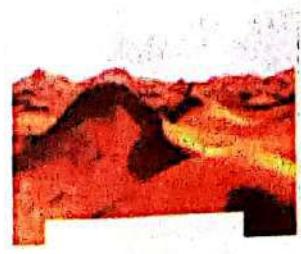
c _____



m _____



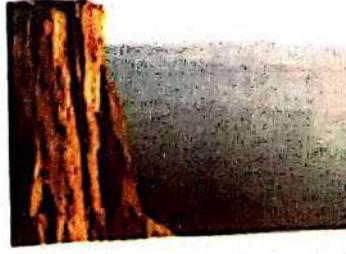
i _____



s _____



l _____



c _____

3 Read and match.

1. A sailing boat a. on cruise ships.
2. We need to row b. on ferries.
3. We take vacations c. can go fast on a windy day
4. We can use a canoe d. are very big.
5. They can put cars and bikes e. a rowing boat.
6. They have yachts that f. on lakes or rivers

4 Rearrange the following:

1. drop - **Don't** - trash.
.....
2. do - they - **What** - need?
.....
3. after - **Look** - pet - your.
.....
4. need - **Pets** - lots of - exercise.
.....

5 Look and write.



1 don't drop _____



2

Don't _____ wild animals



3 There was a _____ under the mountain.



4 A _____ plays with a ball.

6 Circle the correct answer.

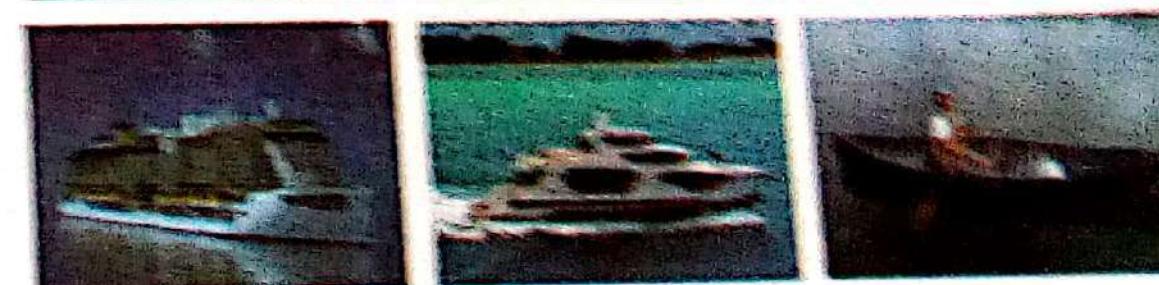
1 rowing boat



2 sailing boat



3 yacht



4 ferry



5 canoe



7 Circle the odd one out.

1. ferry - canoe - cart - yacht
2. row - lake - river - sea
3. take - row - swim - vacation
4. cruise ship - rowing boat - sailing boat
5. flamingo - stork - crocodile - kingfisher

8 Reading comprehension. Read and put (✓) or (✗).

Katie and Harry live at Apple Farm. On the farm, they grow vegetables, carrots, tomatoes and potatoes.

There are also animals on the farm: hens, cows, goats and sheep. They get eggs and meat from the hens. They get milk and meat from the cows. There are also two dogs and four cats on the farm. Katie and Harry help their family on the farm.

1. They grow carrots. ()
2. There are four dogs. ()
3. They don't grow potatoes. ()
4. They help their family on the farm. ()



Unit (6)

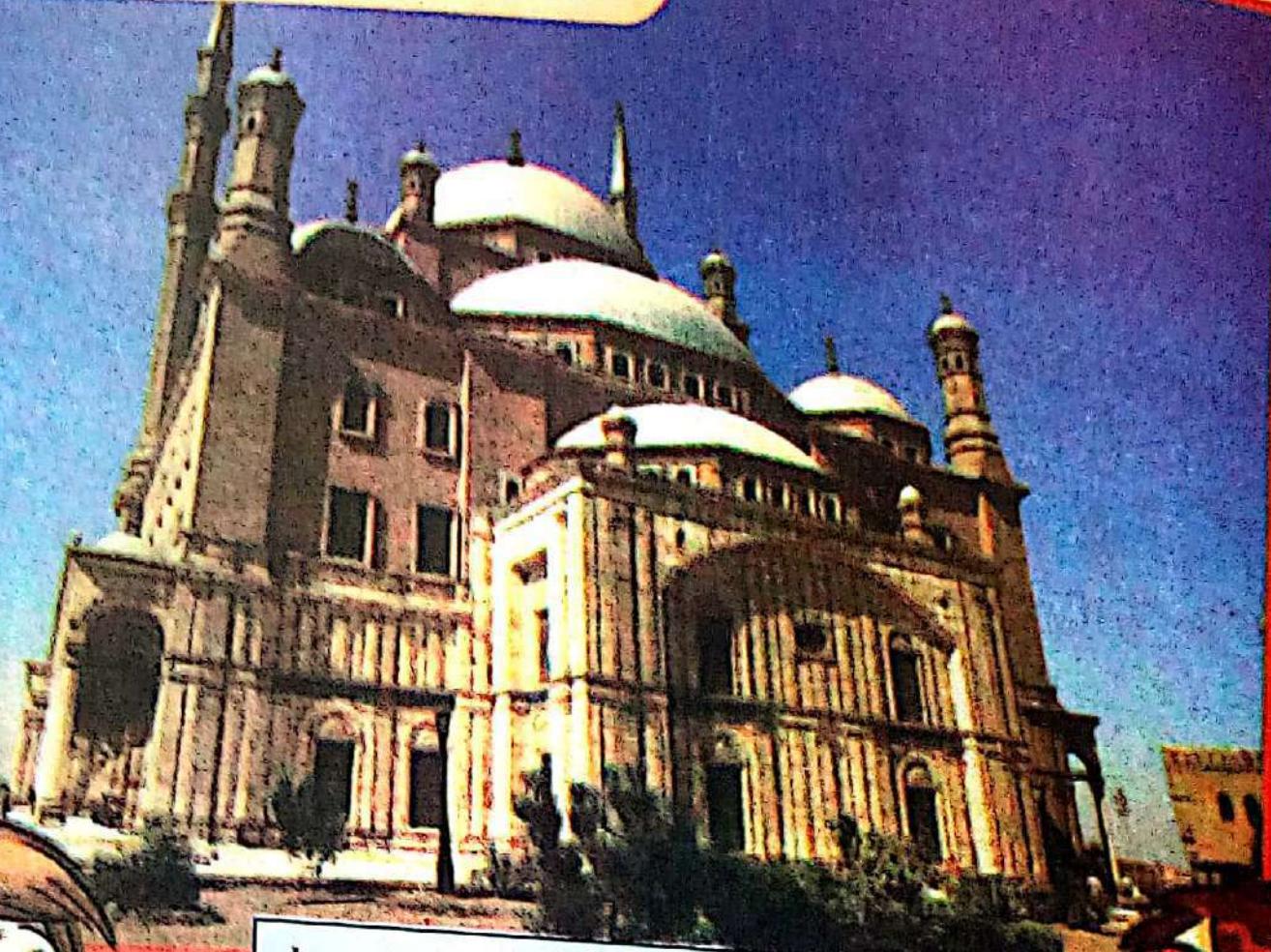
Monuments

الآثار

Vocabulary



Look, listen and read.



Look at that! What is it?
انظر إلى هذا! ماذا يكون؟

It's a citadel. It's a kind of castle.
انه قصر، انه نوع من القلاع.

Where is it?
أين يوجد؟

It is in Cairo.
انه في القاهرة.

There are big towers. And there's a museum inside.
يوجد هناك أبراج كبيرة ومتحف بداخله.

What's it made of?
ما المادة التي صُنعت منها؟

It's made of stone.
انه مصنوع من الحجارة.

vocabulary

monuments

آثار

kind

نوع

stone

حجر - صخر

Salah El Din Castle

citadel

حصن

castle

قلعة

tower

برج

inside

داخل

قلعة صلاح الدين

outside

خارج

museum

متحف

type

نوع - صنف



Look, listen and say.

للسؤال عن الأشياء

What is this? ما هذا؟

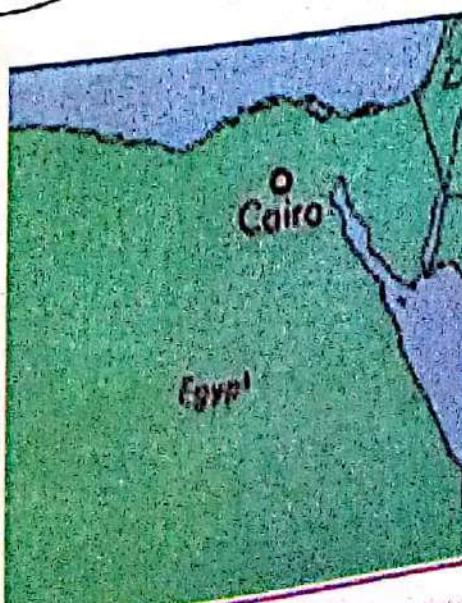
It's a citadel. إنها قلعة.



للسؤال عن المكان

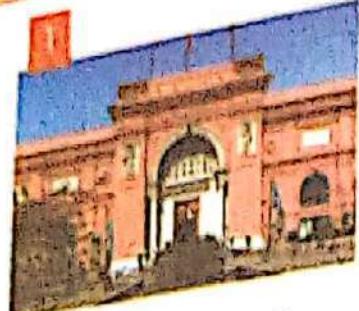
Where is it?
أين تقع (تكون)؟

It's in Cairo. إنها في القاهرة.

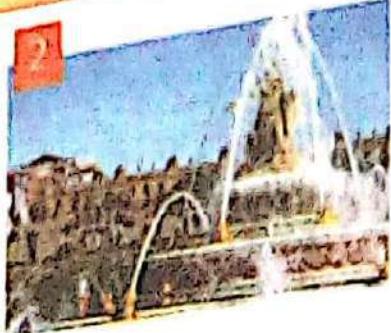




Look, listen and say.



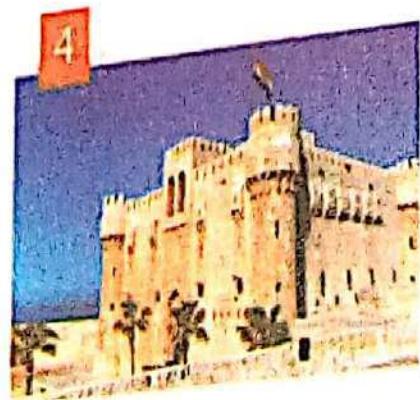
museum



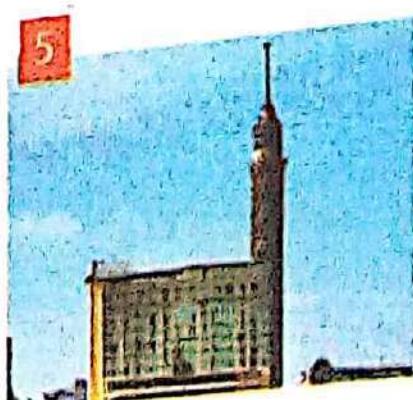
fountain



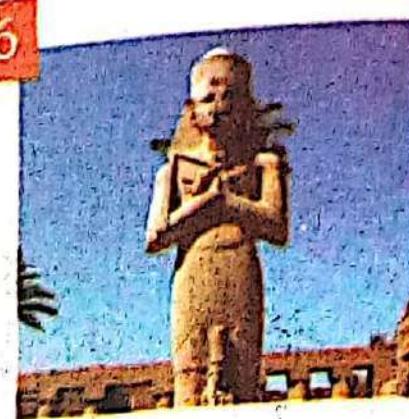
bridge



castle



tower



statue

Vocabulary

museum

متحف

bridge

كوبرى

tower

برج

fountain

نافورة

castle

قلعة

statue

تمثال

للسؤال عن المادة المصنوع منها الشيء

What is it made of?

ما هي المادة المصنوع منها؟

It's made of stone.

انها مصنوعة من الصخور.





Look and read.

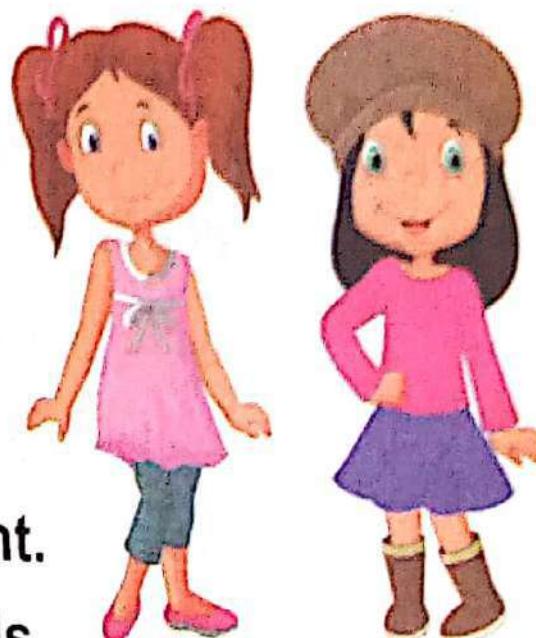
We were in Cairo last weekend.
خن كنا في القاهرة أجازة الأسبوع الماضي.

Did you enjoy your time?
هل استمتعت بوقتك؟

Yes, I did. We stayed with my aunt.
She cooked some very nice meals.
نعم استمتعت. لقد مكثت عند عمني ، وطبخت بعض الوجبات الجميلة لنا.

What did you do?
ماذا فعلتني؟

We visited a museum. We played with our cousins
in the International Park.
لقد زرنا المتحف. ولعبنا مع أولاد العم في الحديقة الدولية.



Study the following sentences:

We traveled by train.

لقد سافرنا بالقطار.

We stayed in a hotel.

لقد مكثنا في فندق.

We visited the fountain.

لقد زرنا النافورة.

We played tennis.

لقد لعبنا تنس.

Grammar

Form

Second form of the verb.

d/ ed/ ied	التصريف الثاني للفعل، بإضافة
stay	مكث stay
visit	زار visited
travel	سافر traveled

We visited Luxor last weekend.

Question السؤال

Did + sub. + فاعل + inf. + (الفعل في المصدر) +?

Did they stay in a hotel?

Yes, they did. or

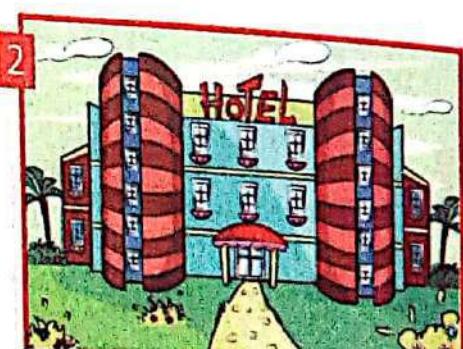
No, they didn't.



Look and write in past.



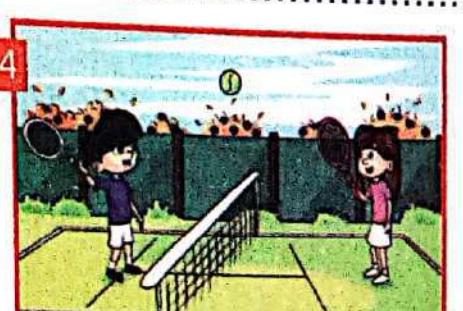
We / travel / by train



We / stay / in a hotel



We / visit / the fountain



We / play / tennis

Reading



Listen and read.

Gameela visited Alexandria with her family. They traveled by train. They stayed with her grandparents. They looked at statues and they visited the library. It was very interesting. They visited a park and crossed a bridge onto an island. Gameela played with her brother and sister in the gardens.



Vocabulary

train	قطار
grandparents	الجددين
library	مكتبة
rice	ارز

stay	يمكث - يبقى
interesting	شيق - ممتع
bridge	كوبرى - جسر
hotel	فندق



Match the questions and answers.

1. Did Gameela travel by train?
2. Did they visit a library?
3. Did Gameela play with her cousins?
4. Did they stay in a hotel?

- a. No, they didn't
- b. Yes, she did.
- c. Yes, they did.
- d. No, she didn't

What's it made of?

من ما هو مصنوع؟



Listen and write.



cloth



paper



plastic



metal



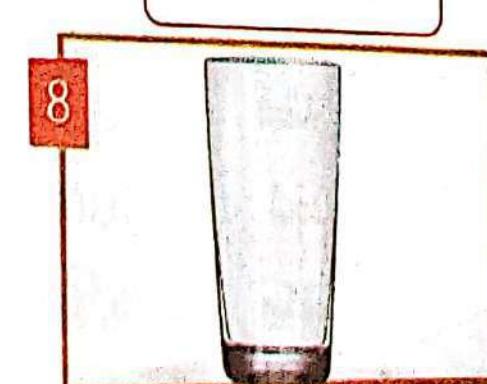
stone



wood



water



glass



concrete

Vocabulary

cloth

قماش

paper

ورق

glass

زجاج

metal

معدن

stone

حجر

concrete

خرسانة

plastic

بلاستيك

water

ماء

wood

خشب

للسؤال عن المادة المصنوع منها الشيء

What is it made of?
ما هي المادة المصنوع منها؟

It's made of stone.
انه مصنوع من الصخور.



What's it made of?

What's it made of?



It's made of plastic.



It's made of metal.

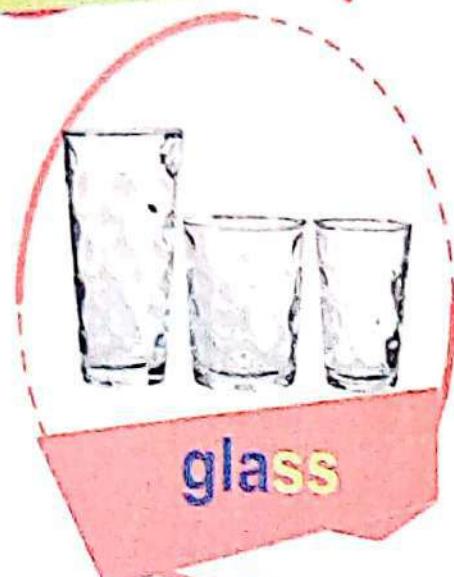


Read and Complete.

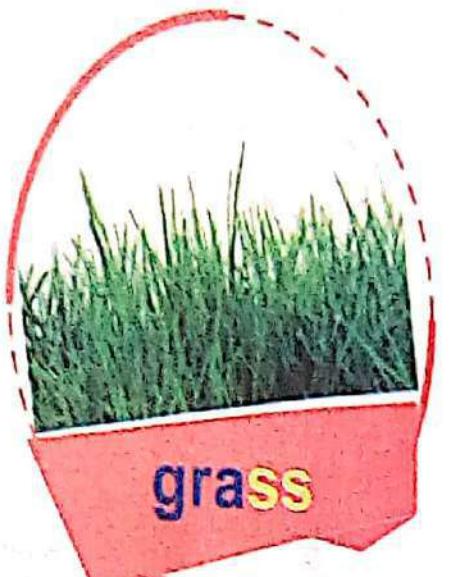
1. Spoons are made of
is in a fountain or a lake.
2.
Toys and pens are made of
3. Toys and pens are made of
4. Statues are made of
5. Magazines are made of
6. Tables and chairs are made of
7. Bottles are made of
8. Clothes are made of
9. Roads and houses are made of

Phonics

ss



glass



grass

ff

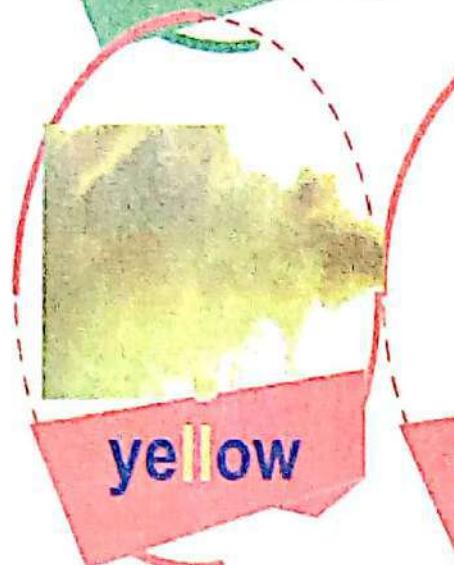


cliff



coffee

ll



yellow



cell phone



shell

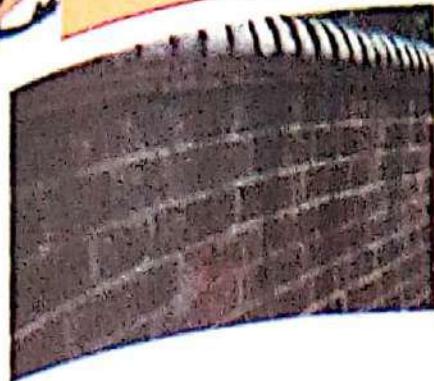
Vocabulary

glass	كوب زجاجي
yellow	لون أصفر
cliff	منحدر صخري
On the top of	أعلى قمة
sandwich	ساندويتش
river	نهر
yesterday	امس

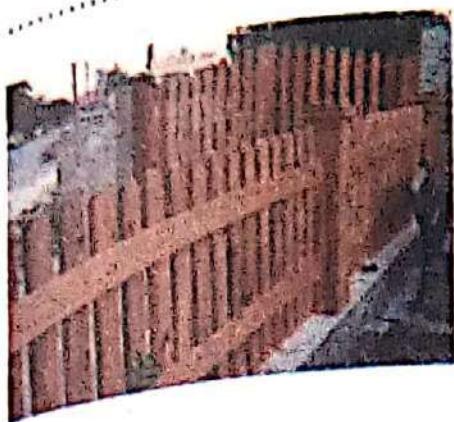
grass	عشب
coffee	قهوة
cell phone	هاتف محمول
shell	صدفة
take photos	يلقط صورة
boat	قارب - مركب
restaurant	مطعم



Write and say (What is it made of?)



1.



2.



3.



4.



5.

6.



Read and complete.



1

There's a yellow on the



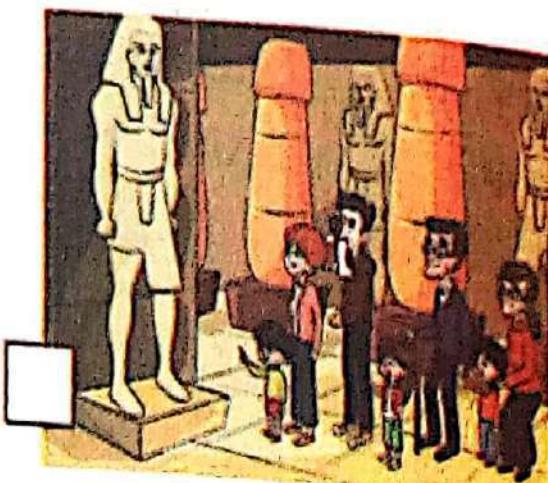
2

My phone is on the

Language use

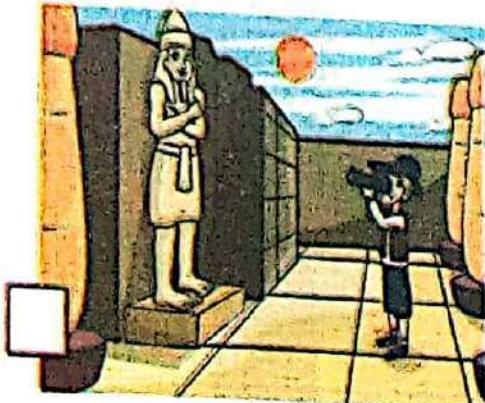


Listen and read.



We went to Luxor yesterday.

We saw some big statues.



I took lots of photos.

We ate in a restaurant.

Grammar

زمن الماضي البسيط
(irregular verbs)
الأفعال الغير منتظمة

ذهب go
رأى see
أخذ take
أكل eat
قرأ read

ذهب went
رأى saw
أخذ took
أكل ate
قرأ read



Look, read and order.

1



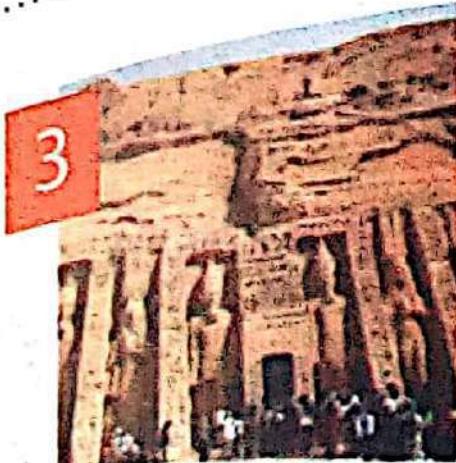
ate / an apple / I

2



a tower / We / saw

3



to Abu Simbel / They / went

4



took / He / some photos



Read and complete.

1. We a big fountain.

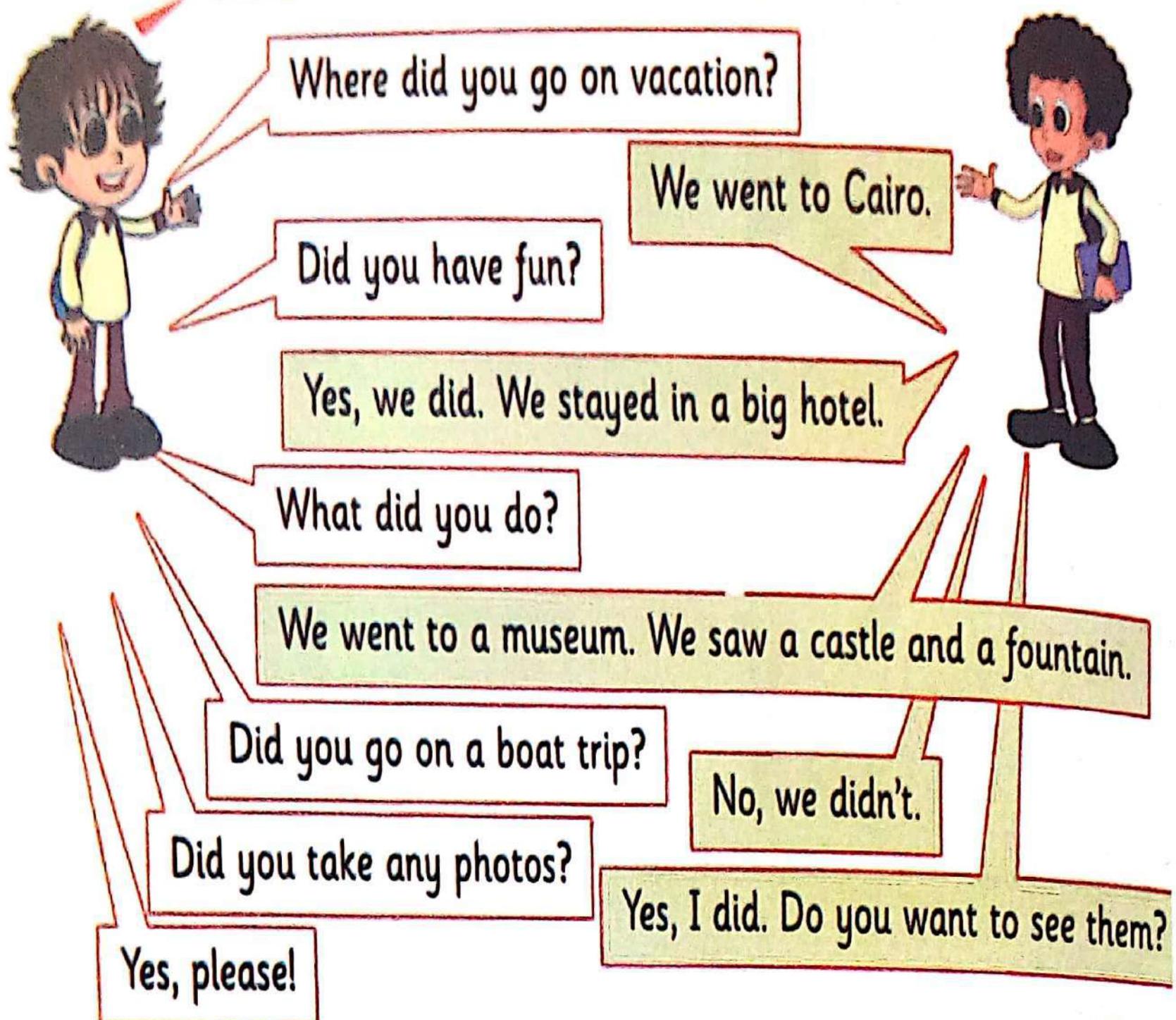
2. Tarek a sandwich for lunch.

3. I a sandwich for lunch.

4. Mom lots of photos.

5. They a boat on the river.

Reading



Read and check (T) or (F).

1. They stayed in a hotel. ()
2. They went to a museum. ()
3. They saw a tower. ()
4. They went on a boat trip. ()
5. He didn't take any photos. ()

Put in order.

1. you - Where - go - did?

2. do - you - What - did?

3. travel - did - you - How?

4. When - you - go - did?

Match.

1. Where did you go last weekend?

2. When did you go?

3. How did you travel?

4. Where did you stay?

5. What did you see?

- a. We saw lots of statues and towers.
- b. We went to Dendara.
- c. We stayed in a small hotel.
- d. We went on Saturday.
- e. We traveled by car.

Read and complete.

1. they go to Luxor?

2. in a hotel?

3. on a boat trip?

4. by car?

5. some photos?

No, they

Yes, they

No, they

Yes, they

No, they

CLIL: Connect with Science



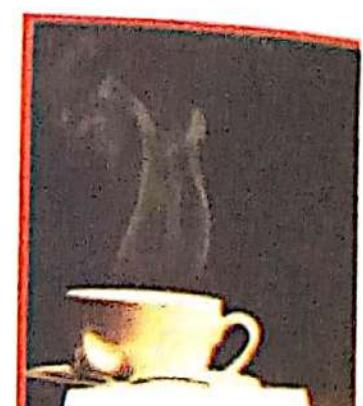
Listen and read.



liquid



solid



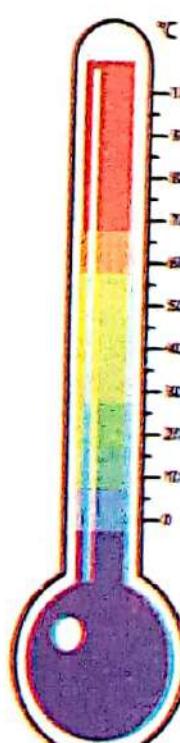
gas

Water is a liquid. It can also be solid. It can also be steam.

الماء هو مادة سائلة.

Steam is a gas.

ويمكن أن يصبح بخار. يمكن أن يصبح صلباً
البخار هو مادة غازية.



Water boils at 100°C .

It turns into steam when it is hot.

الماء يغلي عند درجة حرارة 100 درجة.

يتتحول إلى بخار عندما يصبح ساخناً.

Water freezes at 0°C .

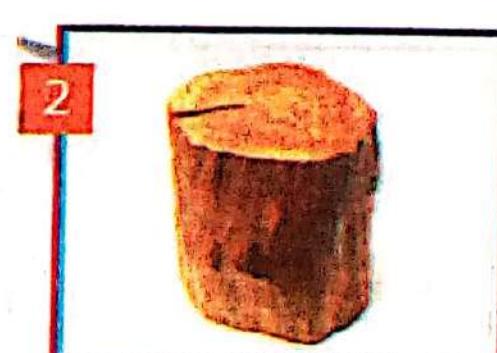
It turns into ice when it is cold.

الماء يتجمد عندما تصل درجة الحرارة إلى الصفر.

يتتحول إلى ثلج عندما يصبح بارداً.



liquid



solid



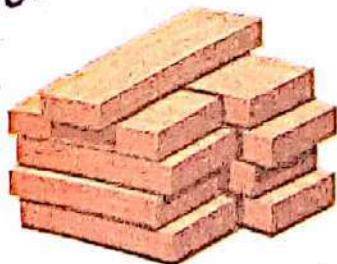
gas

Let's look at materials



Look and read.

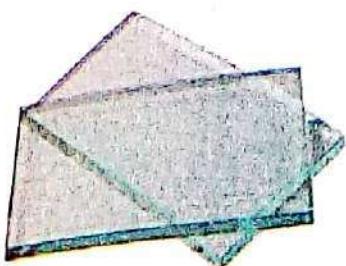
Materials have different properties.
They can be hard or soft.
They can be transparent or opaque.



Wood is hard.

We can't move or bend it.

الخشب صلب لا نستطيع تحريكه أو ثبيته.



Glass is transparent.

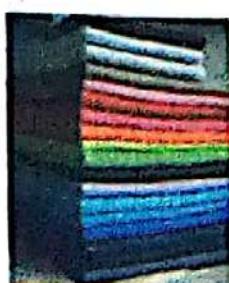
We can see through it.

الزجاج شفاف يمكننا الرؤية من خلاله.

المواد لديها خصائص مختلفة.

ربما تكون صلبة أو طرية.

وربما تكون شفافة أو مغمقة.



Cloth is soft.

We can move and bend it.

القماش ناعم يمكننا تحريكه وثبيته.



Concrete is opaque.

We can't see through it.

الخرستة مغمقة لا يمكننا الرؤية من خلالها.

Vocabulary

material	مادة خام
hard	صعب
soft	ناعم
wood	خشب
bend	بطوى

properties	خواص
transparent	شفاف
opaque	مغمق - غير شفاف
move	يتحرك
bridge	كوبرى



Look, read and circle.



This bridge is made of stone.

We can see through stone.

We can move and bend stone.

(T) (F)

(T) (F)



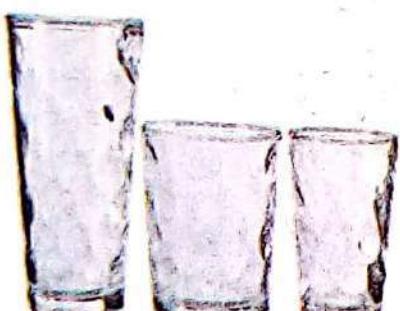
The teddy bear is made of material.

We can see through material.

We can move and bend material.

(T) (F)

(T) (F)



The statue is made of glass.

We can see through glass.

We can move and bend glass.

(T) (F)

(T) (F)



The page is made of paper.

We can see through paper.

We can move and bend paper.

(T) (F)

(T) (F)

Reading



Look and read.

We can see lots of different materials in Art.



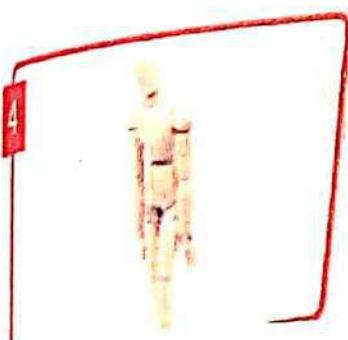
This statue is made of stone. It is very old and very hard.



This statue is made of metal. When metal is hot, you can bend it. You can make different shapes.



This statue is made of ice! It's very cold. If it's sunny. The ice can change to water.



This statue is made of wood. You can cut wood into different shapes.



These birds are made of paper. You can fold and bend the paper. You can make lots of different things.



This statue is made of plastic. You can make lots of things from plastic. It can be lots of different shapes and colors.

Vocabulary

art	فن
use	يستخدم
stone	حجر
hard	صلب
shape	شكل
ice	ثلج
change	يتغير
fox	ثعلب
cut	يقطع
flower	زهرة
toy	لعبة
elephant	فيل
material	مادة خام
statue	تمثال
metal	معدن
different	مختلف
sunny	مشمس
wood	خشب
fold	بطوى
bird	طائر
bend	ينحنى - يطوى



Read and complete.

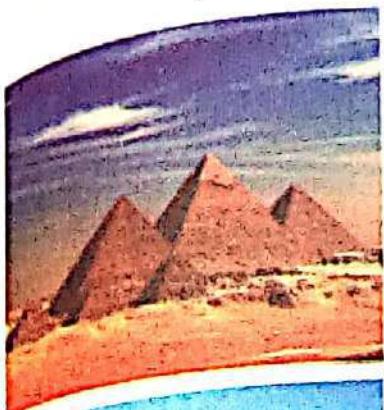
1. When is hot, you can bend it.
2. When gets hot, it changes to water.
3. You can fold and bend
4. can be lots of different shapes and colors.

Monuments



Look and read.

It's important to look after our monuments. Lots of monuments are protected. This means we can't change or damage them. We want people to see them and enjoy them in the future.



Lots of people come to visit the Giza Pyramids. You can take photos. You can go inside. You can't climb on the pyramids.

There are lots of old things in a museum. You can visit a museum. You can look at the things inside. You can't touch them.

You can visit the citadel. You can go inside. You can take photos. You can't drop trash.

Vocabulary

important	هام
monuments	آثار
damage	يدمر
enjoy	يستمتع
pyramid	هرم
inside	بالداخل
visit	يزيور
touch	يلمس
trash	قمامة
interesting	شيق
aluminum foil	رقائق الألومنيوم

look after	يعتى بـ
lots of	كثير من
protected	محمى
mean	يقصد - يعني
future	مستقبل
take a photo	يلقط صورة
climb	ينسلق
museum	متحف
citadel	قلعة
drop	يرمى
object	شيء

Activities

on unit (6)

1 Underline the correct words in brackets.

1. It's a citadel. It's a kind of (trash - castle - damage).
2. What's it (make - makes - made) of?
3. We played (tower - football - castle).
4. They traveled by (stone - bus - cloth).
5. We stayed in a (metal - stone - hotel).
6. Last weekend, Nasser (stay - stayed - stays) with his cousins.
7. He (look - looking - looked) at lots of statues.
8. (Do - Doing - Did) Nasser stay with his cousins?
9. Tarek (went - ate - drank) a sandwich for dinner.
10. They (saw - ate - went) a big fountain.

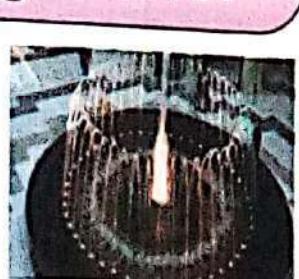
2 Circle the odd one out.

1. tower - castle - statue - sandwich.
2. was - were - meal - are.
3. played - stayed - looked - eat.

3 Supply the missing letters.



m _____



f _____



b _____



c _____



c _____



s _____

4 Read and match.



wood



cloth

metal



concrete



stone



5 Look and circle.

1.



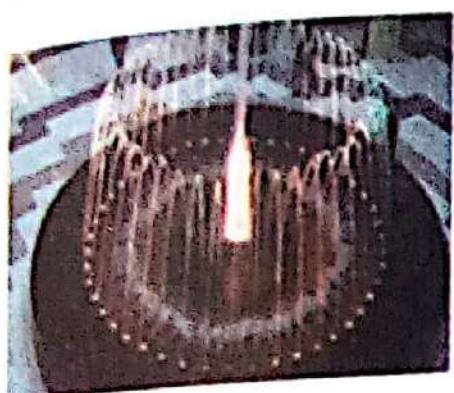
It's made of

2.



He drinks

3.



He saw

4.



I have a

6 Put (T) or (F).

1. It's made of stone.



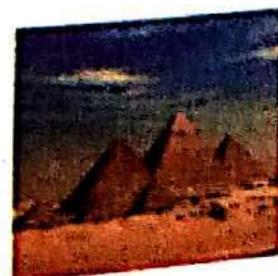
()

2. It's a fountain.



()

3. I can see the pyramids.



()

4. It's a cell phone.



()



Review

(121)



Vocabulary



Listen and say.



Vocabulary

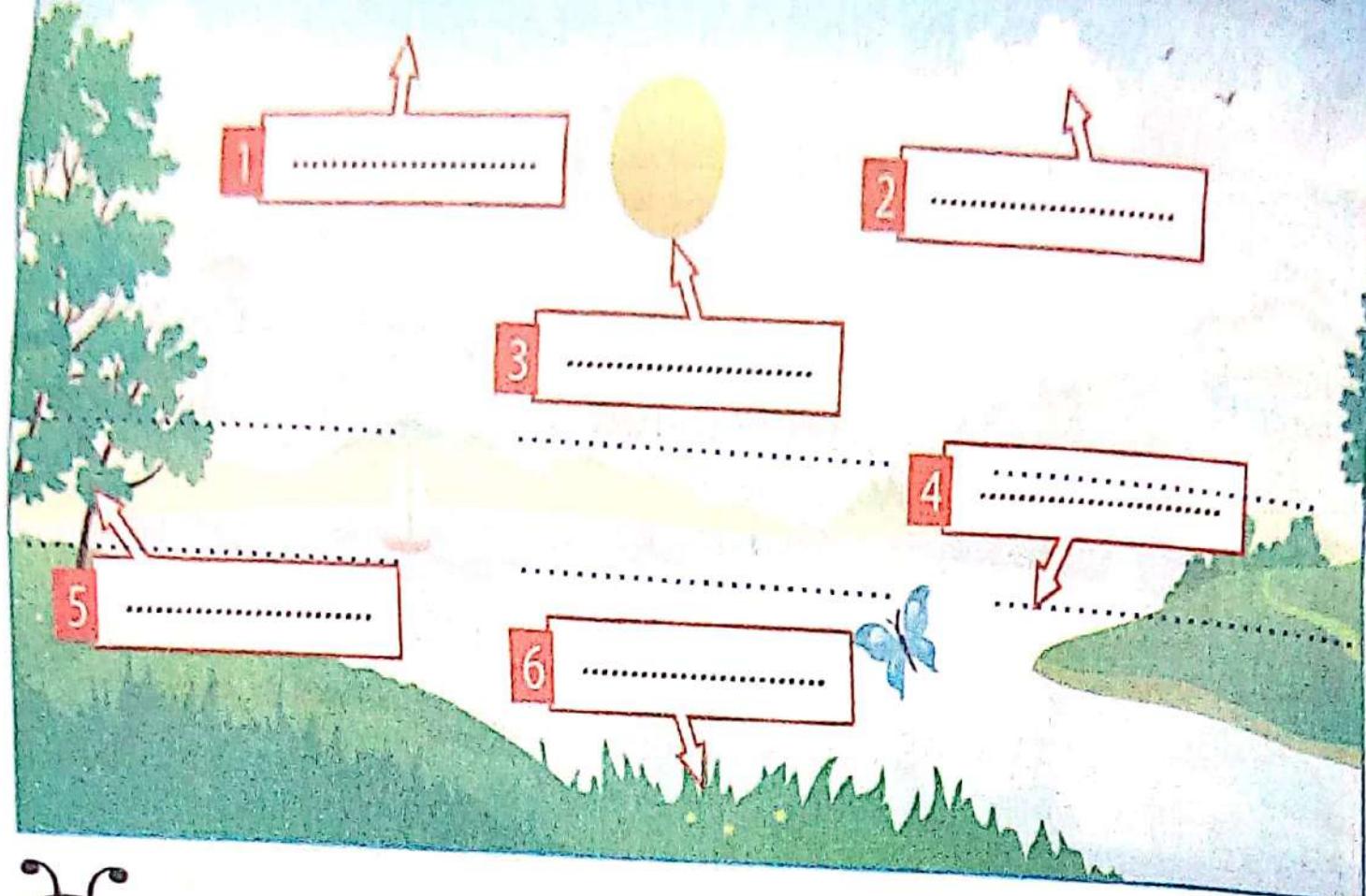
planet	كوكب
plant	نبات
tower	برج
statue	تمثال
Earth	كوكب الأرض
Jupiter	كوكب المشترى
Mercury	كوكب عطارد
desert	صحراء
museum	متحف
Venus	كوكب الزهرة
tundra	سهل أحمر
ocean	محيط
Neptune	كوكب نبتون
cliff	منحدر صخري
tree	شجرة

owl	بومة
boat trip	رحلة بالقارب
daytime	وقت النهار
camel	جمل
crocodile	تمساح
river	نهر
opaque	مутم
transparent	شفاف
sky	سماء
dolphin	دريل
shell	صدفة
grass	عشب
whale	حوت
cell phone	هاتف خلوى
cloud	سحابة



Look and write

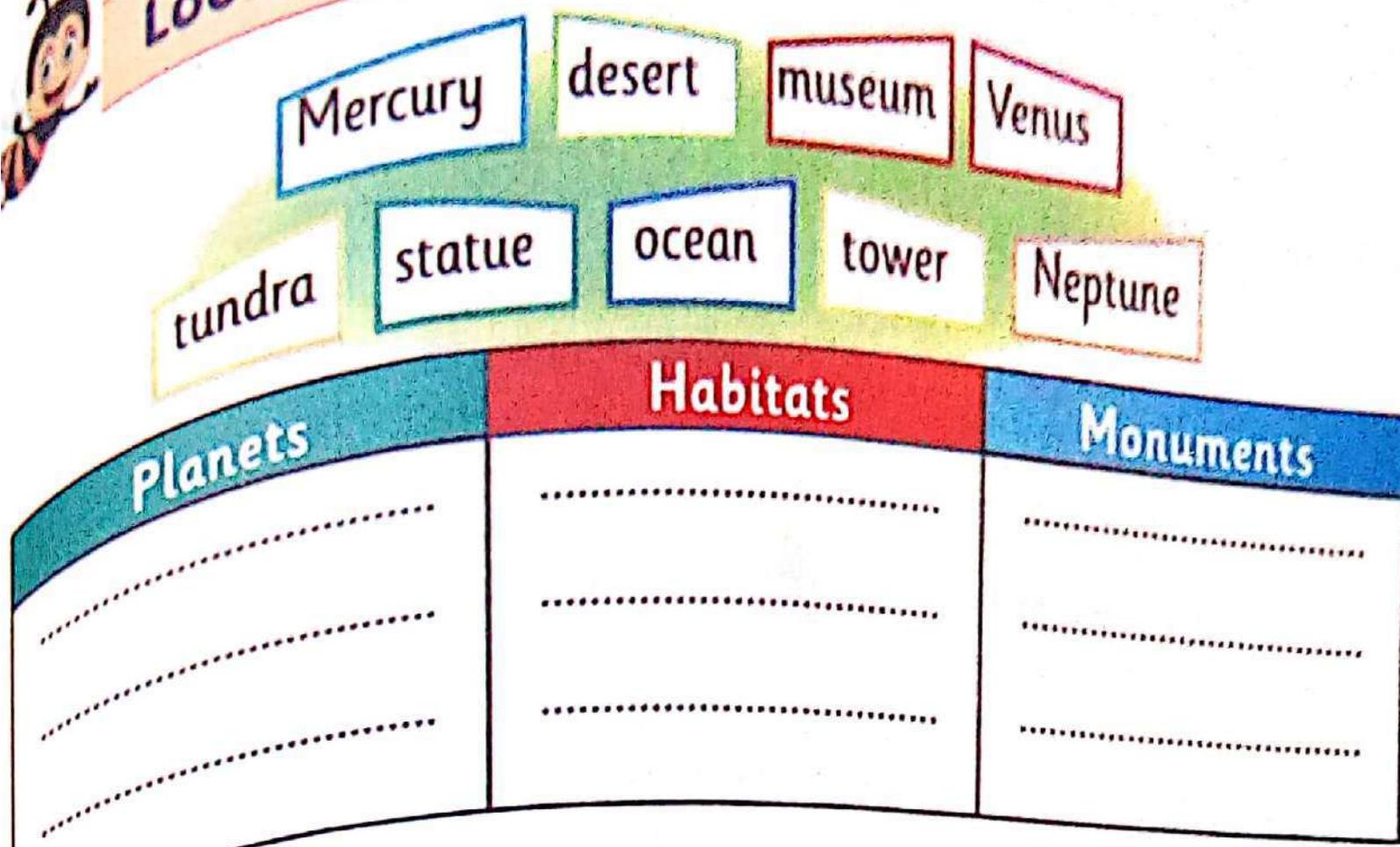
cloud sky tree river Sun grass



Look and write (what is this?)



Look and complete.



Look and number.



1 The tree is taller than the plant.

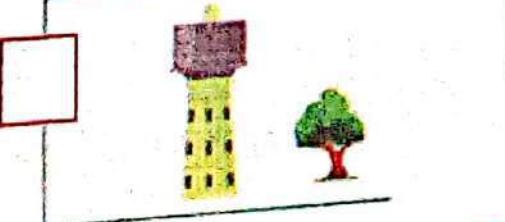
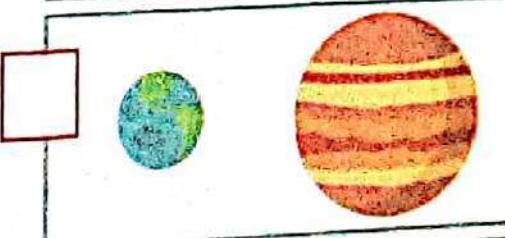
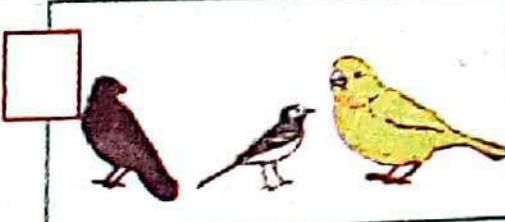
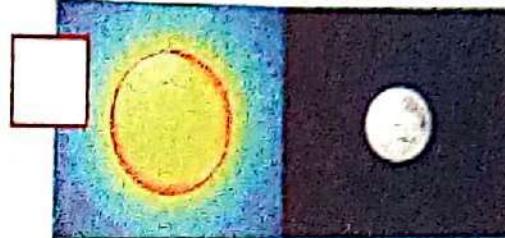
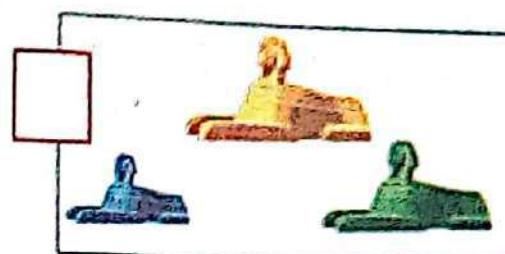
2 The tree is smaller than the tower.

3 The yellow bird is the biggest.

4 The blue statue is the smallest.

5 The Sun is bigger than the Moon.

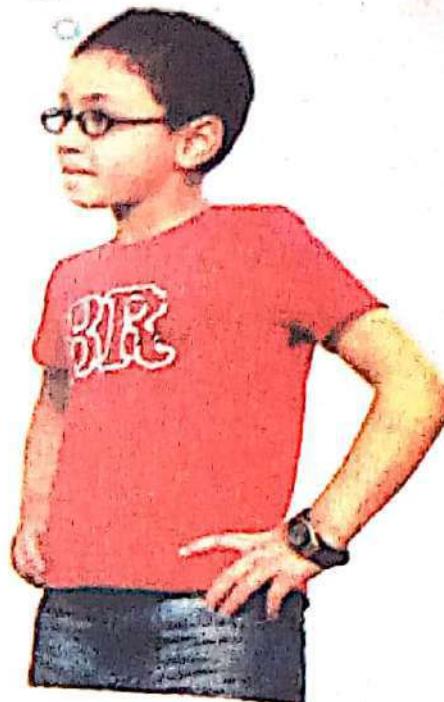
6 Earth is smaller than Jupiter





Read and circle.

1. What did you **do / did** yesterday?
2. I **go / went** to the museum.
3. What did you **saw / see**?
4. I **see / saw** some statues.
5. Did you **take / took** any photos?
6. Yes, I **didn't / did**.



Complete the sentences.

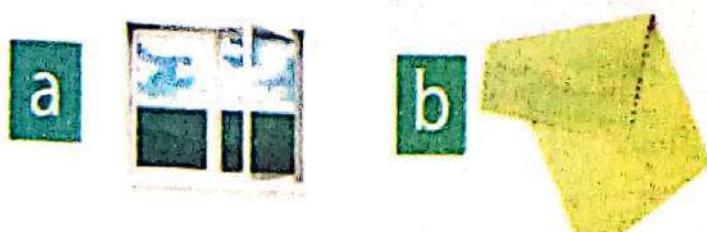
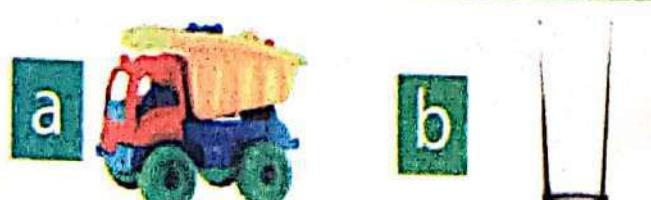
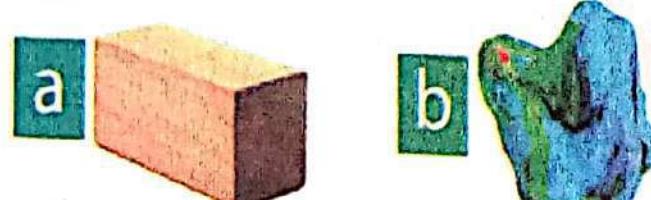
was - were - wasn't - weren't

We went on a boat trip. There lots of animals. We saw some birds, but there any owls. You don't usually see owls in the daytime. There a camel. It was big and brown. I saw some wood in the river. It a crocodile!



Read and circle.

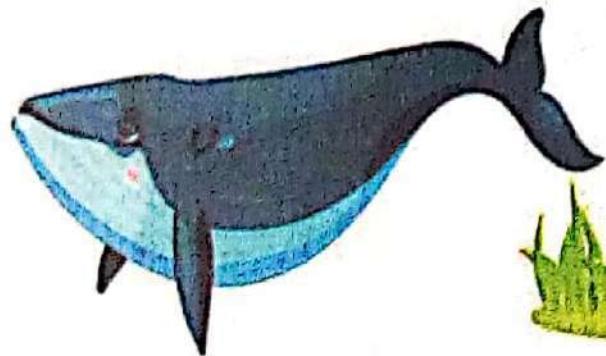
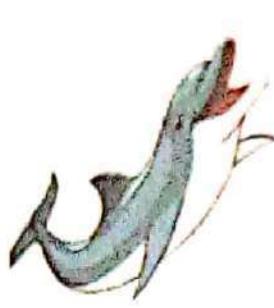
1. It's hard and opaque.
2. It's hard and transparent.
3. It's soft and opaque.





Complete the words.

ph - wh - ff - ss - ll



dol_in

_ale

gra_

cli_

she_



Match two words have the same sound.

1 yellow

2 cliff

3 hotter

4 grass

5 dolphin

6 whale

a phone

b shell

c fitter

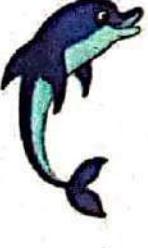
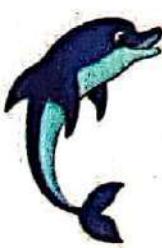
d wheel

e coffee

f glass



Read, write and say.



I saw three , two

and a

The dolphins were big, but the whale was

Activities

On Review (2)

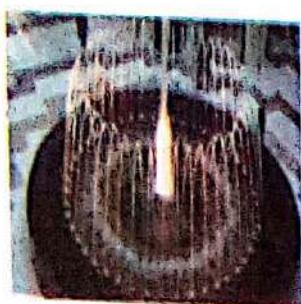
1 Match.

1. The tree is taller a) Jupiter.
2. The blue bird is b) bigger than the Moon.
3. The Sun is c) than the plant.
4. Earth is smaller than d) the biggest.

2 Underline the correct words in brackets:

1. The Sun is (smaller - bigger - funnier) than the Moon.
2. The tree is (small - smaller - smallest) than the tower.
3. Last summer we (go - went - going) to Cairo.
4. Did you (stay - stays - stayed) in a hotel?
5. Glass is (transparent - opaque - busy).
6. (Stone - Cloth - Concrete) is soft.
7. There (are - am - is) lots of animals.
8. Did you (take - took - takes) any photos?

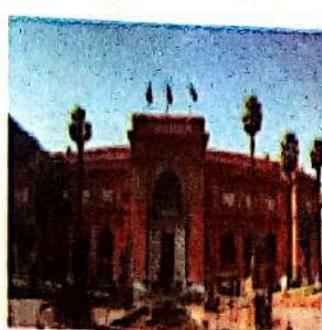
3 Supply the missing letters.



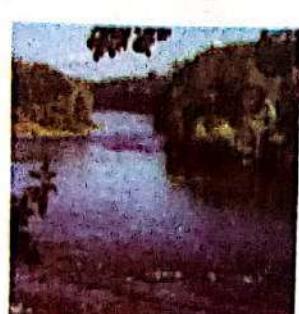
fo_nta_n



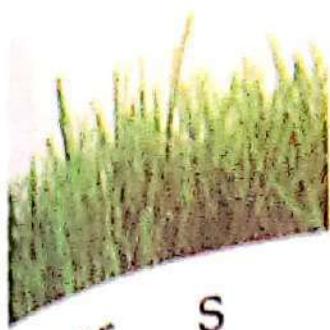
V_n_s



m_s_um



r_v_r



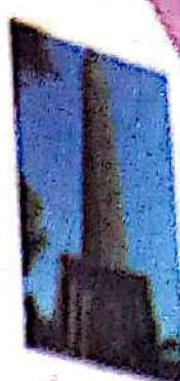
gr _ s



cl _ d



d_s_rt



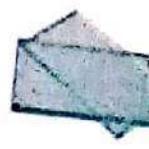
l _ er

4 Circle the correct answer.

1. It's hard and opaque.



2. It's soft and opaque.



3. It's hard and transparent.



4. It's an animal.



5. We travel by this.



5 Look and write.

1.



This castle has one _____.

2.



There's water in a _____.

3.



There is _____ here.

4.



_____ live in the ocean.

6 Rearrange.

1. blue - The - statue - the - is - smallest.

2. did - you - What - see?

3. saw - I - statues - some.

4. you - Did - take - photos - any?

7 Circle the odd one out.

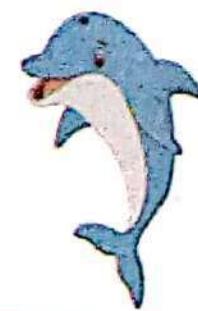
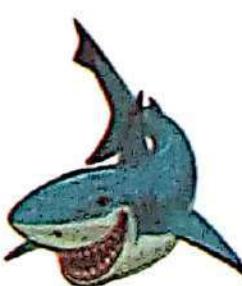
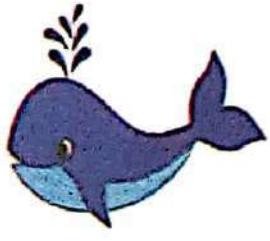
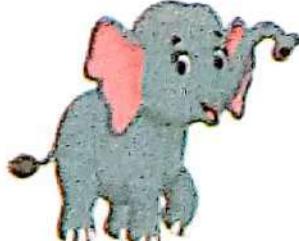
1. Venus - Earth - flower - Mercury

2.



3. stayed - play - cleaned - traveled

4.



8 Read comprehension. Read and mark (✓) or (✗).

We're getting ready for the wedding. My cousin is the lovely bride. I'm wearing a suit and a tie. I've got my family by my side.

1. My cousin is the bride.

()

2. I am wearing a suit.

()

3. I am not wearing a tie.

()

4) I've got my friend by my side.

()



Story

The Gingerbread Man



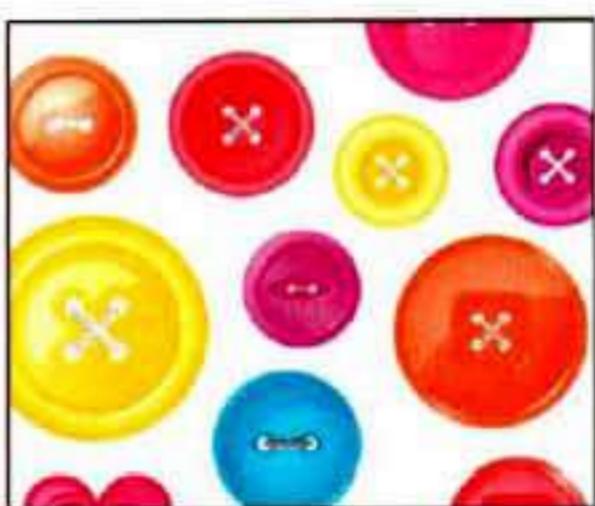
رجل خبز الزنجبيل



Picture Dictionary



agree



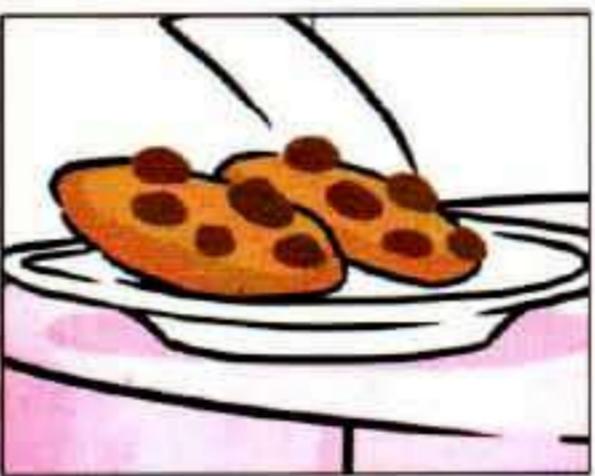
buttons



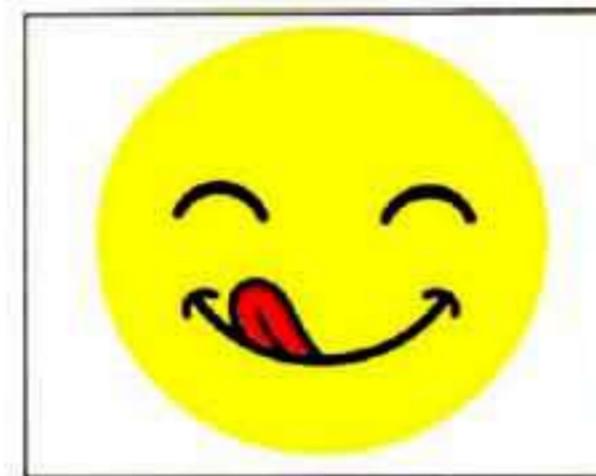
catch



chasing



cookies



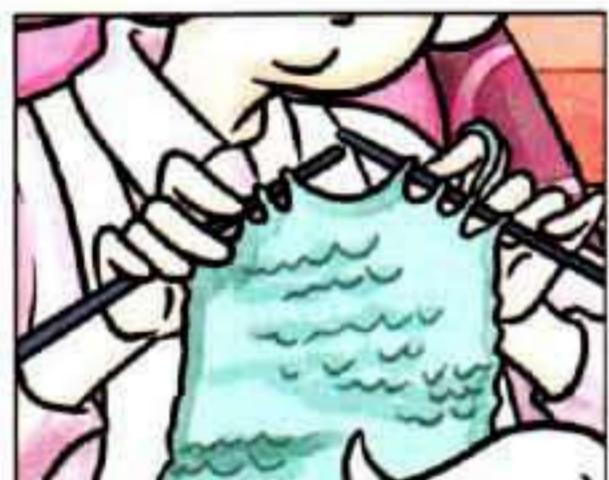
delicious



ginger



gingerbread man



knitting



oven



runs into



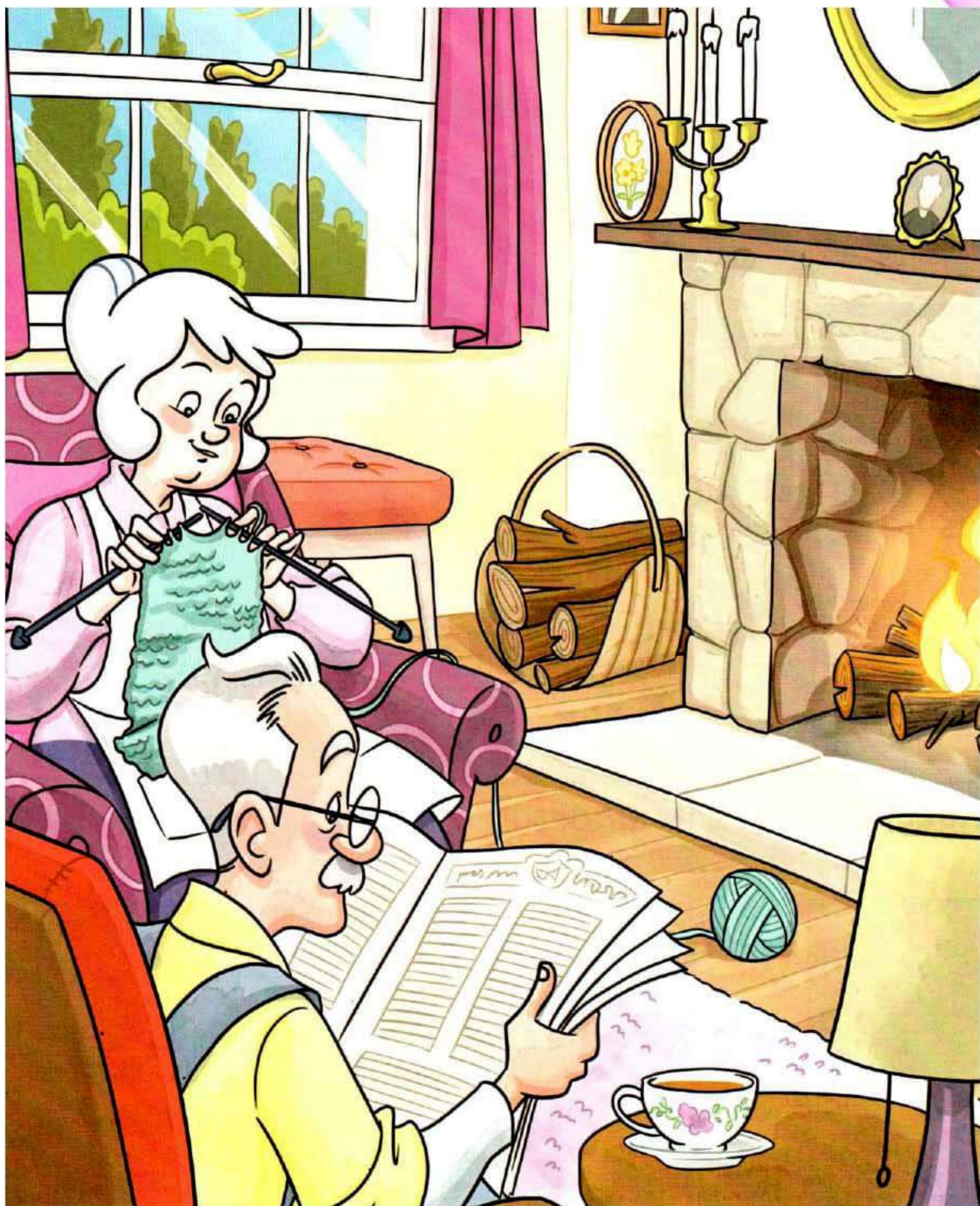
sly fox



trick



yell

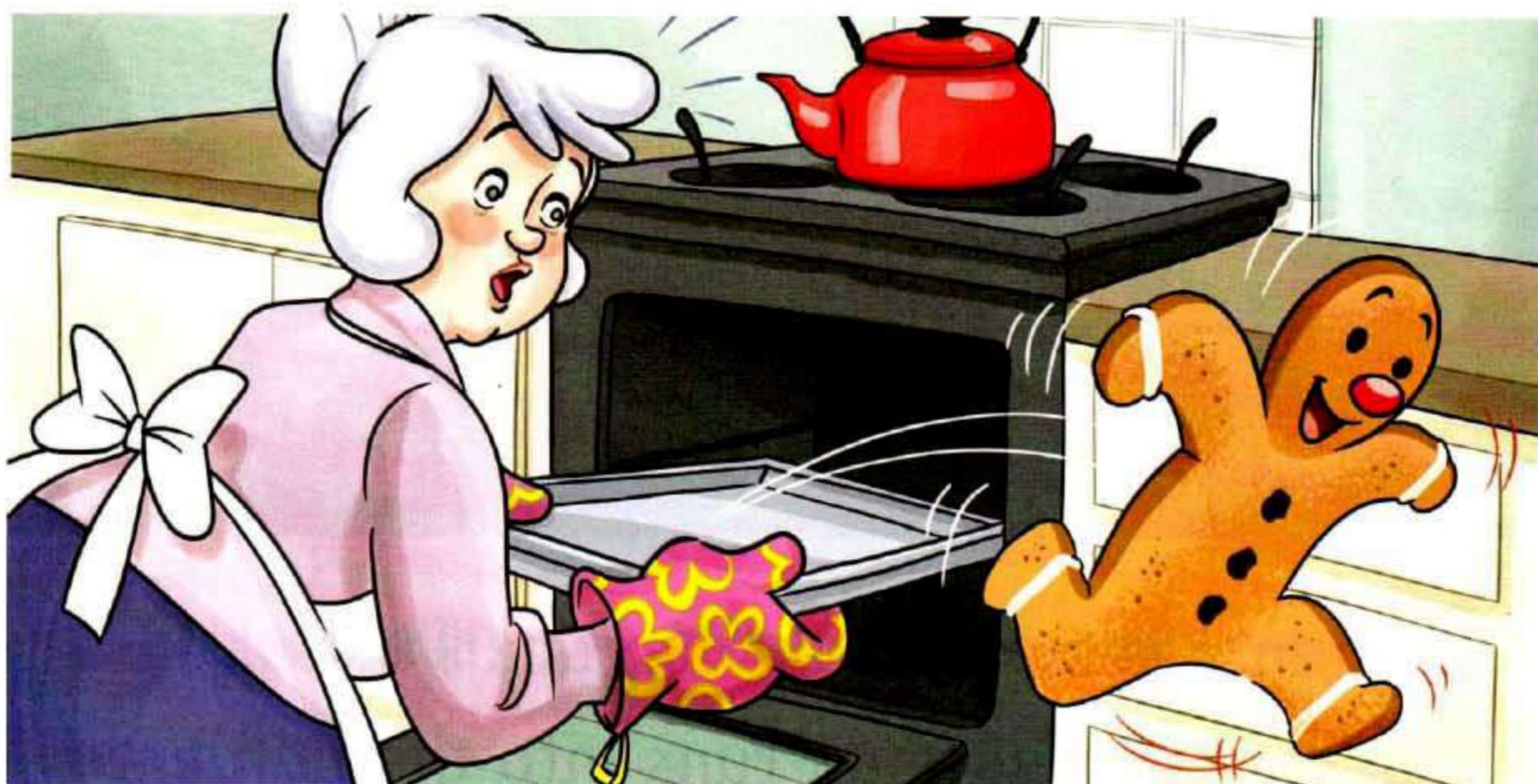


**Grandpa and grandma sit in their house.
Grandma is **kitting**. Grandpa reads the newspaper.**

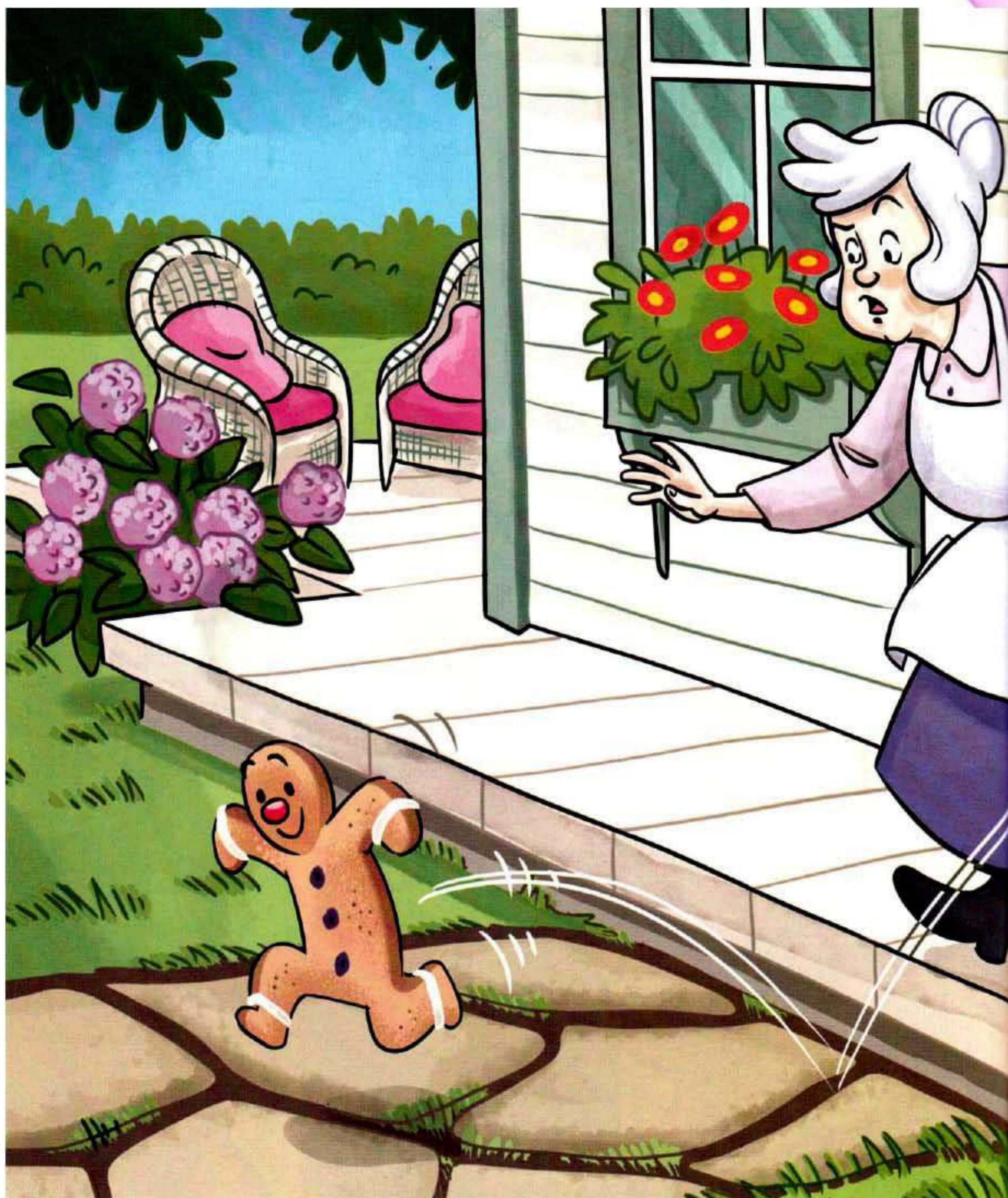
الجد والجدة يجلسان في منزلهما
الجدة تحيك الملابس والجد يقرأ الجريدة.



It's 11:30 an. Grandma and grandpa are hungry. Grandma makes a **gingerbread man**. She uses sugar, milk, and **ginger**. She makes 2 eyes, a nose, a mouth and 3 **buttons**.
 الساعة الحادية عشر ونصف، الجد والجدة يشعران بالجوع. الجدة تعد كعك جبز الجنزبيل.
 هى تستخدم السكر واللبن والجنزبيل. وهى تضع له عينان وأنف وفم وثلاثة أزرار.



She opens the **oven**. The gingerbread man jumps out!
 الجدة تفتح الفرن ويقفز منه رجل خبز الزنجبيل



**Grandma is surprised! (oh, dear!) she yells.
The gingerbread man runs into garden.
Grandma tries to catch him. She runs after him.**

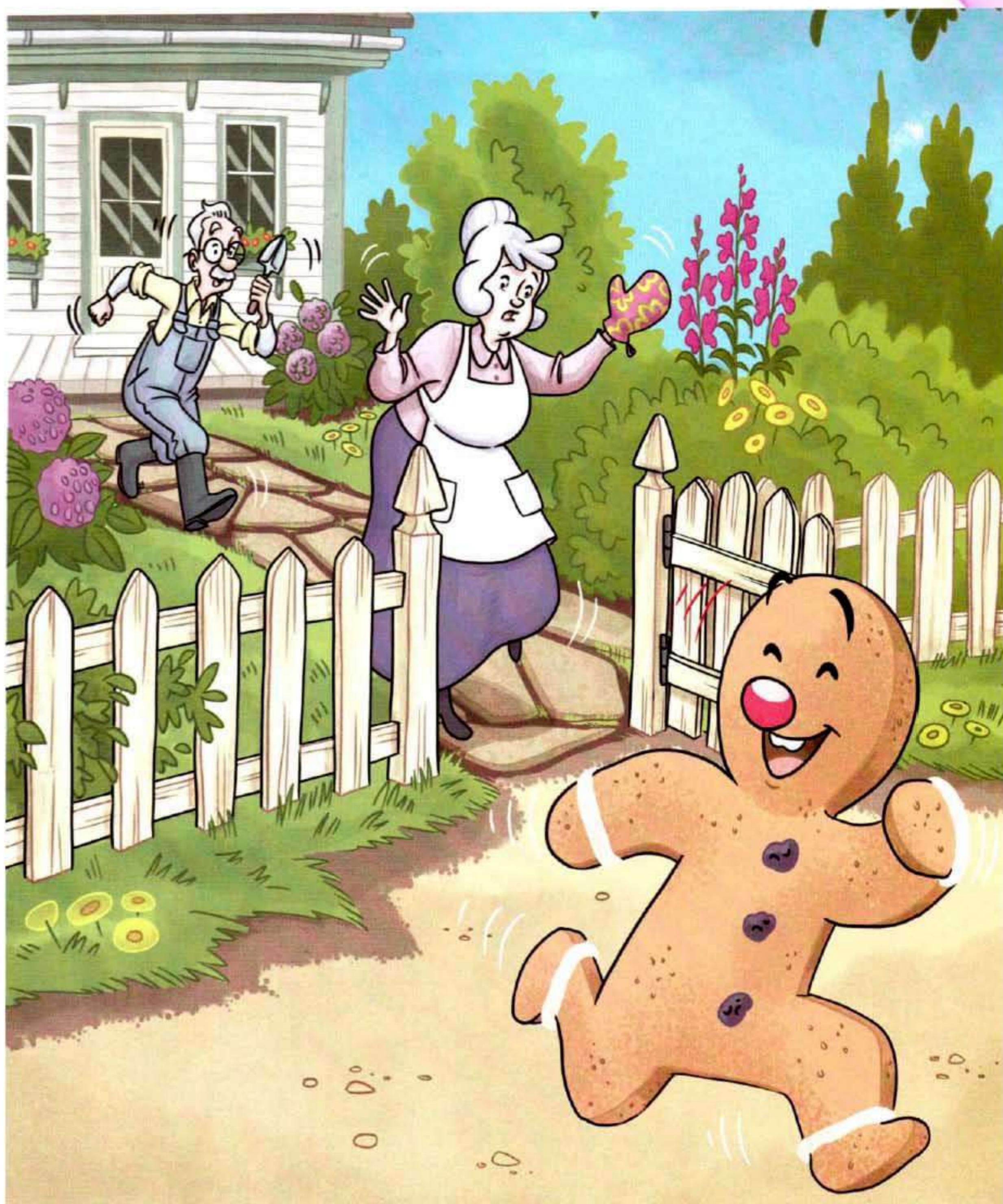
اندهشت الجدة قائلة (يا عزيزى!)
رجل خبز الزنجبيل يجري في الحديقة.
الجدة تحاول الإمساك به. هي تجري وراءه



Grandpa sees the gingerbread man running and jumps up. He runs into the garden to **catch him.**

Grandma and grandpa **chase the gingerbread man.**

الجد يرى رجل خبز الزنجبيل يجري ويقفز. يجري الجد وراء رجل خبز الزنجبيل لكي يمسكه
الجد والجدة يطاردوا رجل خبز الزنجبيل.



The gingerbread man laughs and **yells, (Run, run as fast as you can! You can't **catch** me, I'm the gingerbread man).**

رجل خبز الزنجبيل يضحك ويهاهق قائلاً: أجرعوا بأسرع ما يمكنكم

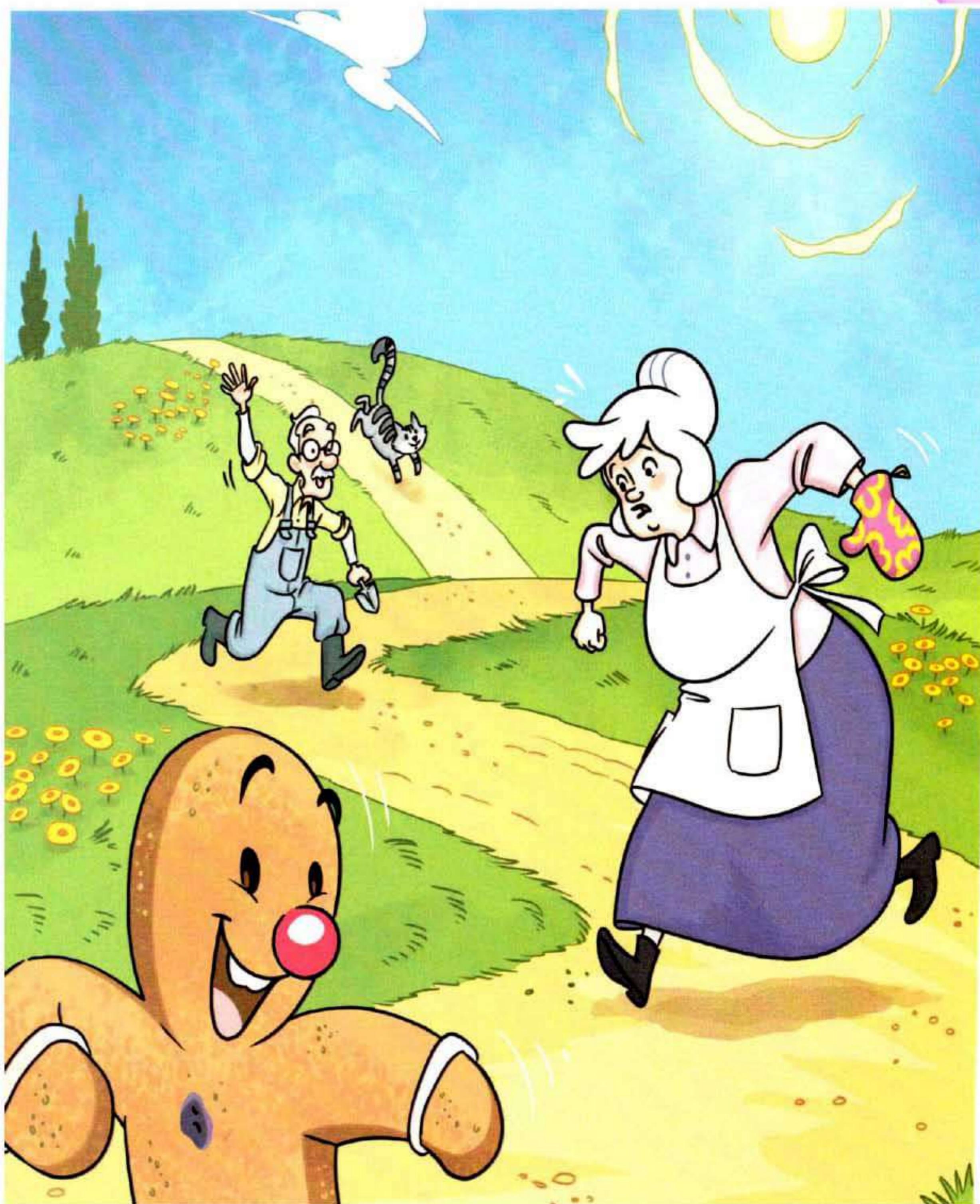
لا يمكنكم الإمساك بي، أنا رجل خبز الزنجبيل.



**The gingerbread man runs into a cat. The cat says, (Yummy!
Can I eat you? You look good to eat.).**

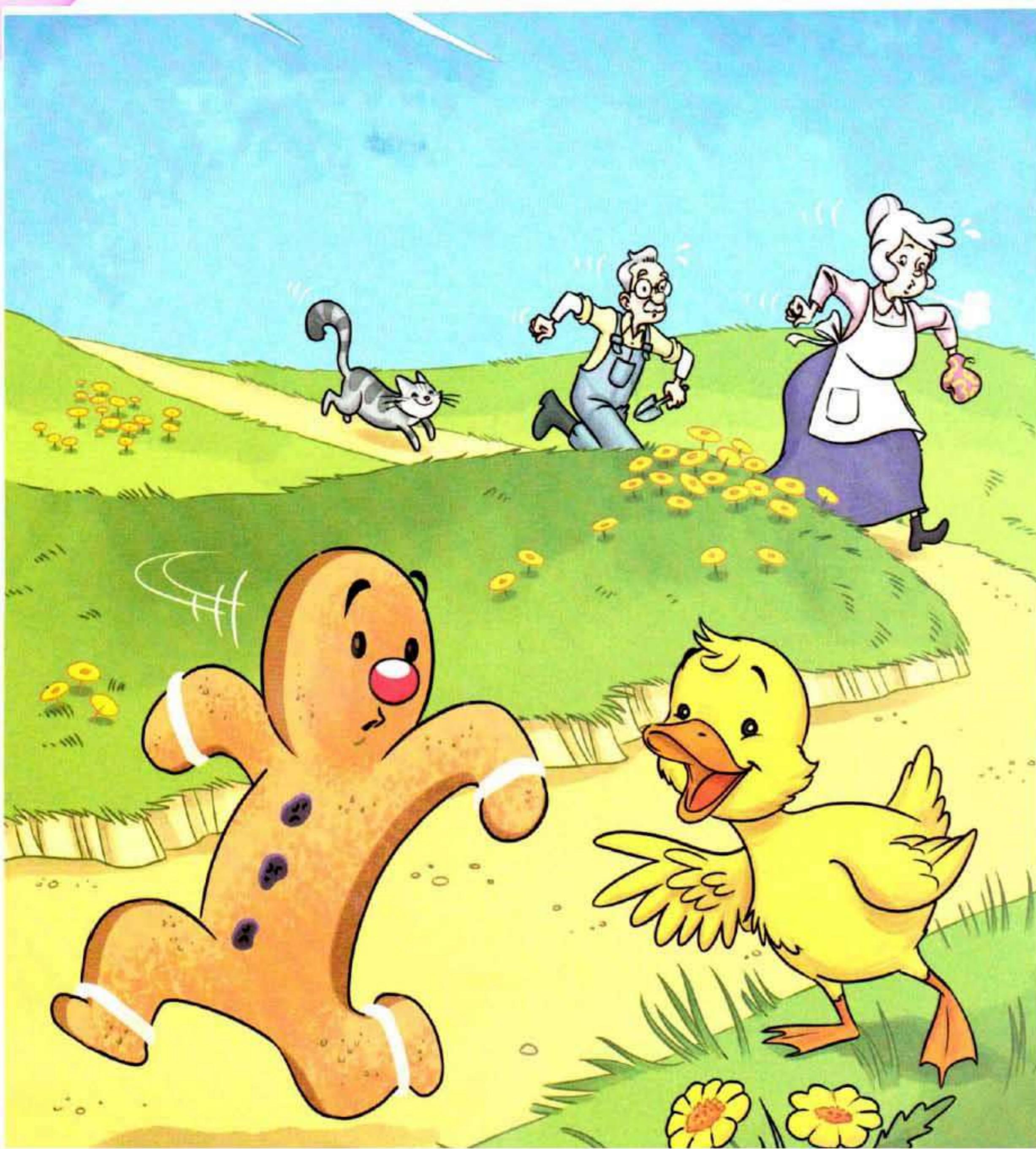
**“No, you can't eat me, cat! Chase me! I'm faster than you,”
yells the gingerbread man.”**

رجل خبز الزنجبيل يجري من أمام القطة
القطة تقول: (لدي! هل يمكنني أن أكلك؟ أنت تبدو جيد للأكل).
رد عليها رجل خبز الزنجبيل قائلاً: لا، لا يمكنك أن تأكليني! يا قطة! أنا أسرع منك).



Now Grandma, Grandpa and the cat are chasing the gingerbread man. (Run, run as fast as you can! You can't catch me, I'm the gingerbread man).

الآن، الجدة والجد والقطة يطاردوا رجل خبز الزنجبيل.
أجروا بأسرع ما يمكنكم! لا يمكنكم الإمساك بي، أنا رجل خبز الزنجبيل.



The gingerbread man **runs into** a duckling. The duckling says,
 “Yummy! Can I eat you? you look good to eat.”
 “No, you can't eat me, cat! **Chase** me! I'm faster than you,”
yells the gingerbread man.

رجل خبز الزنجبيل يجري من أمام بطة صغيرة، البطة الصغيرة تقول: لذيذ! هل يمكنني أن أكلك؟ أنت تبدو جيد للأكل.) رد عليها رجل خبز الزنجبيل قائلاً: لا، لا يمكنك أن تأكليني! طاردين! أنا أسرع منك!



“Run, run as fast as you can! You can't catch me, I'm the gingerbread man.” Grandpa, Grandma, the cat and the duckling now chase the gingerbread man.

أجروا، اجروا بأسرع ما يمكنكم! لا يمكنكم الإمساك بي) أنا رجل خبز الزنجبيل.
والآن الجد والجدة والقطة والبطة الصغيرة يطاردوا رجل خبز الزنجبيل



The gingerbread man is very fast. He comes to a river. but there's a problem. He can't swim! A **sly fox** sees the gingerbread man. The **sly fox** wants to **trick** him.

رجل خبز الزنجبيل سريع جدا. هو يأتي إلى النهر. ولكن هناك مشكلة.

هو لا يستطيع السباحة. ثعلب ماكر يرى رجل خبز الزنجبيل.

الثعلب الماكر يريد أن يخدع رجل خبز الزنجبيل.



"I can help you cross the river, Gingerbread man. Why don't you climb on my nose? I'll carry you," says the **sly fox**.

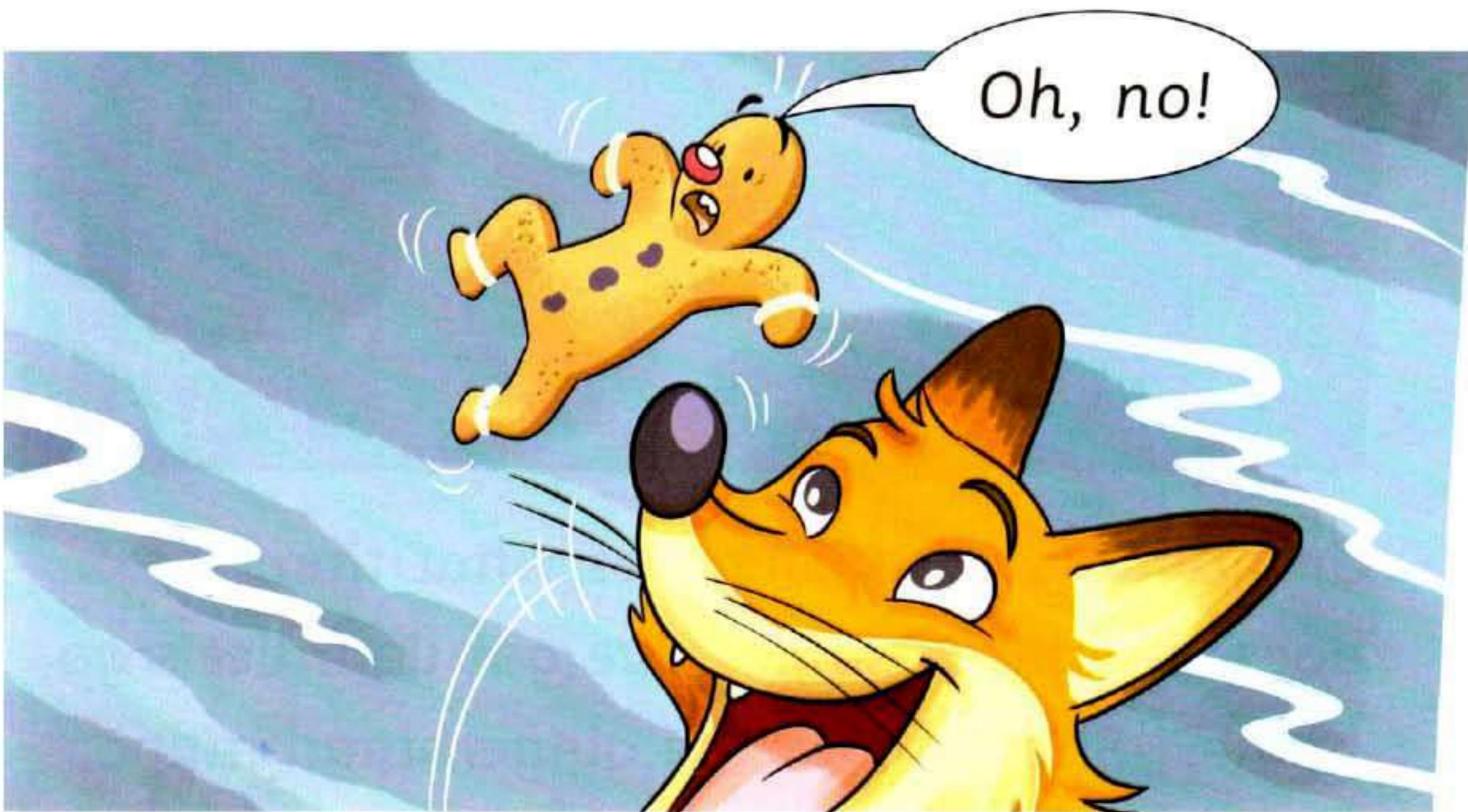
The gingerbread man **agrees**.

أستطيع مساعدتك. تسلق على أنفي، أستطيع مساعدتك على عبور النهر
يا رجل خبز الزنجبيل لما لا تتسلق على أنفي؟ سوف أحملك، قائلًا الثعلب الماكر،
وافق رجل خبز الزنجبيل على كلام الثعلب.



The sun is high. The river is quiet. The fox is hungry. The gingerbread man smells delicious!

الشمس مرتفعة. النهر هادئ. الثعلب جائع. رجل خبز الزنجبيل رائحته تبدو لذيذة.



The fox opens his mouth. He wants to eat the delicious gingerbread man.

الثعلب يفتح فمه. هو يريد أن يأكل رجل خبز الزنجبيل اللذيذ.



Grandma is wise. She sees what the sly fox does. Grandma says, "I've got you! Let's go home." She catches the gingerbread man.

الجدة حكيمة، هي ترى ما يفعله الثعلب الماكر. الجدة تقول: لقد أمسكتك هيا نذهب إلى المنزل. وهي تمسك رجل خبز الزنجبيل.



Grandma, Grandpa and the gingerbread man are happy.

They have cookies and tea.

الجد والجدة ورجل خبز الزنجبيل سعداء، هم يتناولوا البسكويت والشاي.

Events in the story



Read and complete.

1. Grandpa and grandma sit in their house.
2. Grandma is knitting.
3. Grandpa reads the newspaper.
4. It's 11:30 an. Grandma and grandpa are hungry.
5. Grandma makes a gingerbread man.
6. She uses sugar, milk, and ginger.
7. She makes 2 eyes, a nose, a mouth and 3 buttons.
8. She opens the oven.
9. The gingerbread man jumps out!
10. Grandma is surprised!
11. The gingerbread man runs into garden.
12. Grandma tries to catch him.
13. Grandpa sees the gingerbread man running and jumps up.
14. The cay says, (Yummy! Can I eat you?)
15. You look good to eat.

16. Grandma, Grandpa and the cat are chasing the gingerbread man.
17. The gingerbread man runs into a duckling.
18. The gingerbread man is very fast.
19. A sly fox sees the gingerbread man.
20. The sly fox wants to trick him.
21. I can help you cross the river.
22. Why don't you climb on my nose?
23. The sun is high. The river is quiet. The fox is hungry.
24. The gingerbread man smells delicious!
25. The fox opens his mouth.
26. He wants to eat the delicious gingerbread man.
27. Grandma is wise. She sees what the sly fox does.
28. She catches the gingerbread man.
29. Grandma, Grandpa and the gingerbread man are happy.
30. They have cookies and tea.



Who says what? Read and match.

1 The gingerbread man



2 The sly fox



3 Grandma



4 cat



a

Yummy! Can I eat you?

b

You can't catch me.

c

Climb on my nose.

d

Let's go home.



Read and match.

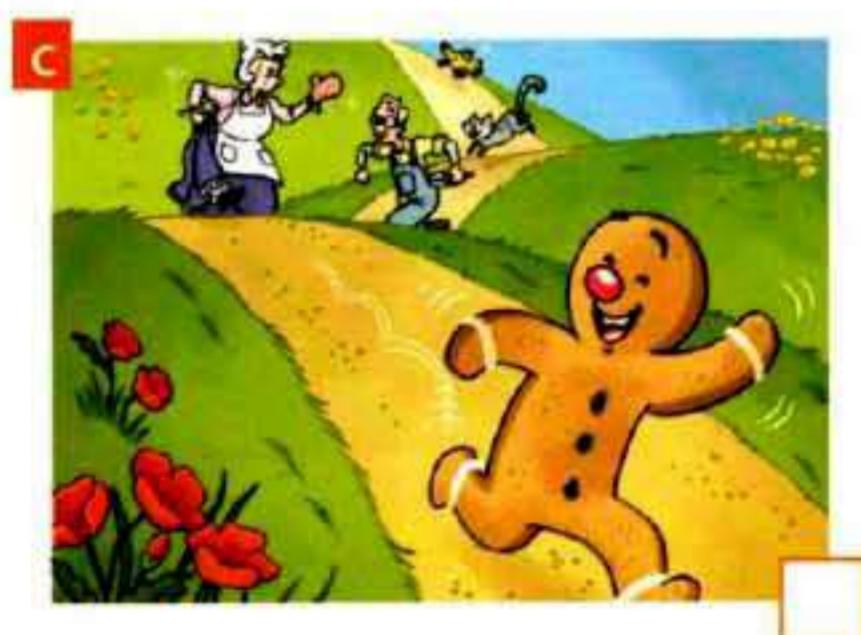
Who does the gingerbread man meet?

1. the cat
2. grandpa and grandma
3. the fox
4. the duckling

- a. first
- b. third
- c. fourth
- d. second



Rearrange the picture.



Look, read and choose.

1. If someone yells, they speak
(loudly - quietly - slowly)
2. The fox is sly. This means he
(is happy - has lots of ideas - is sick)
3. Grandma is wise. This means she's
(sad - old - clever)
4. The river is quiet. This means the river
(goes up - goes down - is not moving)



New
MY FRIEND

Journey

Connect Plus

Interactive Notebook

كتيب تفاعلي

2

Revision
Worksheets
Activities

First Term



Grammar

1

Present Simple
زمن المضارع البسيط

الضمائر

he/ she/ it

والاسم المفرد

I/ we/ you/ they

والاسم الجمع

Form

يتكون من

بإضافة s أو es

يضاف للفعل (es)

إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بـ

(o, x, ss, s, ch, sh)

بدون إضافات

(أى في المصدر)

He gets up early.

I get up early.

She gets up early.

We get up early.

It gets up early.

They get up early.

Ali/ Soha gets up early. You get up early.

النفي

doesn't

don't

ويأتي بعدها الفعل في المصدر

He doesn't get up early. You don't get up early.

السؤال

Does...? -

ويأتي بعدها الفاعل

ثم الفعل في المصدر

- Does...? -

ويأتي بعدها الفاعل

ثم الفعل في المصدر

Does he get up early? Do you get up early?

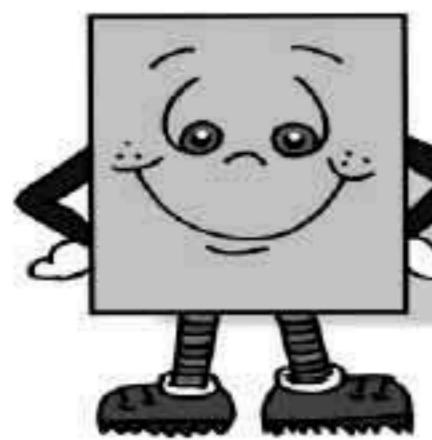
الإجابة على السؤال

Yes, does.

No, doesn't.

Yes, do.

No, don't.



Revision (1) based on Unit (1)

A. Match a part from (A) with the suitable part from (B).

(A)	(B)
1. Can I	a. like doing?
2. What's this?	b. have a sister?
3. What can	c. have six bananas?
4. Do you	d. It's a skirt.
	e. you see?

A. Match a part from (A) with the suitable part from (B).

(A)	(B)
1. It's time	a. soon.
2. Is this	b. thank you.
3. See you	c. for school.
4. I'm fine,	d. your bag?
	e. go home.

A. Match a part from (A) with the suitable part from (B).

(A)	(B)
1. I get up	a. curly hair.
2. I walk	b. past nine.
3. It's half	c. to school at seven o'clock.
4. Dalia has	d. has five grandchildren.
	e. at half past six.

B. Re-arrange the sentences/ questions.

1. cookies - I - like - some - would.

2. you - How - are?

3. 8 o'clock - have - I - at - breakfast.

4. school - play - after - tennis - I.

B. Re-arrange the sentences/ questions.

1. grandpa - My - is - tall.

2. is - She - the - piano - playing.

3. a - He - reading - is - book.

4. My - flying - is - kite.

C. Read and mark (✓) or (X).

Dalia is in seven. She is in grade two. Her mom has curly, brown hair. Her dad has short, black hair. Her grandma and grandpa have gray hair. Her grandpa is tall. Her grandma wears glasses. Her grandparents have five grandchildren.

1. Dalia's mom has curly, brown hair. ()
2. Her dad has long, black hair. ()
3. Dalia's grandma wears glasses. ()
4. Her grandparents have four grandchildren. ()

C. Read and mark (✓) or (X).

Adel has a small family. He lives with his mom, his dad and his baby sister. She is two. His grandparents are old. They live in a different city. They visit his grandparents every month. They go by car.

1. Adel lives with his grandparents. ()
2. Adel's baby sister is two years old. ()
3. Adel has a small family. ()
4. He goes to his grandparents by bus. ()

D. Complete the words.



7



_u_ly

m_mm_

d_

sev_

pi_n_

b_b_



20



h_r

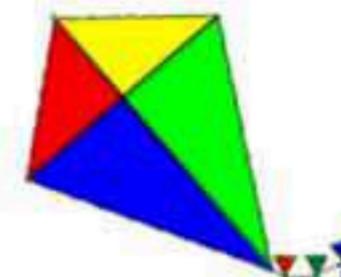
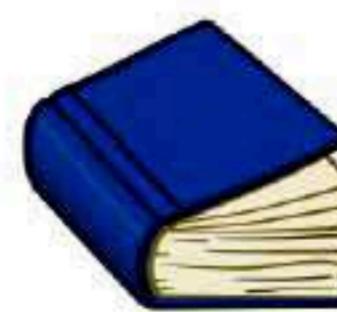
unc

b_k_

went

c_k_

fl_w_r



p_nci_

m_si_

bo_

k_e

h_u_e

s_st_e_

E. Underline the correct word(s) in brackets.

1. Do you get (at - up - under) at seven o'clock?
2. (**Bad - Good - Fast**) morning, Hany!
3. It's 2:30 pm. It's time to (fly - eat - go) home.
4. I eat my breakfast at half (to - past - pest) seven.
5. He (ride - rides - riding) his bike to school.
6. We (get - gets - getting) up at half past six.
7. (**Do - Does - Doing**) she have breakfast at night o'clock?
8. A. Does he eat lunch at 2:00? - B. No, he (**do - does - doesn't**).

E. Underline the correct word(s) in brackets.

1. Tamer is (**eating - riding - reading**) his bike.
2. Ali is playing the (**piano - breakfast - lunch**).
3. What is she (**do - does - doing**)?
4. I'm (**eating - listening - reading**) to music.
5. What (**is - has - can**) he doing?
6. Lions live in a group called a (**cub - pride - nest**).
7. Baby birds live in a (**test - vest - nest**).
8. Elephants live in a group called a (**hard - herd - hut**).

E. Underline the correct word(s) in brackets.

1. It's 2:30 pm. It's time to (**go - go to - going**) home.
2. (**How - What - Who**) are you? - I'm fine, thank you.
3. I get up (**in - at - on**) seven o'clock.
4. (**Do - Does - Are**) she have breakfast at eight o'clock?
5. These (**am - is - are**) my grandparents.
6. What are they (**do - does - doing**)?
7. The baby birds live in a (**nest - best - list**).
8. Animals have families (**to - two - too**).

F. Look at the pictures and write the missing parts.



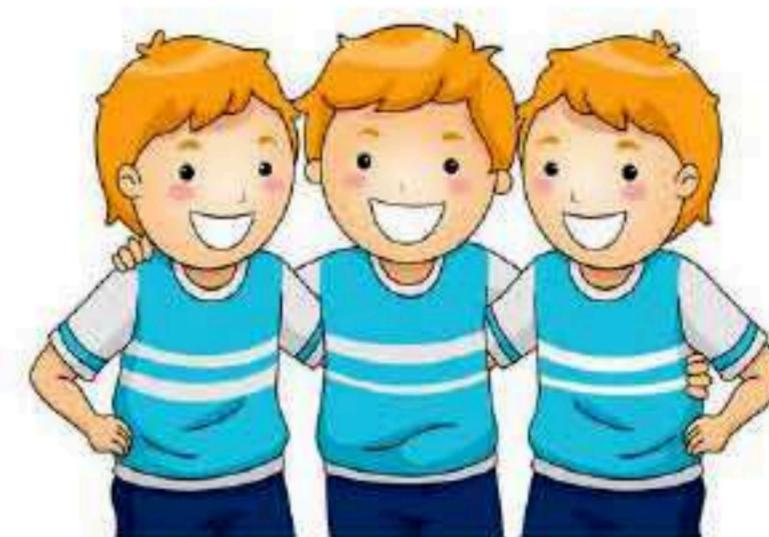
She is to music.



I'm a book.



These are my



These are my



It's



It's



He's playing



I have hair.